

**ULTRASONOGRAPHY FINDINGS IN
RETINOPATHY OF PREMATURITY**

– A PILOT STUDY

BY

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ABSTRAK

Objektif:

1. Penghuraian mengenai tanda-tanda fundus mengikut peringkat ROP yang berlainan.
2. Penentuan tanda-tanda ultrasonographic B-scan di peringkat ROP yang berlainan.
3. Penentuan hubungan antara tanda-tanda klinikal fundus dan tanda-tanda ultrasonographic B-scan di peringkat ROP yang berlainan.

Bentuk kajian: Kajian berasaskan deskriptif “kajian rentang”.

Metodologi:

Sebanyak 90 mata daripada 47 pesakit yang mempunyai pelbagai peringkat ROP telah terpilih dalam kajian ini. Diagnosis ROP telah ditentukan dengan pemeriksaan oftalmoskopi. Selepas ini, pemeriksaan ultrasound akan dijalankan dalam tempoh 2 hari and diagnosis klinikal adalah tidak diketahui. Semasa pemeriksaan, mata subjek adalah tertutup dan diberi setitis ubat anestetik, seterusnya diperiksa dengan alat ultrasound 10 MHz. Dua belas meridian gambar yang mengikut posisi arah jam telah diambil untuk setiap mata. Gambar-gambar tersebut telah menjalani penganalisan and pengenalpastian tanda-tanda perubahan ultrasound di setiap peringkat ROP.

Keputusan:

Kajian ini terdapat seramai 37 mata di peringkat 1, 29 mata di peringkat 2, 18 mata di peringkat 3, 3 mata di peringkat 4 dan 5 masing-masing. Semua peringkat ROP telah dikaji dengan menggunakan ultrasound. Terdapat 91.9% mata peringkat 1 mempunyai tanda negatif, 9.1% mata peringkat 1 menunjukkan perubahan ultrasound peringkat 2. Pada peringkat 2, terdapat 58.6% mata menunjukkan perubahan ultrasound “shallow retinal thickening and ridge” , 41.4% mata peringkat 2 mempunyai tanda negative. 66.7% mata peringkat 3 menunjukkan perubahan ultrasound “broad retinal thickening and giant ridge” , 5.5% mata peringkat 3 menunjukkan perubahan ultrasound peringkat 2 dan 27.8% mempunyai tanda negatif. Pengenalpastian ultrasound semua mata pada peringkat 4 dan 5 adalah baik. Hubung-kait perubahan klinikal dan perubahan ultrasound adalah kuat untuk semua peringkat ROP (Pearson $R = 0.83$, $p < 0.001$).

Kesimpulan:

Ciri-ciri ultrasound ROP boleh digunakan untuk mengenal-pasti peringkat 3 dan ke atas. Peringkat 1 ROP mempunyai tanda ultrasound yang negatif. Hubung-kait yang tinggi antara perubahan klinikal dan perubahan ultrasound pada semua peringkat ROP.

ABSTRACT

Objective:

1. To describe the fundus findings in different stages of ROP.
2. To determine the ultrasonographic B-scan findings in different stages of ROP.
3. To determine the association between clinical fundus findings and ultrasonographic B-scan findings in different stages of ROP.

Design:

Descriptive cross sectional study.

Methodology:

A total of 90 eyes of 47 patients with different stages of ROP were recruited in this study. All patients' clinical diagnosis was established by ophthalmoscopic examination. The ultrasound examinations were performed within 2 days of ophthalmoscopic examination and clinical diagnosis was masked. All eyes were examined with 10 MHz ultrasound system with eye closed with instillation a drop of topical anaesthetic. A total of 12 meridians (position according to clock hour) images of each eye were taken. The images were analyzed and identified of different ultrasonic features indicative of ROP stages.

Results:

In this study, 37 eyes in Stage 1, 29 eyes in Stage 2, 18 eyes in Stage 3 and 3 eyes in Stage 4 and 5 respectively were recruited. All ultrasonography stages of ROP were studied. 91.1% of Stage 1 has negative sign. 3 eyes (9.1%) at stage 1 has stage 2 ultrasound findings. In Stage 2, 58.6% of eyes have ultrasound findings of “shallow retinal thickening and ridge” and 41.4% of eyes have negative sign. 66.7% of eyes at stage 3 showed “broad retinal thickening and giant ridge”, 5.5% of stage 3 showed stage 2 ultrasound signs and 27.8% of stage 3 has negative sign. All eyes at stage 4 and 5 have an excellent ultrasonographic detection. The clinical findings were strongly correlated to ultrasound findings of all five stages in our study (Pearson $R = 0.83$, $p < 0.001$).

Conclusion:

Ultrasonography features in ROP are readily detected and described especially in Stage 3 ROP and above. Stage 1 ROP showed negative sign of ultrasound. There is high degree of correlation between the clinical features and ultrasonography features at all stages.