

QUESTION 1 (COMPULSORY)

1. What are the problems a business might encounter if they have to rely on a non-empirical model to estimate demand? [25 marks]

2. What are the pros and cons of using forecasting and regression methods in forecasting? [15 marks]

UNIVERSITI SAINS MALAYSIA

Second Semester Examination
Academic Session 2000/2001

February/March 2001

AMP 348 - Retailing

Time : 3 hours

INSTRUCTIONS

Please make sure that this examination paper contains of **TWO** printed pages before you begin.

Answer only **FOUR** questions. Question No. 1 is **COMPULSORY** and choose any other **THREE (3)** questions.

Question 1 (COMPULSORY)

- a) What are the problems a retailer might encounter if they have to rely on a non-optimum retail location?
[25 marks]
- b) What are the problems faced in employing checklist and regression methods in determining a location for a retail store? Discuss.
[15 marks]

Question 2

Define GIS? How do retailers go about employing GIS in their organisations?
[20 marks]

Question 3

List 5 customer service activities that could be employed by a bank officer in attracting more customers? Provide an example of the organization and product in your answer.
[20 marks]

Question 4

Define planogram. How does it support retailers in increasing the sales volume? Provide an example of the organization and product in your answer.
[20 marks]

Question 5

When and why mark-down is needed to be practised by a retailer?
[20 marks]

Question 6

Discuss the advantages for a retailer to have a virtual store.
[20 marks]

Soalan 1 (WAJIB)

- a) Bincangkan masalah yang bakal dihadapi oleh peruncit sekiranya beliau terpaksa bergantung kepada lokasi kedai yang tidak optimum? [25 markah]
- b) Bincangkan pemasalahan penggunaan kaedah “checklist” dan regresi dalam menentukan sesuatu lokasi kedai runcit. [15 markah]

Soalan 2

Apakah yang dimaksudkan dengan “GIS”? Bagaimanakah GIS digunakan dalam sektor peruncitan? [20 markah]

Soalan 3

Senaraikan 5 contoh aktiviti perkhidmatan pelanggan yang dapat diamalkan oleh seseorang pegawai bank untuk menarik lebih ramai pelanggan. Berikan contoh organisasi serta produk dalam jawapan anda. [20 markah]

Soalan 4

Apakah yang dimaksudkan dengan “planogram”? Bagaimanakah ia dapat membantu seseorang peruncit dalam mempertingkatkan jualan barangan? Nyatakan contoh organisasi serta produk dalam jawapan anda. [20 markah]

Soalan 5

Bila dan kenapakah “mark-down” perlu dipraktikan oleh seseorang peruncit? [20 markah]

Soalan 6

Bincangkan kelebihan kedai virtual bagi seseorang pengusaha kedai runcit. [20 markah]

