
UNIVERSITI SAINS MALAYSIA

Second Semester Examination
Academic Session 2003/2004

February/March 2004

ZGT 374E/3 - Remote Sensing
[Penderiaan Jauh]

Duration: 3 hours
[Masa: 3 jam]

Please check that the examination paper consists of **THREE** pages of printed material before you begin the examination.

*[Sila pastikan bahawa kertas peperiksaan ini mengandungi **TIGA** muka surat yang bercetak sebelum anda memulakan peperiksaan ini.]*

Instruction: Answer all **FOUR (4)** questions. Students are allowed to answer all questions in Bahasa Malaysia or in English.

Arahan: Jawab kesemua **EMPAT** soalan. Pelajar dibenarkan menjawab semua soalan sama ada dalam Bahasa Malaysia atau Bahasa Inggeris.]

1. (a) Describe the cause and effects of Rayleigh scatter and non-selective scatter.
Perihalkan punca dan kesan bagi penyerakan Rayleigh dan penyerakan tak memilih.
(25/100)
- (b) Write a short note describing how spatial resolution, spectral resolution and radiometric resolution are interrelated.
Tulis nota ringkas tentang kaitan diantara peleraian-peleraian ruang, spektrum dan radiometri.
(25/100)
- (c) Identify and describe the advantages of multispectral scanner data over photography.
Huraikan tentang kelebihan-kelebihan data pengimbas multispektrum mengatasi fotografi.
(25/100)
- (d) Describe the operating principles of across-track multispectral scanner.
Perihalkan prinsip operasi pengimbas multispektrum merentas trak.
(25/100)
2. (a) Write a short note describing how vertical aerial photographs are taken.
Tuliskan nota bagaimana fotograf udara tegak diambil.
(25/100)
- (b) A vertical aerial photograph shows two features to be separated by 4.5 in. A map of 1:24,000 shows the same two features to be separated by 9.3 in. Calculate the scale of the photograph.
Fotograf udara tegak menunjukkan dua corak terpisah dengan jarak 4.5 inci. Peta yang berskala 1:24,000 menunjukkan corak yang sama tersebut terpisah pada 9.3 inci. Hitung skala fotograf tersebut.
(25/100)
- (c) Describe the interaction of thermal radiation with terrain elements.
Perihalkan saling tindakan sinaran terma dengan unsur-unsur teren.
(25/100)
- (d) Explain the importance of ground control for remote sensing.
Jelaskan kegunaan kawalan bumi untuk penderiaan jauh.
(25/100)

3. (a) Describe the difference between supervised and unsupervised classifications.
[(a) *Perihalkan perbezaan diantara pengelasan terselia dan tak-terselia.*] (25/100)
- (b) Write a short note on hyperspectral sensing.
[(b) *Tuliskan nota tentang penderiaan hiperspektrum.*] (25/100)
- (c) Describe the earth surface feature characteristics influencing radar returns.
[(c) *Perihalkan ciri-ciri corak permukaan bumi yang mempengaruhi kembalian radar.*] (25/100)
- (d) Explain the processing steps for geometric correction of digital images.
[(d) *Jelaskan langkah-langkah pemprosesan untuk pembetulan geometri imej digit.*] (25/100)
4. Explain the used of the Remote Sensing Method in the following field:
[*Jelaskan kegunaan Kaedah Penderiaan Jauh di dalam bidang berikut:*]
- (a) Meteorology
[(a) *Meteorologi*] (40/100)
- (b) Geology
[(b) *Geologi*] (30/100)
- (c) Oceanography
[(c) *Oseanografi*] (30/100)