
UNIVERSITI SAINS MALAYSIA

Peperiksaan Kursus Semasa Cuti Panjang
Sidang Akademik 2011/2012

Ogos 2012

MAT 102 – Advanced Calculus
[Kalkulus Lanjutan]

Duration : 3 hours
[Masa : 3 jam]

Please check that this examination paper consists of FOUR pages of printed material before you begin the examination.

[Sila pastikan bahawa kertas peperiksaan ini mengandungi EMPAT muka surat yang bercetak sebelum anda memulakan peperiksaan ini.]

Instructions : Answer **all ten** [10] questions.

Arahan : Jawab **semua sepuluh** [10] soalan.]

In the event of any discrepancies, the English version shall be used.

[Sekiranya terdapat sebarang percanggahan pada soalan peperiksaan, versi Bahasa Inggeris hendaklah diguna pakai].

1. Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x \sin \pi/x$. [5 marks]

1. Dapatkan had $x \sin \pi/x$. [5 markah]

2. Prove that if $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n = 0$ and b_n is bounded, then $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n b_n = 0$. [7 marks]

2. Buktikan bahawa jika had $a_n = 0$ dan b_n terbatasi, maka had $a_n b_n = 0$. [7 markah]

3. Test the convergence of the series.

(a) $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{-3^{k+1}}{2^{3k}}$

(b) $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sqrt{k^2 - 1}}{k^3 + 2k^2 + 5}$

[10 marks]

3. Uji penumpuan siri.

(a) $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{-3^{k+1}}{2^{3k}}$

(b) $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sqrt{k^2 - 1}}{k^3 + 2k^2 + 5}$

[10 markah]

4. Discuss the continuity of f if

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 y^2}{x^2 + y^2} & , \quad x, y \neq 0, 0 \\ 0 & , \quad x, y = 0, 0 \end{cases}$$

[15 marks]

4. Bincangkan keselanjaran bagi f jika

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 y^2}{x^2 + y^2} & , \quad x, y \neq 0, 0 \\ 0 & , \quad x, y = 0, 0 \end{cases}$$

[15 markah]

5. Let $f(x) = x^{5/2}$. Find

(a) $T_3(x)$ at $a = 4$.

(b) the error between $f(x)$ and $T_3(x)$ for $2 \leq x \leq 6$.

[12 marks]

5. Biar $f(x) = x^{5/2}$. Dapatkan

(a) $T_3(x)$ pada $a = 4$.

(b) ralat antara $f(x)$ dan $T_3(x)$ bagi $2 \leq x \leq 6$.

[12 markah]

6. Determine whether the integral $\int_{-2}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{(x+1)^{3/5}}$ is convergent or divergent.

[8 marks]

6. Tentukan samada kamiran $\int_{-2}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{(x+1)^{3/5}}$ menumpu atau mencapah.

[8 markah]

7. If $z = xy + f(x^2 + y^2)$ where f is differentiable, show that

$$x \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} - x \right) = y \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} - y \right).$$

[7 marks]

7. Jika $z = xy + f(x^2 + y^2)$ yang mana f terbezakan, tunjukkan bahawa

$$x \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} - x \right) = y \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} - y \right).$$

[7 markah]

8. Determine whether there exists a direction \underline{u} in which the rate of change (degrees Celsius/feet) of the temperature function $T(x, y, z) = 2xy + yz$ at $P(1, -1, 1)$ is -3 .

[6 marks]

8. Tentukan samada wujud arah \underline{u} yang mana kadar perubahan (darjah Celsius per kaki) fungsi suhu $T(x, y, z) = 2xy + yz$ pada $P(1, -1, 1)$ adalah -3 .

[6 markah]

9. Show that the maximum value of $f(x, y, z) = x^2 y^2 z^2$ on the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = r^2$ is $\left(\frac{r^2}{3}\right)^3$.

[15 marks]

9. Tunjukkan bahawa nilai maksimum $f(x, y, z) = x^2 y^2 z^2$ di atas sfera $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = r^2$ adalah $\left(\frac{r^2}{3}\right)^3$.

[15 markah]

10. (a) Evaluate $\int_{-1}^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-y^2}} \int_0^x (x^2 + y^2) dz dx dy$ by changing to cylindrical coordinates.
- (b) Find the volume of the solid under the parabolic cylinder $z = x^2$ and above the region enclosed by the parabola $y = 6 - x^2$ and the line $y = x$ in the xy -plane.

[15 marks]

10. (a) Nilaikan $\int_{-1}^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-y^2}} \int_0^x (x^2 + y^2) dz dx dy$ dengan menukar ke koordinat silinder.
- (b) Dapatkan isipadu pepejal di bawah silinder parabolik $z = x^2$ dan atas rantau yang dibatasi oleh parabola $y = 6 - x^2$ dan garis $y = x$ dalam satah- xy .

[15 markah]