

Effect of Graphite Particle Size on Structural and Morphological Characteristics of Carbon Nanotubes Grown by Microwave Oven

Natheer A. Algadri^{1,a*}, Z. Hassan^{2,b}, K. Ibrahim^{2,c} and M. Bououdina^{3,d}

¹ School of Physics, Universiti Sains Malaysia, 11800 Penang, Malaysia.

² Institute of Nano Optoelectronics Research and Technology (INOR), Universiti Sains Malaysia, 11800 Penang, Malaysia.

³ Department of Physics, College of Science, University of Bahrain, PO Box 32038, Kingdom of Bahrain.

^anasg_2009@yahoo.com, ^bzai@usm.my, ^ckamarul@usm.my, ^dmboudina@gmail.com

*Corresponding author: nasg_2009@yahoo.com (Natheer Ali Algadri)

The influence of graphite particle size on the formation and diameter of carbon nanotubes (CNTs), is investigated. Graphite with different diameters are used for the growth of CNTs by a cost-effective method using a microwave oven. Morphological observations by field emission scanning electron microscopy (FESEM) reveal consistently that smaller graphite diameter generates CNTs with a different diameter. Raman spectroscopy indicates that the full width at half maximum (FWHM) of G, D and 2D bands decreases gradually with increasing CNTs diameter. Furthermore, CNTs diameter is found to be inversely proportional to (002) line width.

Keywords: carbon nanotubes; microwave, graphite particle size, Raman spectroscopy