
UNIVERSITI SAINS MALAYSIA

First Semester Examination
Academic Session 2007/2008

October/November 2007

EBB 512/3 - Phase Diagram & Phase Equilibra

Duration : 3 hours

Please ensure that this examination paper contains SEVEN printed pages and ONE page APPENDIX before you begin the examination.

This paper contains SIX questions.

Instructions: Answer any **FIVE** questions. If a candidate answers more than five questions, only the first five answers will be examined and awarded marks.

Answer to any question must start on a new page.

All questions must be answered in English.

1. [a] Calculate the amount of each phase present in a 1-kg alumina refractory with composition 70 mol % Al_2O_3 - 30 mol % SiO_2 at:

- (i) 2000°C
- (ii) 1900°C and
- (iii) 1800°C (Figure 1)

Take O = 16 amu, Al = 26.98 amu and Si = 28.09 amu.

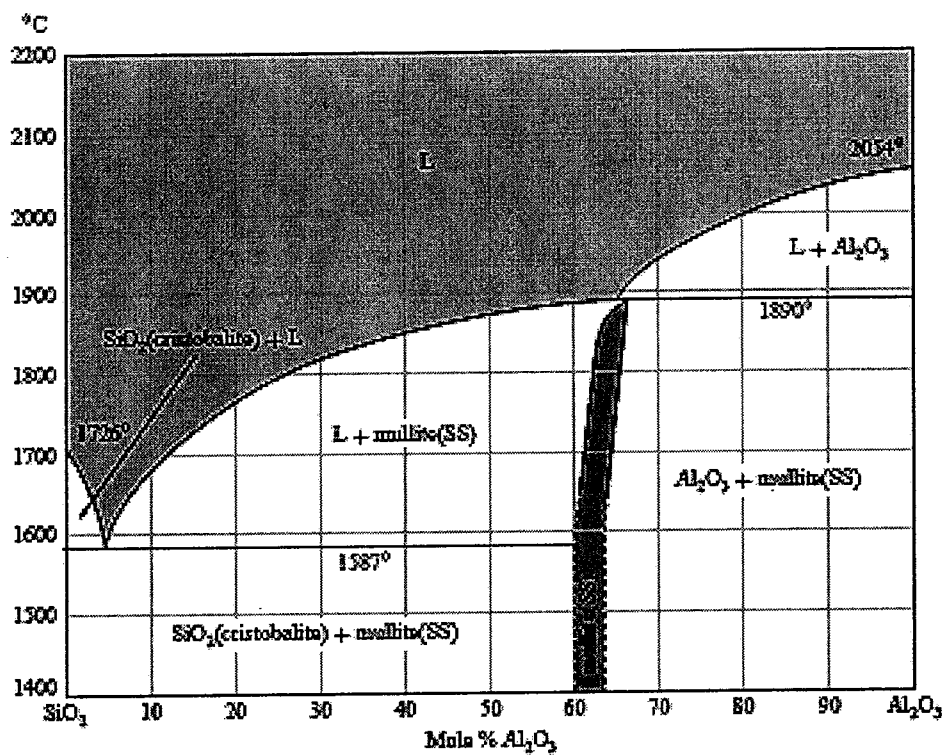
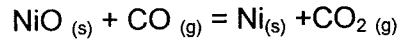


Figure 1

(50 marks)

2. [a] Explain the mechanical mixture and solutions with aid of diagrams.
(50 marks)

- [b] The following equilibrium data were determined for the reaction.



Assuming; $\Delta G^\circ = -RT \ln K$, where G° standard Gibbs free energy and $K = \text{equilibrium constant} = [a_{\text{Ni}} \times P_{\text{CO}_2}] / [a_{\text{NiO}} \times P_{\text{CO}}]$, a is the activity

T°C	663	716	754	793	852
Kx10 ⁺³	4.535	3.323	2.554	2.037	1.577

- (i) Find K , ΔG° , ΔH° and ΔS° at 1000K by using a plot.
(ii) Would an atmosphere of 15%CO₂, 5%CO and 80%N₂ oxidise Ni at 1000K.

(50 marks)

3. At 1073K the partial excess free energy for the reaction $\text{Zn(l)} = \text{Zn:Cu}(\alpha)$ is given $\ln J \text{ g atom}^{-1}$ by

$$RT \ln \Gamma = -20,920 + 26,359 X_{\text{Zn}}/X_{\text{Cu}}$$

- (a) Find the vapour of zinc over the solid alloy containing 25 at % Zn at this temperature. Where Γ activity Coefficient, X fractional composition.

(50 marks)

- (b) If the $\alpha/\alpha+\beta$ phase boundary at 1073K occurs at 30 at % Zn and the conjugate alloy in the β phase field contains 38 at % Zn, find the activity coefficient of Zn in this latter alloy relative to solid Zn.

For pure Zn

$$\log P_{\text{Zn(s)}} = [-6850/T] - 0.755 \log T + 8.36$$

$$\log P_{\text{Zn(l)}} = [-6620/T] - 1.255 \log T + 9.46$$

Where P is a pressure in atm and T is the temperature.

(50 marks)

...5/-

4. ABC ternary system forms three binary eutectics and a ternary eutectic as shown below, Figure 3. Discuss equilibrium cooling paths for the overall compositions p, q and r indicated in the diagram. Discuss also the change in microstructure that should occur during cooling.

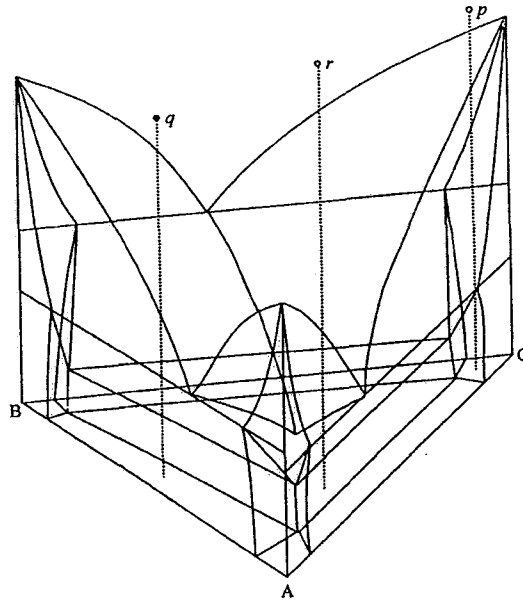


Figure 3

(100 marks)

5. With reference to the Figure 4

(a) State what surfaces enclose the following phase regions:

(i) $L + \alpha + \beta$

(ii) $L + \alpha$

(50 marks)

(b) State what phase regions are separated by the surface:

(i) $OGFO_2$;

(ii) MNO ;

(iii) NGO .

(50 marks)

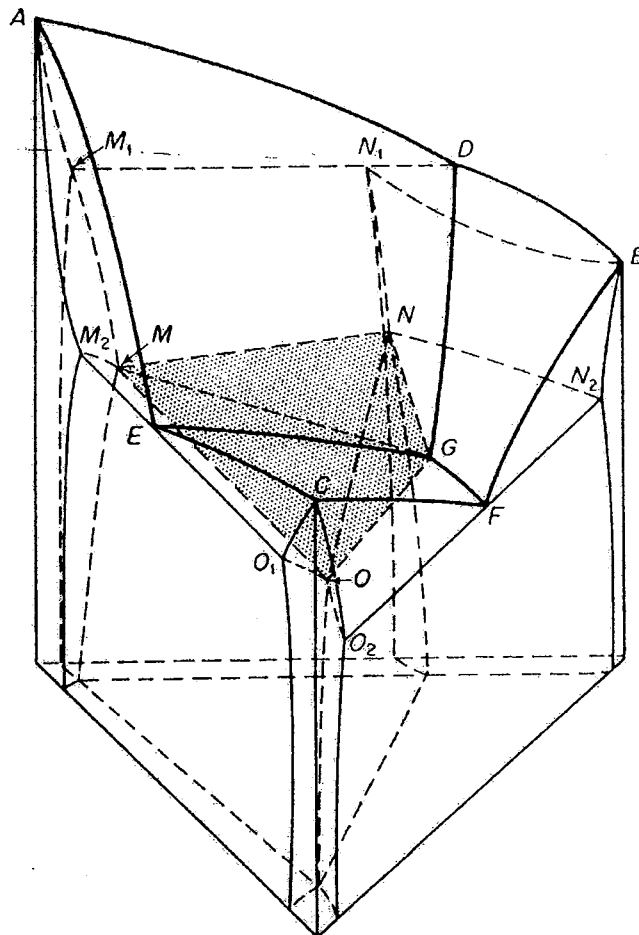


Figure 4

6. A ternary system ABC shows complete liquid solubility and partial solid solubility, forming primary solid solutions α , β and γ , based on A, B, and C, respectively. System BC contains a peritectic reaction (liquid + β = δ) at 800°C, in which δ is an intermediate phase containing 40% C,

The ternary system contains two invariant reactions as follows:

Temperature	Liquid composition	Solid phases involved
650°C	30%A, 32%B, 38%C	α , β , δ
620°C	37% A, 8%B, 55% C	α , δ , γ

The solid solubility ranges of α , β , γ and δ are very small (< 1 %).

Draw:

- (i) a liquidus projection for the system consistent with the data, and state the nature of the reactions shown;
- (ii) an isothermal section corresponding to a temperature of 600°C.

(100 marks)

APPENDIX

