
UNIVERSITI SAINS MALAYSIA

Peperiksaan Semester Kedua
Sidang Akademik 2007/2008

April 2008

IWK 302 – Kejuruteraan Kayu
[Wood Engineering]

Masa : 3 jam
[Duration : 3 hours]

Sila pastikan bahawa kertas peperiksaan ini mengandungi EMPAT BELAS muka surat yang bercetak sebelum anda memulakan peperiksaan ini.

Jawab mana-mana **LIMA** soalan. Semua soalan boleh dijawab dalam Bahasa Malaysia ATAU Bahasa Inggeris.

[Please check that the examination paper consists of FOURTEEN pages of printed material before you begin this examination.]

*[Answer any **FIVE** questions. All questions can be answered either in Bahasa Malaysia OR English.]*

1. (a) Takrifkan keliatan seimbang dan keliatan hentaman. (5 markah)

(b) Berdasarkan hubungan Irwin-kies dan Rajah 1, tunjukkan bahawa kadar pembebasan tenaga terikan (G) adalah diberikan oleh

$$G = P_c / 2B(dC/da),$$

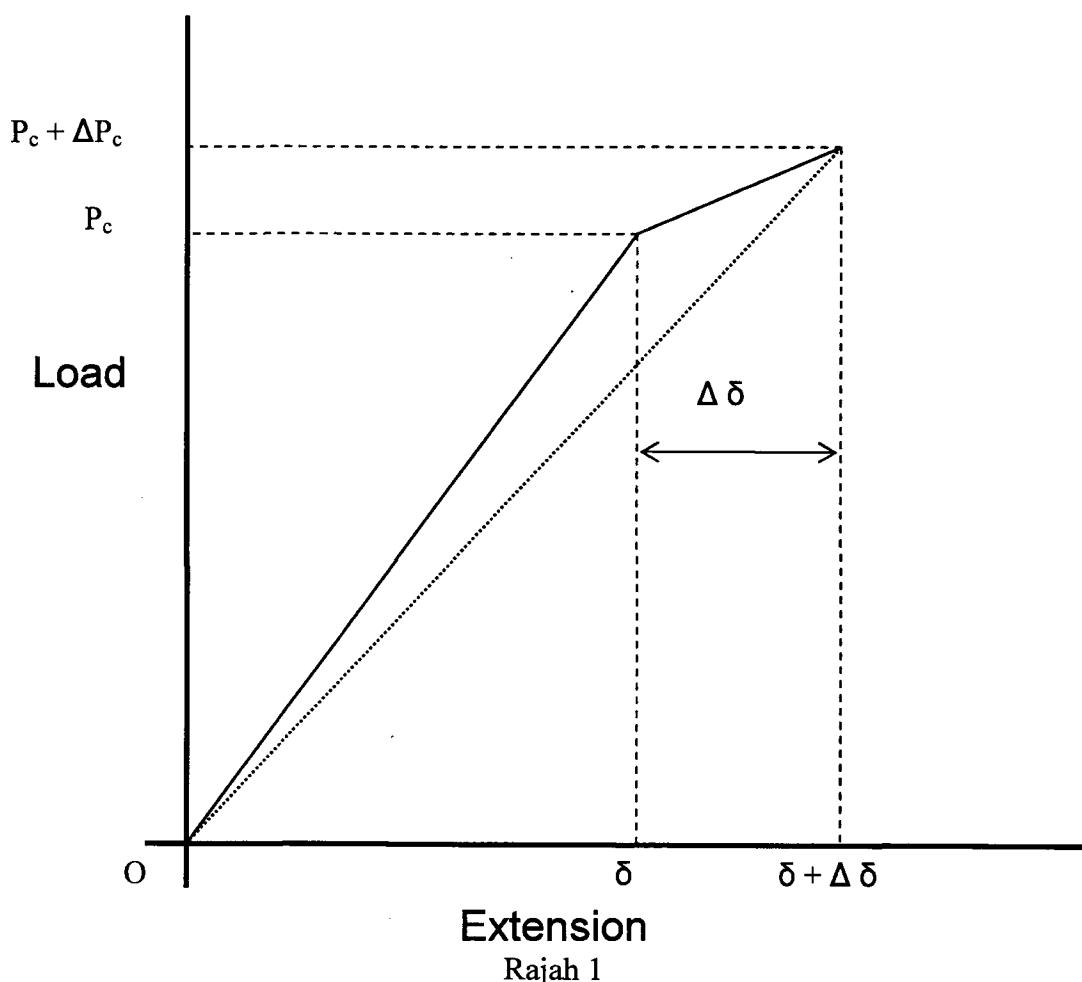
dengan

P_c = Beban rekahan

B = Ketebalan

C = Komplians

a = Panjang retak

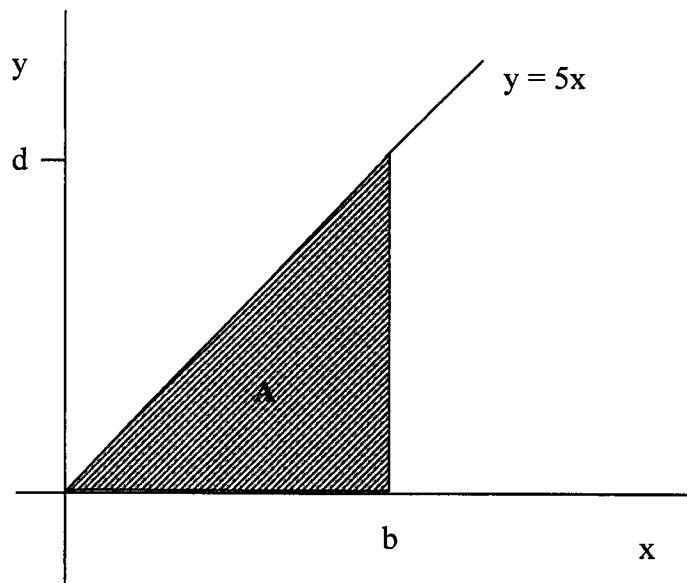


(15 markah)

3/-

2. (a) Untuk kawasan yang terlorek dalam Rajah 2, tentukan yang berikut dengan menggunakan kaedah pengamiran.

- (i) Keluasan kawasan terlorek, A
- (ii) Pusat bentuk
- (iii) Momen inersia terhadap paksi x, I_x

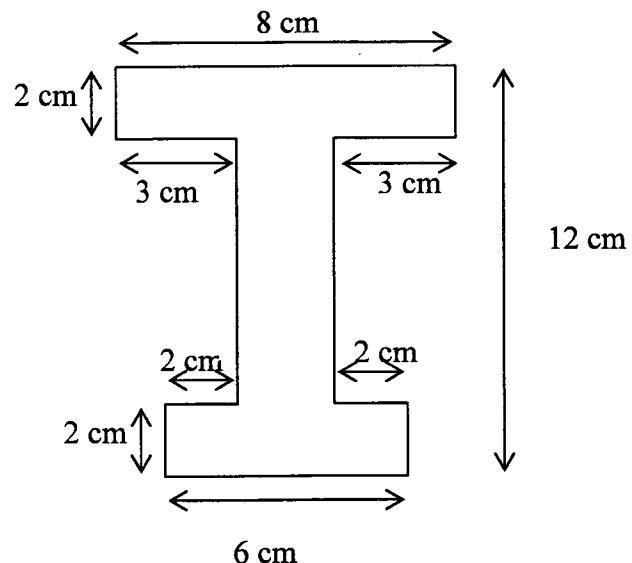


Rajah 2

(10 markah)

(b) Untuk rajah komposit yang ditunjukkan dalam Rajah 3, tentukan

- (i) Kordinat pusat bentuk
- (ii) Momen inersia terhadap paksi x, I_x .

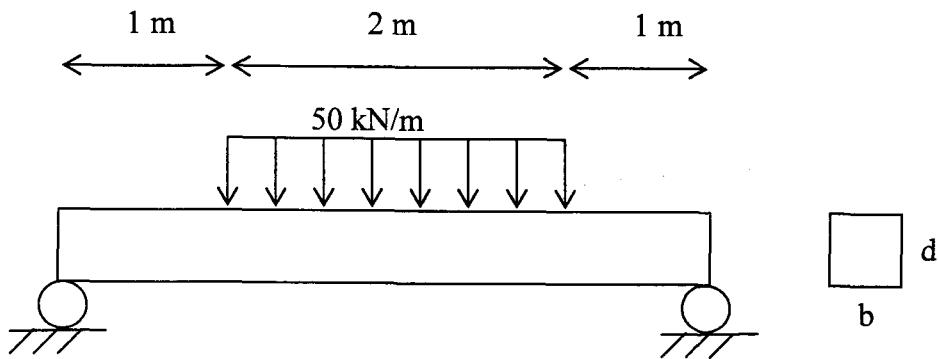


Rajah 3

(10 markah)

3. Suatu bim dibebankan dengan daya tertabur di bahagian tengahnya seperti yang ditunjukkan dalam Rajah 4 dan spesifikasi bim dalam seperti berikut

$$\begin{aligned} F_{bo} &= 8500 \text{ kN/m}^2 && (\text{tegasan lenturan izin}) \\ F_{vo} &= 750 \text{ kN/m}^2 && (\text{tegasan ricih izin}) \\ b &= 20 \text{ cm} && (\text{lebar bim}) \end{aligned}$$



Rajah 4

Tentukan kedalaman/ketebalan (d) minimum yang dibenarkan

(20 markah)

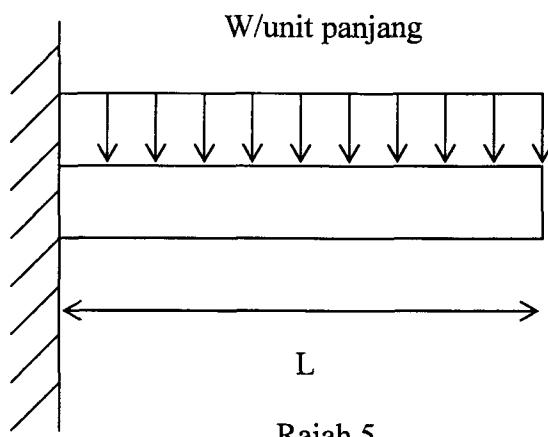
4. Suatu bim kantilever dibebankan seperti yang ditunjukkan dalam Rajah 5. Tunjukkan pesongan maksimum bim tersebut adalah bersamaan dengan $WL^4/8EI$, dengan;

W = Beban/ unit panjang

L = Panjang bim

E = Modulus kekenyalan

I = Moment inersia terhadap paksi neutral



(20 markah)

5. Suatu bim bumbung lurus yang diperbuat daripada kayu pejal mempunyai spesifikasi berikut;

C_d = 1.15 (factor tempoh masa pengenaan beban)

L = 20ft (panjang bim)

S = 2ft (jarak antara bim)

dl = 20Ibf/ft² (beban mati)

ll = 10 Ibf/ft² (beban hidup)

F_{bo} = 1500 Ibf/in² (tegasan lenturan izin)

F_{vo} = 750 Ibf/in² (tegasan ricih izin)

E = 1800000 Ibf/in² (modulus kekenyalan)

P_o = $L/180$ (pesongan izin)

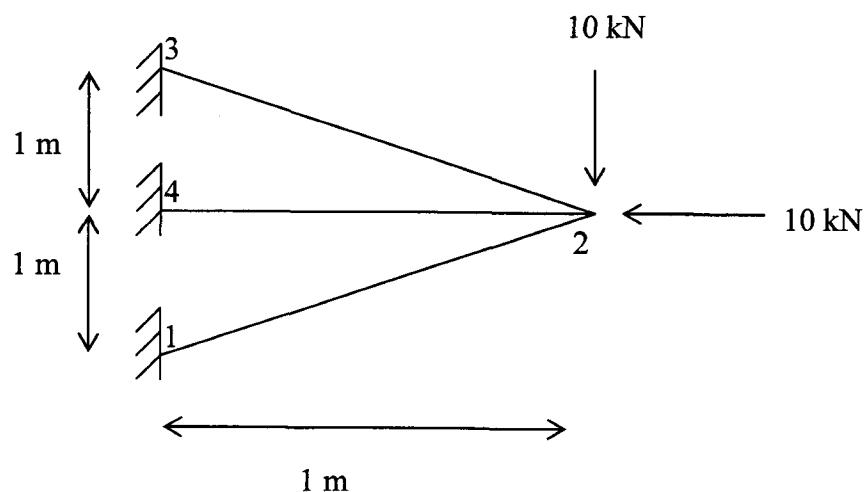
Uji kesesuaian keratan yang bersaiz 1.5 in x 9.25 in

(20 markah)

6. Suatu struktur dua dimensi dalam Rajah 6 dengan ukurannya diberikan dalam unit sebarang. Dengan menggunakan Kaedah Elemen Terhingga, tentukan

- (i) Sesaran setiap nod
- (ii) Daya tindak balas pada nod 1, 3 and 4
- (iii) Daya paksian setiap elemen

Elemen	E	A
12	1	1
23	1	1
24	1	1



Rajah 6

(20 markah)

Senarai formula

Z	= $bd^2/6$ (modulus keratan)
I	= $bd^3/12$ (momen inertial)
L_e	= $L - 2d$ (panjang berkesan)
V	= $wL_e/2$ (tegasan ricih maksimum)
M	= $wL^2/8$ (momen lenturan maksimum)
F_b	= M/Z (tegasan lenturan sebenar)
F_v	= $3V/2A$ (tegasan ricih sebenar)
P	= $5wL^4/384EI$ (pesongan sebenar)
C_f	= $(12/d)^{1/9}$ (faktor saiz)
C_c	= $1 - 2000(t/R)^2$ (faktor lengkukan)
F_r	= $3M/2R_mA$ (tegasan jejarian sebenar)

1. (a) Define equilibrium toughness and impact toughness.
(5 marks)
- (b) Based on Irwin-kies Relationship and Figure 1, indicate that strain energy release rate (G) is

$$G = P_c / 2B(dC/da),$$

where

- P_c = Crack load
- B = Thickness
- C = Compliance
- a = Crack length

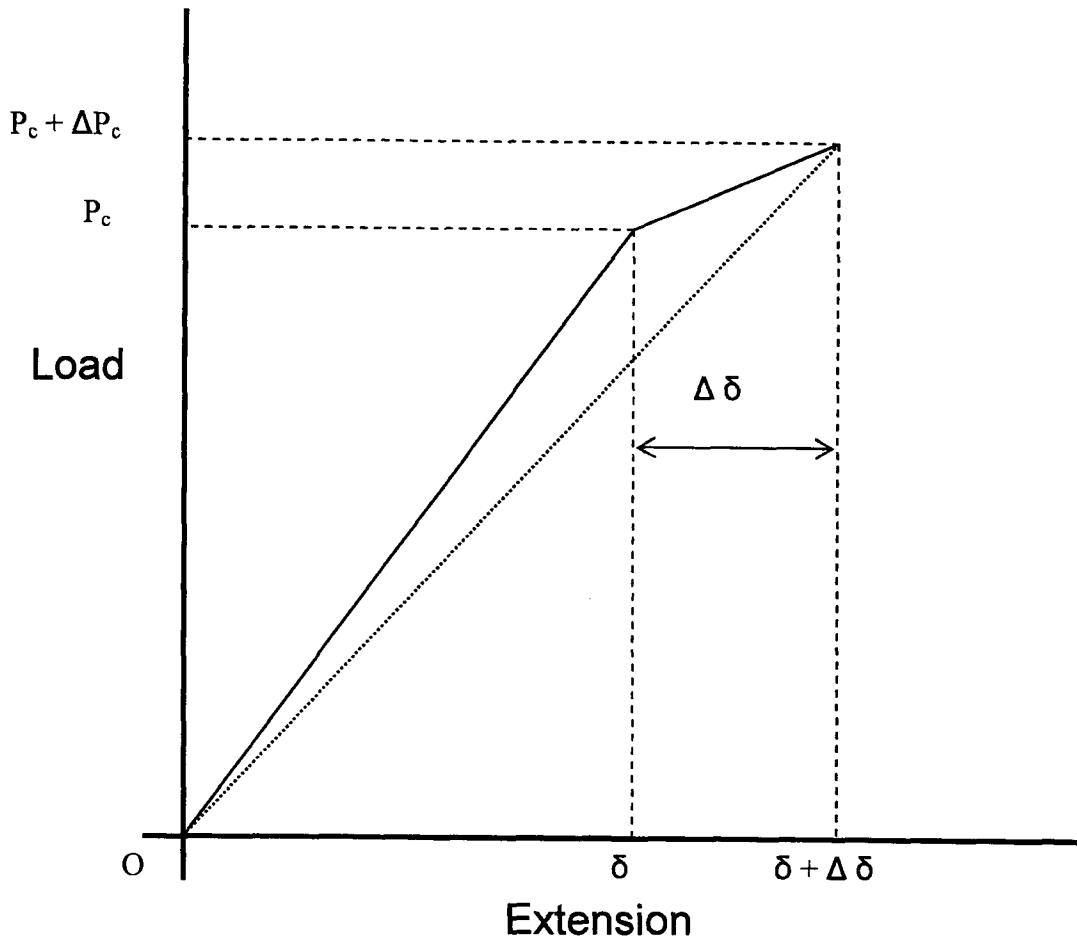
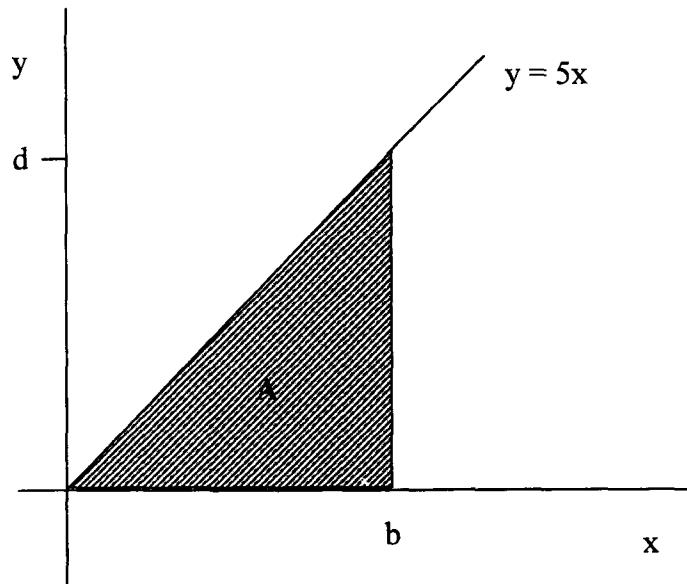


Figure 1

(15 marks)

2. (a) For Figure 2, determine the following using integration method.

- (i) the area, A
- (ii) the centroid
- (iii) the moment of inertia, I_x



(10 marks)

(b) For the composite area shown in Figure 3, determine

- (i) the coordinate of the centroid
- (ii) the moment of inertia with respect to the x-axis, I_x

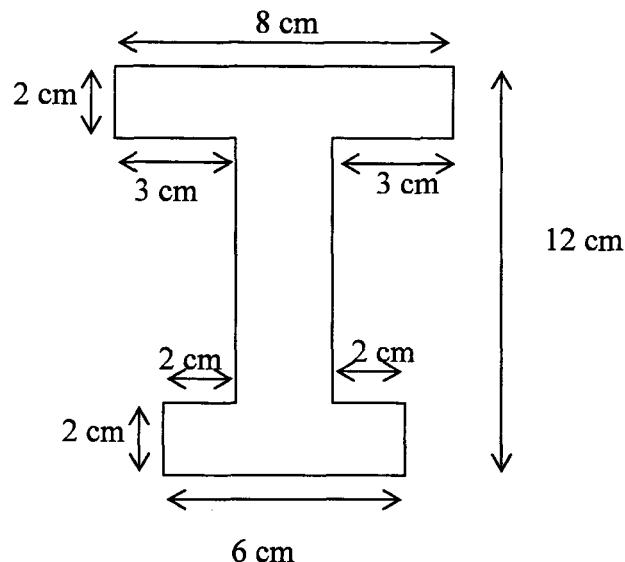


Figure 3

(10 marks)

3. A beam is loaded by a distributed force at its center as shown in Figure 4, the specifications of the beam are as follow;

$$F_{bo} = 8500 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$F_{vo} = 750 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$b = 20 \text{ cm}$$

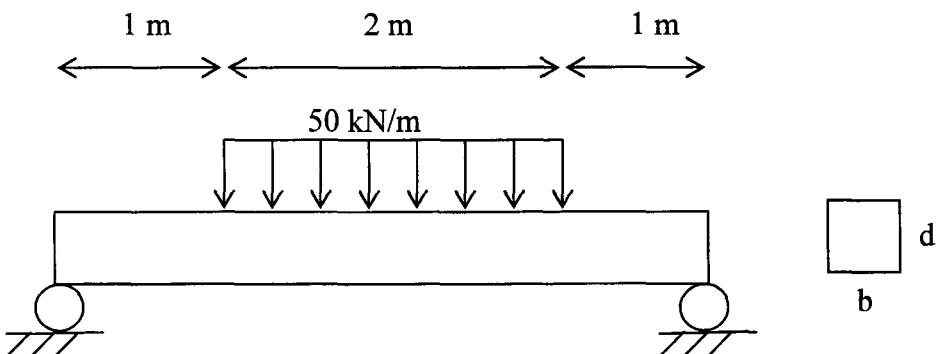


Figure 4

Determine the allowable minimum depth (d)

(20 marks)

4. A cantilever beam is loaded as shown in Figure 5. Indicate that the maximum deflection is $WL^4/8EI$, where;

W = load/ per unit length

L = length of the beam

E = modulus of elasticity

I = moment of inertia computed about the neutral axis

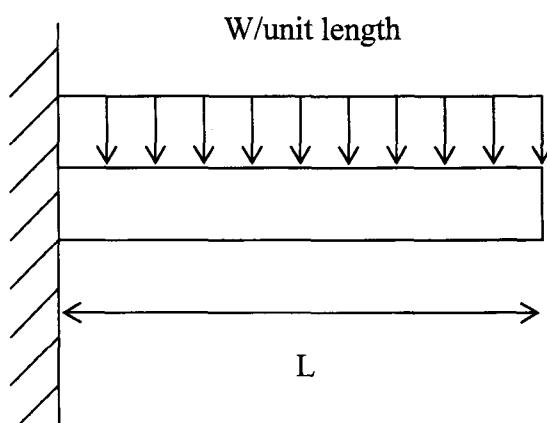


Figure 5

(20 marks)

...13/-

5. A roof made of solid wood has the following specifications;

C_d	= 1.15 (load duration factor)
L	= 20ft (length of the beam)
S	= 2ft (space between beams)
dl	= 20 lbf/ft ² (dead load)
ll	= 10 lbf/ft ² (live load)
F_{bo}	= 1500 lbf/in ² (allowable bending stress)
F_{vo}	= 750 lbf/in ² (allowable shear stress)
E	= 1800000 lbf/in ² (modulus of elasticity)
P_o	= $L/180$ (allowable deflection)

Test the suitability of a section with size 1.5 in x 9.25 in.

(20 marks)

6. A two dimensional structure in Figure 6 has dimensions in arbitrary units. Using Finite Element Method, determine
 (a) the displacement of each node
 (b) the reaction force at node 1, 3 and 4
 (c) the axial force in each element

Element	E	A
12	1	1
23	1	1
24	1	1

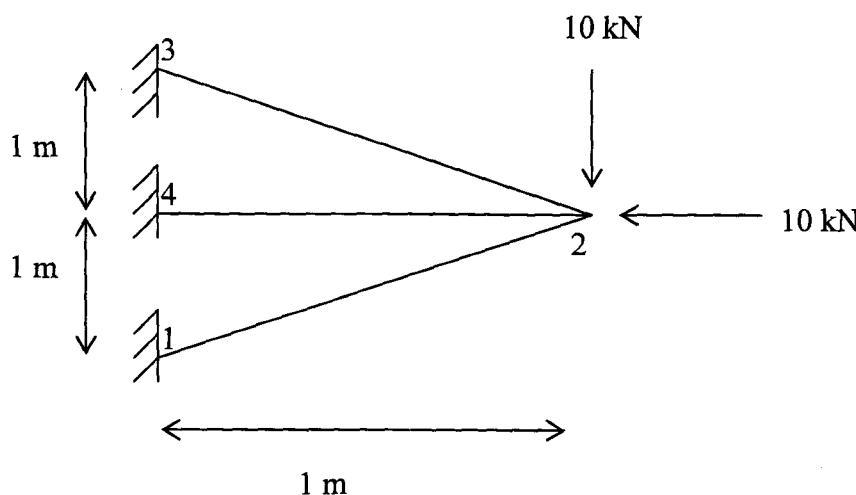


Figure 6

(20 marks)
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List of formulations

Z	$= bd^2/6$ (<i>section modulus</i>)
I	$= bd^3/12$ (<i>moment of inertia</i>)
L_e	$= L - 2d$ (<i>effective length</i>)
V	$= wL_e/2$ (<i>maximum shear force</i>)
M	$= wL^2/8$ (<i>maximum bending moment</i>)
F_b	$= M/Z$ (<i>actual bending stress</i>)
F_v	$= 3V/2A$ (<i>actual shear stress</i>)
P	$= 5wL^4/384EI$ (<i>actual deflection</i>)
C_f	$= (12/d)^{1/9}$ (<i>size factor</i>)
C_c	$= 1 - 2000(t/R)^2$ (<i>curve factor</i>)
F_r	$= 3M/2R_mA$ (<i>actual radius stress</i>)