

# First Semester Examination 2023/2024 Academic Session

February 2024

#### **ESA225 – Strength of Materials**

Duration: 3 hours

Please check that this examination paper consists of <u>SIX</u> (6) pages of printed material before you begin the examination.

Instructions: Answer FOUR (4) questions. All questions are COMPULSORY.

- A solid constant-diameter shaft is subjected to the torques shown in Figure 1.
  The bearings shown allow the shaft to turn freely.
  - (a). **Plot** a torque diagram showing the internal torque in segments 1, 2 and 3 of the shaft. Use the sign convention.

(7 marks)

(b). If a solid 1.905 cm diameter shaft is subjected to that particular torque. **Determine** the maximum shear stress magnitude in the shaft.

(9 marks)

(c). If the allowable shear stress in the shaft is 80 MPa, **determine** the minimum acceptable diameter for the shaft.

(9 marks)

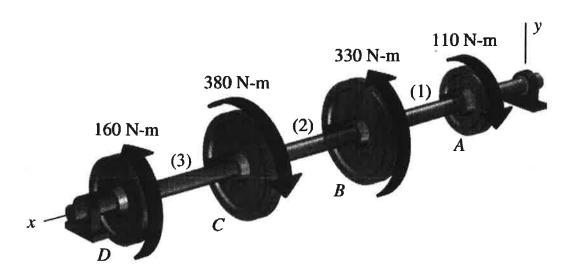


Figure 1

2. The beam is bolted or pinned on left hand side and supported by a roller on the right hand side. A uniform distributed loading exerted on the beam over its 6-m length. The simply supported beam in **Figure 2** has the cross-sectional area shown in **Figure 3**.

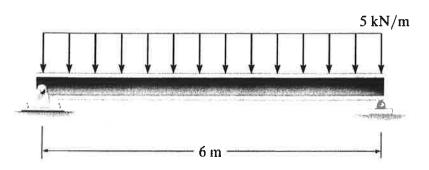


Figure 2

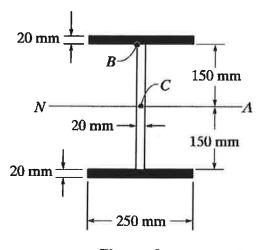


Figure 3

(a). **Draw** the shear and moment diagrams for the beam shown in **Figure 2**. **Find** the maximum internal moment in the beam.

(10 marks)

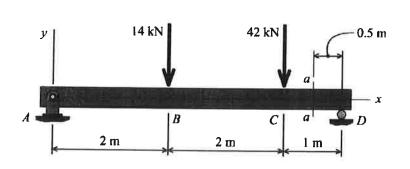
(b). **Determine** the absolute maximum bending stress in the beam and **draw** the stress distribution over the cross-section at this location.

(10 marks)

(c). Calculate the stress at point B?

(5 marks)

...4/-<u>SULIT</u> 3. A 5 m long simply supported timber beam carries two concentrated loads of 14 kN and 42 kN, as shown in **Figure 4(a)**. The cross-sectional dimensions of the beam are shown in **Figure 4(b)**.



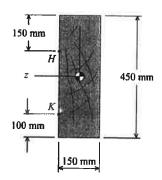


Figure 4(a)

Figure 4(b)

(a). **Draw** the shear force and bending moment diagrams for the beam shown in **Figure 4(a)**.

(10 marks)

(b). At section a–a, **compute** the magnitude of the shear stress in the beam at point H.

(3 marks)

(c). At section a–a **compute** the magnitude of the shear stress in the beam at point K.

(3 marks)

(d). **Determine** the maximum horizontal shear stress that occurs in the beam at any location within the 5 m span length.

(4 marks)

(e). **Solve** the maximum compression bending stress that occurs in the beam at any location within the 5 m span length.

(5 marks)

4. The frame as shown in **Figure 5** is subjected to a combined load of 400 N horizontal force and 350 Nm couple moment.

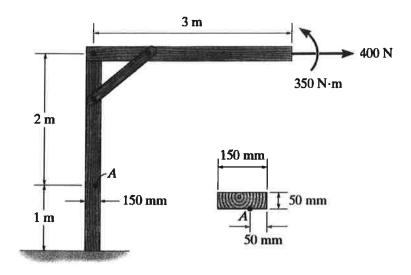


Figure 5

- (a). With the help from free body diagram, calculate the moment at point A. (5 marks)
- (b). **Determine** the principal stresses at point A.

(8 marks)

(c). Based on question 4(b), **sketch** the stress element.

(2 marks)

(d). From the stress element, **construct** the Mohr's circle and **determine** the absolute maximum shear stress at point A.

(10 marks)

### **APPENDIX**

## Formula table

$\delta_T = L\alpha(\Delta T)$	$\delta = \frac{PL}{EA}$	
$\sigma = \frac{P}{A}$	$\sigma = \frac{My}{I}$	$I = \frac{1}{12}bh^3$
$\tau = \frac{Tc}{J}$	$\Phi = \frac{PL}{JG}$	$J = \frac{\pi}{32} d^4$
$\tau = \frac{VQ}{It}$	$\bar{y} = \frac{\sum \tilde{y}A}{\sum A}$	$Q = \bar{y}'A'$
$\sigma_{avg} = \frac{\sigma_x + \sigma_z}{2}$	$\tau_{abs(max)} = \frac{\tau_{Max} - \tau_{min}}{2}$	$I_{x'} = \sum \left( \bar{I} + A d^2 \right)$

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