

---

UNIVERSITI SAINS MALAYSIA

Second Semester Examination  
Academic Session 2006/2007

April 2007

**MSG 252 – Linear and Integer Programming**  
***[Pengaturcaraan Linear dan Integer]***

Duration : 3 hours

*[Masa : 3 jam]*

---

Please check that this examination paper consists of NINE pages of printed material before you begin the examination.

*[Sila pastikan bahawa kertas peperiksaan ini mengandungi SEMBILAN muka surat yang bercetak sebelum anda memulakan peperiksaan ini.]*

**Instructions:** Answer **all nine** [9] questions.

**Arahan:** Jawab **semua sembilan** [9] soalan.]

1. Consider the following LP.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Maximize} \quad & z = 2x_1 + 7x_2 + 4x_3 \\ \text{Subject to} \quad & x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 \leq 10 \\ & 3x_1 + 3x_2 + 2x_3 \leq 1 \\ & x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

Use duality theory to demonstrate that the optimal value of the primal problem cannot exceed 6.

[10 marks]

2. Consider the following LP.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Maximize} \quad & z = 4x_1 + 3x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 \\ \text{Subject to} \quad & 4x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + x_4 \leq 5 \\ & 3x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 + x_4 \leq 4 \\ & x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4 \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

You are given the facts that the basic variables in the optimal solution are  $x_2$  and  $x_4$ . Use the information given to identify the optimal solution.

[10 marks]

3. Consider the following LP.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Maximize} \quad & z = 2x_1 - 4x_2 \\ \text{Subject to} \quad & x_1 - x_2 \leq 1 \\ & x_1, x_2 \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

- Construct the dual and find its optimal solution by inspection.
- Use complementary slackness conditions to find the optimal solution for the primal problem.
- Suppose that  $c_1$ , the coefficient of  $x_1$  in the primal objective function, can have any value in the model. For what values of  $c_1$  does the dual problem have no feasible solution?

[10 marks]

4. Solve the following 0-1 problem.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Maximize} \quad & z = 2x_1 - x_2 + 5x_3 - 3x_4 + 4x_5 \\ \text{Subject to} \quad & 3x_1 - 2x_2 + 7x_3 - 5x_4 + 4x_5 \leq 6 \\ & x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 - 4x_4 + 2x_5 \leq 0 \\ & x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5 = 0, 1 \end{aligned}$$

[10 marks]

.../3-

1. Pertimbangkan masalah PL berikut.

$$\text{Maksimumkan } z = 2x_1 + 7x_2 + 4x_3$$

$$\text{terhadap } x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 \leq 10$$

$$3x_1 + 3x_2 + 2x_3 \leq 1$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0$$

Gunakan teori kedualan untuk menunjukkan bahawa nilai matlamat bagi masalah primal tidak melebihi 6.

[10 markah]

2. Pertimbangkan masalah PL berikut.

$$\text{Maksimumkan } z = 4x_1 + 3x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4$$

$$\text{terhadap } 4x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + x_4 \leq 5$$

$$3x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 + x_4 \leq 4$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4 \geq 0$$

Anda diberitahu yang  $x_2$  dan  $x_4$  adalah pembolehubah asas dalam penyelesaian optimum. Gunakan maklumat yang diberi untuk menentukan penyelesaian optimum.

[10 markah]

3. Pertimbangkan masalah PL berikut.

$$\text{Maksimumkan } z = 2x_1 - 4x_2$$

$$\text{terhadap } x_1 - x_2 \leq 1$$

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0$$

- Dapatkan masalah dual dan tentukan penyelesaian optimumnya dengan cara pemerhatian.
- Gunakan syarat-syarat kelalaian lengkap untuk mencari penyelesaian optimum bagi masalah primal.
- Katakan  $c_1$ , pekali  $x_1$  di dalam fungsi matlamat, boleh mengambil sebarang nilai. Apakah nilai-nilai  $c_1$  yang menyebabkan dual tak tersaur?

[10 markah]

4. Selesaikan masalah 0-1 berikut.

$$\text{Maksimumkan } z = 2x_1 - x_2 + 5x_3 - 3x_4 + 4x_5$$

$$\text{terhadap } 3x_1 - 2x_2 + 7x_3 - 5x_4 + 4x_5 \leq 6$$

$$x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 - 4x_4 + 2x_5 \leq 0$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5 = 0, 1$$

[10 markah]

.../4-

5. Consider the following LP.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Maximize} \quad & z = 3x_1 + x_2 + 4x_3 \\ \text{Subject to} \quad & 6x_1 + 3x_2 + 5x_3 \leq 25 \\ & 3x_1 + 4x_2 + 5x_3 \leq 20 \\ & x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

The corresponding final set of equations yielding the optimal solution is

$$\begin{aligned} z + 0x_1 + 2x_2 + 0x_3 + \frac{1}{5}x_4 + \frac{3}{5}x_5 &= 17 \\ x_1 - \frac{1}{3}x_2 + 0x_3 + \frac{1}{3}x_4 - \frac{1}{3}x_5 &= \frac{5}{3} \\ 0x_1 + x_2 + x_3 - \frac{1}{5}x_4 + \frac{2}{5}x_5 &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

where  $x_4$  and  $x_5$  are the slack variables corresponding to the 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> constraints respectively.

- (a) Identify the optimal solution to the dual problem from the final set of equations.  
 (b) Suppose that the original problem is changed to

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Maximize} \quad & z = 3x_1 + 3x_2 + 4x_3 \\ \text{Subject to} \quad & 6x_1 + 2x_2 + 5x_3 \leq 25 \\ & 3x_1 + 4x_2 + 5x_3 \leq 20 \\ & x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

Use duality theory to determine whether the previous optimal solution is still optimal.

- (c) Suppose that the only change in the original problem is that a new variable  $x_{new}$  has been introduced into the model as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Maximize} \quad & z = 3x_1 + x_2 + 4x_3 + 2x_{new} \\ \text{Subject to} \quad & 6x_1 + 3x_2 + 5x_3 + 3x_{new} \leq 25 \\ & 3x_1 + 4x_2 + 5x_3 + 2x_{new} \leq 20 \\ & x_1, x_2, x_3, x_{new} \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

Use duality theory to determine whether the optimal solution to the original problem is still optimal.

- (d) Suppose the only change in the original problem is that a new constraint  $x_1 + x_3 \geq 8$  has been introduced into the model. Find the new optimal solution if the original optimal solution changes.

[20 marks]

5. Pertimbangkan masalah PL berikut.

$$\text{Maksimumkan } z = 3x_1 + x_2 + 4x_3$$

$$\text{terhadap } 6x_1 + 3x_2 + 5x_3 \leq 25$$

$$3x_1 + 4x_2 + 5x_3 \leq 20$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0$$

Persamaan-persamaan yang menghasilkan penyelesaian optimum ialah

$$z + 0x_1 + 2x_2 + 0x_3 + \frac{1}{5}x_4 + \frac{3}{5}x_5 = 17$$

$$x_1 - \frac{1}{3}x_2 + 0x_3 + \frac{1}{3}x_4 - \frac{1}{3}x_5 = \frac{5}{3}$$

$$0x_1 + x_2 + x_3 - \frac{1}{5}x_4 + \frac{2}{5}x_5 = 3$$

yang mana  $x_4$  dan  $x_5$  masing-masing adalah pembolehubah lalai daripada kekangan 1 and 2.

- (a) Camkan penyelesaian optimum bagi masalah dual berdasarkan persamaan-persamaan tersebut.
- (b) Katakan masalah asal ditukar kepada

$$\text{Maksimumkan } z = 3x_1 + 3x_2 + 4x_3$$

$$\text{terhadap } 6x_1 + 2x_2 + 5x_3 \leq 25$$

$$3x_1 + 4x_2 + 5x_3 \leq 20$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0$$

Gunakan teori kedualan untuk menentukan penyelesaian sebelumnya masih optimum.

- (c) Katakan perubahan dalam masalah asal hanyalah penambahan pembolehubah baru  $x_{new}$  yang dimasukkan ke dalam model seperti berikut:

$$\text{Maksimumkan } z = 3x_1 + x_2 + 4x_3 + 2x_{new}$$

$$\text{terhadap } 6x_1 + 3x_2 + 5x_3 + 3x_{new} \leq 25$$

$$3x_1 + 4x_2 + 5x_3 + 2x_{new} \leq 20$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3, x_{new} \geq 0$$

Gunakan teori kedualan untuk menentukan sama ada penyelesaian bagi masalah asal masih optimum.

- (d) Katakan perubahan yang dibuat di dalam masalah asal ialah penambahan kekangan  $x_1 + x_3 \geq 8$  ke dalam model. Dapatkan penyelesaian optimum baru jika penyelesaian optimum yang asal berubah.

[20 markah]

6. Solve the following goal programming problem graphically.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Minimize} \quad & z = P_1u_1 + P_2u_2 + P_3v_3 \\ \text{Subject to} \quad & x_1 + 2x_2 + u_1 - v_1 = 10 \\ & 2x_1 + 3x_2 + u_2 - v_2 = 12 \\ & 6x_1 + 18x_2 + u_3 - v_3 = 54 \\ & x_1, x_2, u_1, u_2, u_3, v_1, v_2, v_3 \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

[10 marks]

7. Consider the following IP.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Maximize} \quad & z = 3x_1 + 2x_2 \\ \text{Subject to} \quad & -x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 4 \\ & 3x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 14 \\ & x_1 - x_2 \leq 3 \\ & x_1, x_2 \geq 0 \text{ and integer} \end{aligned}$$

The optimal solution for this IP's linear programming relaxation is given in the following tableau:

Basic	$x_1$	$x_2$	$x_3$	$x_4$	$x_5$	Solution
$z$	0	0	0	1	0	14
$x_5$	0	0	$\frac{5}{8}$	$-\frac{1}{8}$	1	$\frac{15}{4}$
$x_2$	0	1	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	0	$\frac{13}{4}$
$x_1$	1	0	$-\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	0	$\frac{5}{2}$

where  $x_3$ ,  $x_4$  and  $x_5$  are the slack variables corresponding to the 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> constraints respectively. Find the optimal integer solution by using the cutting plane method.

[10 marks]

6. Selesaikan masalah pengaturcaraan gol berikut secara bergraf.

$$\text{Minimumkan } z = P_1u_1 + P_2u_2 + P_3v_3$$

$$\text{terhadap } x_1 + 2x_2 + u_1 - v_1 = 10$$

$$2x_1 + 3x_2 + u_2 - v_2 = 12$$

$$6x_1 + 18x_2 + u_3 - v_3 = 54$$

$$x_1, x_2, u_1, u_2, u_3, v_1, v_2, v_3 \geq 0$$

[10 markah]

7. Pertimbangkan masalah PI berikut.

$$\text{Maksimumkan } z = 3x_1 + 2x_2$$

$$\text{terhadap } -x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 4$$

$$3x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 14$$

$$x_1 - x_2 \leq 3$$

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0 \text{ dan integer}$$

Penyelesaian optimum jika syarat integer diabaikan diberikan dalam tablo berikut:

Asas	$x_1$	$x_2$	$x_3$	$x_4$	$x_5$	Penyelesaian
$z$	0	0	0	1	0	14
$x_5$	0	0	$\frac{5}{8}$	$-\frac{1}{8}$	1	$\frac{15}{4}$
$x_2$	0	1	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	0	$\frac{13}{4}$
$x_1$	1	0	$-\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	0	$\frac{5}{2}$

yang mana  $x_3$ ,  $x_4$  dan  $x_5$  masing-masing adalah pembolehubah lalai dari kekangan pertama, kedua dan ketiga. Dapatkan penyelesaian optimum yang integer dengan menggunakan kaedah satah potongan.

[10 markah]

8. Consider the following integer programming.

$$\text{Minimize } z = 6x_1 + 8x_2$$

$$\text{Subject to } 3x_1 + x_2 \geq 4$$

$$x_1 + 2x_2 \geq 4$$

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0, \quad x_2 \text{ integer}$$

The optimal tableau for this IP's linear programming relaxation is as follows:

Basic	$x_1$	$x_2$	$x_3$	$x_4$	Solution
$z$	0	0	$-\frac{4}{5}$	$-\frac{18}{5}$	$\frac{88}{5}$
$x_1$	1	0	$-\frac{2}{5}$	$\frac{1}{5}$	$\frac{4}{5}$
$x_2$	0	1	$\frac{1}{5}$	$-\frac{3}{5}$	$\frac{8}{5}$

where  $x_3$  and  $x_4$  are the surplus variables corresponding to the 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> constraints respectively. Use the branch and bound method to find the optimal solution.

[10 marks]

9. Write the dual of the following problem.

$$\text{Minimize } z = \sum_i \sum_j c_{ij} x_{ij}$$

$$\text{Subject to } \sum_j x_{ij} \geq a_i \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, m$$

$$\sum_i x_{ij} \leq b_j \quad j = 1, 2, \dots, n$$

$$x_{ij} \geq 0$$

[10 marks]



8. Pertimbangkan masalah pengaturcaraan integer berikut.

$$\text{Minimumkan } z = 6x_1 + 8x_2$$

$$\text{terhadap } 3x_1 + x_2 \geq 4$$

$$x_1 + 2x_2 \geq 4$$

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0, \quad x_2 \text{ integer}$$

Tablo optimum jika syarat integer diabaikan ialah:

Asas	$x_1$	$x_2$	$x_3$	$x_4$	Penyelesaian
$z$	0	0	$-\frac{4}{5}$	$-\frac{18}{5}$	$\frac{88}{5}$
$x_1$	1	0	$-\frac{2}{5}$	$\frac{1}{5}$	$\frac{4}{5}$
$x_2$	0	1	$\frac{1}{5}$	$-\frac{3}{5}$	$\frac{8}{5}$

yang mana  $x_3$  dan  $x_4$  masing-masing adalah pembolehubah lebih daripada kekangan pertama dan kedua. Gunakan kaedah cabang dan batas untuk mendapatkan penyelesaian optimum.

[10 markah]

9. Tuliskan dual bagi masalah berikut.

$$\text{Minimumkan } z = \sum_i \sum_j c_{ij} x_{ij}$$

$$\text{terhadap } \sum_j x_{ij} \geq a_i \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, m$$

$$\sum_i x_{ij} \leq b_j \quad j = 1, 2, \dots, n$$

$$x_{ij} \geq 0$$

[10 markah]

- 000 O 000 -