



Final Examination  
2017/2018 Academic Session

May/June 2018

**JIF320 – Electricity and Magnetism**  
**[Keelektrikan dan Kemagnetan]**

Duration : 3 hours  
[Masa : 3 jam]

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Please ensure that this examination paper contains **EIGHT** printed pages before you begin the examination.

Answer **ALL** questions. You may answer **either** in Bahasa Malaysia or in English.

Read the instructions carefully before answering.

Each question carries 20 marks.

In the event of any discrepancies in the exam questions, the English version shall be used.

*Sila pastikan kertas peperiksaan ini mengandungi **LAPAN** muka surat yang bercetak sebelum anda menjawab sebarang soalan.*

*Jawab **SEMUA** soalan. Anda dibenarkan menjawab soalan **sama ada** dalam Bahasa Malaysia atau Bahasa Inggeris.*

*Baca setiap arahan dengan teliti sebelum menjawab.*

*Setiap soalan diperuntukkan 20 markah.*

*Sekiranya terdapat sebarang percanggahan pada soalan peperiksaan, versi Bahasa Inggeris hendaklah diguna pakai.*

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**Constants:**

Universal gravitational constant  $G = 6.67 \times 10^{-11} \text{ N m}^2 \text{ kg}^{-2}$

$1 \text{ Pa} = 1 \text{ N m}^{-2}$

$1 \text{ atm} = 1.013 \times 10^5 \text{ Pa}$

Molar gas constant  $R = 8.31 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$

Permeability constant  $\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ wb A}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-1}$  (or  $\text{H m}^{-1}$ )

Permittivity constant  $\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ F m}^{-1}$

Planck's constant  $h = 6.6 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J s}$

$c = 3 \times 10^8 \text{ m s}^{-1}$

$1 \text{ eV} = 1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$

Electron rest-mass  $m_e = 9.11 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$

Mass of proton = 1.007276 amu

Mass of neutron = 1.008665 amu

Avogadro's number =  $6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ mol}^{-1}$

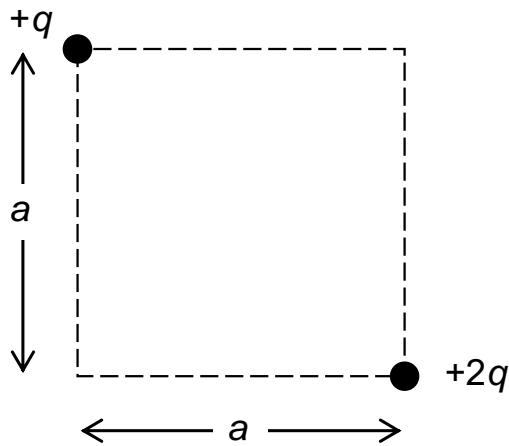
$1 \text{ amu} = 1.66 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg} = 931 \text{ MeV}$

- 3 -

1. (a). Write down the equation of the Coulomb's force acting on one of two point charges,  $q_1$  and  $q_2$  in vector form. Interpret the meaning of the subscripts of the vectors and the unit vectors.

(8 marks)

- (b). Figure 1 shows two point charges at the corners of a square. Given that  $q = 1.0 \times 10^{-8}$  C and  $a = 5.0$  cm.



**Figure 1**

Find the

- (i). magnitude and the direction of the force acting on the point charge  $+q$ ,
- (ii). magnitude and the direction of the electric field at the center of the square.

(12 marks)

- 4 -

2. (a). Explain the Gauss' law with the help of equations and suitable diagrams.

(8 marks)

- (b). A thin metallic sphere has a radius  $a$  and is carrying charge  $q_a$ . An identical concentric sphere has a radius  $b$  ( $b > a$ ) and is carrying charge  $q_b$ . Use Gauss' Law to determine the electric field  $E$  at the radial points  $r$  where

(i).  $r < a$ ,

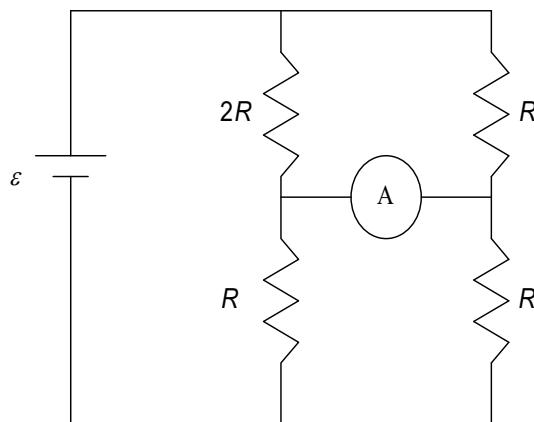
(ii).  $a < r < b$ .

(12 marks)

3. (a). Define Kirchoff's Laws.

(6 marks)

- (b). Determine the current passing through the resistor  $2R$  in terms of  $\varepsilon$  and  $R$  as shown in Figure 2. Assume the ammeter A has no internal resistance.



**Figure 2**

(14 marks)

...5/-

- 5 -

4. (a). Explain Ampere's Law. Write down the Ampere's Law equation for an infinite long conductor wire and explain the meaning of the symbols used.

(6 marks)

- (b). Prove that for unit vectors.

(i).  $\hat{i} \cdot \hat{i} = \hat{j} \cdot \hat{j} = \hat{k} \cdot \hat{k} = 1$

(ii).  $\hat{i} \times \hat{i} = \hat{j} \times \hat{j} = \hat{k} \times \hat{k} = 0$

(14 marks)

5. (a). Lenz's law is stated as: "The direction of an induced current is such as to oppose the cause producing it." Using proper diagrams, clarify what it means.

(8 marks)

- (b). A coil has an inductance of 53 mH and a resistance of 0.35 Ω.

(i). What is the inductive time constant of the coil?

(ii). If a 12 V emf is applied across the coil, how much energy is stored in the magnetic field after the current has reached equilibrium value?

(iii). After how many time constants will half of this equilibrium energy be stored in the magnetic field?

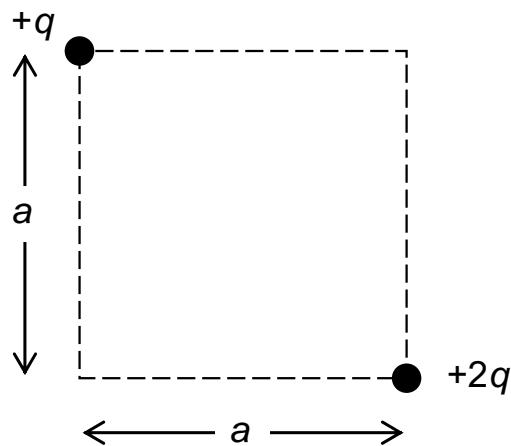
(12 marks)

- 6 -

1. (a). Tuliskan persamaan daya Coulomb yang bertindak pada salah satu daripada dua cas titik,  $q_1$  dan  $q_2$  dalam bentuk vektor. Jelaskan maksud subskrip vektor dan subskrip vektor unit.

(8 markah)

- (b). Rajah 1 menunjukkan dua cas titik pada penjuru suatu segiempat sama. Diberikan  $q = 1.0 \times 10^{-8} \text{ C}$  dan  $a = 5.0 \text{ cm}$ .



**Rajah 1**

Tentukan

- (i). magnitud dan arah daya yang bertindak pada cas titik  $+q$ ,  
(ii). magnitud dan arah medan elektrik di pusat segiempat tersebut.

(12 markah)

- 7 -

2. (a). Jelaskan hukum Gauss dengan bantuan persamaan-persamaan dan rajah yang sesuai.

(8 markah)

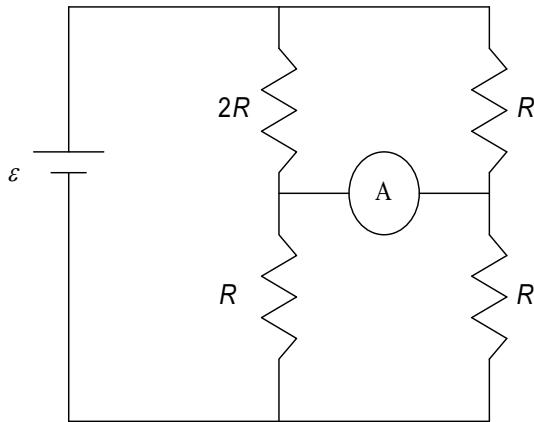
- (b). Suatu sfera logam nipis mempunyai jejari  $a$  dan membawa cas  $q_a$ . Suatu sfera sepusat seiras mempunyai jejari  $b$  ( $b > a$ ) dan membawa cas  $q_b$ . Gunakan hukum Gauss untuk menentukan medan elektrik  $E$  pada titik-titik jejarian  $r$  berikut  
(i).  $r < a$ ,  
(ii).  $a < r < b$ .

(12 markah)

3. (a). Takrifkan hukum Kirchoff.

(6 markah)

- (b). Tentukan arus yang melalui perintang  $2R$  dalam sebutan  $\varepsilon$  dan  $R$  seperti yang ditunjukkan pada Rajah 2. Andaikan ammeter  $A$  tidak mempunyai rintangan dalaman.



**Rajah 2**

(14 markah)

- 8 -

4. (a). Jelaskan hukum Ampere. Tuliskan persamaan hukum Ampere bagi suatu dawai konduktor panjang tak terhingga dan jelaskan maksud simbol-simbol yang digunakan.

(6 markah)

- (b). Buktikan bahawa bagi vektor unit.

(i).  $\hat{i} \cdot \hat{i} = \hat{j} \cdot \hat{j} = \hat{k} \cdot \hat{k} = 1$

(ii).  $\hat{i} \times \hat{i} = \hat{j} \times \hat{j} = \hat{k} \times \hat{k} = 0$

(14 markah)

5. (a). Hukum Lenz dinyatakan sebagai: "Arah arus teraruh adalah sedemikian ia menentang asbab yang menghasilkannya." Dengan menggunakan gambar rajah yang sesuai, jelaskan maksud pernyataan ini.

(8 markah)

- (b). Satu gelung mempunyai induktans 53 mH dan rintangan 0.35  $\Omega$ .

(i). Tentukan pemalar masa induktif bagi gelung?

(ii). Jika 12 V emf disambungkan ke gelung, berapakah tenaga disimpan dalam medan magnet selepas arus mencapai nilai keseimbangan?

(iii). Selepas berapa pemalar masa, separuh daripada keseimbangan tenaga disimpan dalam medan magnet?

(12 markah)