## UNIVERSITI SAINS MALAYSIA

First Semester Examination
Academic Session 2004/2005
October 2004

## CIT505 - Computer Systems and Networks

Duration : 2 hours

## INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATE:

- Please ensure that this examination paper contains FOUR questions in FIVE printed pages before you start the examination.
- Answer ALL questions.
- You can choose to answer either in Bahasa Malaysia or English.

1. (a) For each of the following, multiply the numbers directly in their respective bases (without conversion to decimal). Show all the steps involved.
(i) Multiply $111010_{2}$ with $1011_{2}$. Give your answer in binary.
(ii) Multiply $375_{8}$ with $46_{8}$. Give your answer in octet.
(iii) Multiply 2D9 ${ }_{16}$ with $3 \mathrm{~A}_{16}$. Give your answer in hexadecimal.
(b) What is the smallest and largest value (in decimal) that can be stored using 6 bits in:
(i) pure binary?
(ii) excess 25 ?
(iii) two's complement?
(9/100)
(c) Figure 1 shows a logic circuit diagram.
(i) If $\mathrm{A}=1, \mathrm{~B}=1, \mathrm{C}=0$, what is the value of X and Y ?
(ii) State the Boolean function for X and Y (in terms of $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}$ and C ).


Figure 1
(7/100)
2. (a) Provide full definitions of the following acronyms:
(i) ASCII,
(ii) SDRAM,
(iii) TCP/IP,
(iv) CSMA/CD,
(v) FDDI.
(10/100)
(b) What is cache memory? How is it used by a computer system?
(c) Assume you have been asked to recommend computer systems for the following purposes:
(i) A university student needs to do assignments and homework at home.
(ii) A database server catering for 100 users in an organization.

List the specifications of the recommended computer system for each case above.
(10/100)
3. (a) Assume you have to download a webpage from the Internet using a laptop computer in the office. This laptop computer comes only with a built-in wireless network card. You are supposed to use your company's local area network to access the Internet. By using a diagram, explain how this can be done. List all the steps involved in this operation.
(b) Assume we need to send the bit pattern $00110101_{2}$ using:
(i) amplitude shift keying,
(ii) frequency shift keying,
(iii) phase shift keying.

Show/Draw the equivalent analog sine-wave pattern for each scheme above. Indicate all assumptions made.
(c) The three most commonly used cables in a network are unshielded twisted pair, coaxial cable and fiber optic. Arrange these cables according to:
(i) data transmission speed (from slowest to fastest),
(ii) data transmission noise (from least noisy to very noisy),
(iii) security (from least secure to most secure).
(9/100)
4. (a) Suppose we need to send one thousand (1000) seven-bit characters of data on a network. Calculate the total bits that need to be transmitted using:
(i) asynchronous transmission,
(ii) synchronous transmission (assume all 1000 characters can fit into a single frame).

Explain your answer. Indicate all assumptions made.
(b) Packet collisions occur quite often in local area networks based on bus topology.
(i) How/Why does it happen?
(ii) What are the consequences/effects?
(iii) Can they be eliminated? Explain.
(c) Figure 2 shows a network that has 2 devices ( X and Y ) interconnecting three computers (PC1, PC2 and PC3) and a server (S1).


Figure 2

State which computers or server will receive a copy of a packet when:

- PC1 sends a message to PC2,
- PC2 sends a message to S1,
- S1 sends a message to PC3,
(i) if both X and Y are hubs,
(ii) if both X and Y are switches,
(iii) if X is a hub and Y is a switch.

