

UNIVERSITI SAINS MALAYSIA

Second Semester Examination  
Academic Session 2005/2006

April/Mei 2006

**BOI 109E/4 – Biostatistics  
[Biostatistik]**

Duration : 3 hours  
[Masa: 3 jam]

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Please ensure that this examination paper contains TEN printed pages and TEN pages of Attachment before you begin the examination.

Answer FIVE out of SIX questions, in English or Bahasa Malaysia.

Each question carries 20 marks.

*Sila pastikan bahawa kertas peperiksaan ini mengandungi SEPULUH muka surat yang bercetak dan SEPULUH muka surat Lampiran sebelum anda memulakan peperiksaan ini.*

*Jawab LIMA daripada ENAM soalan yang diberikan dalam Bahasa Inggeris atau Bahasa Malaysia.*

*Tiap-tiap soalan bernilai 20 markah.*

- 2 -

1. [a] Outline the similarities and differences between stratified and grouped random samplings.

(10 marks)

- [b] A research was conducted to determine whether air pollution by exhaust fumes in Georgetown is serious/critical or not. An instrument to measure carbon monoxide (CO) levels (Type 1) was mounted at Penang Road. The hourly readings from 06:00 on a week day are as follows:

Time : 06:00 07:00 08:00 09:00 10:00 11:00 12:00 13:00 14:00  
15:00 16:00 17:00 18:00 19:00 20:00

Type 1 Readings : 68 96 270 149 88 92 112 154 175 78 91  
253 180 118 134

According to the National Standard of Air Pollution Guidelines, a reading as high as 100 is said to be serious/critical for CO in the air. Run a statistical test whether the level of CO in Penang Road has reached a serious/critical level?

(10 marks)

- 3 -

1. [a] Kemukakan persamaan dan perbezaan antara pensampelan rawak berkumpulan dan pensampelan rawak berstratum.

(10 markah)

- [b] Satu penyelidikan telah dijalankan untuk menentukan sama ada pencemaran udara oleh asap ekzos di Georgetown sudah parah atau belum. Sejenis alat untuk mengukur aras karbon monoksida (CO) (Jenis 1) telah ditempatkan di Jalan Penang. Bacaan yang diambil setiap jam mulai 06:00 pada suatu hari kerja adalah seperti berikut:

Masa : 06:00 07:00 08:00 09:00 10:00 11:00 12:00 13:00 14:00  
15:00 16:00 17:00 18:00 19:00 20:00

Bacaan Jenis 1 : 68 96 270 149 88 92 112 154 175 78 91  
253 180 118 134

Berdasarkan kepada Piawaian Kebangsaan Mengenai Garispanduan Pencemaran Udara, bacaan CO di udara yang sudah mencapai 100 boleh dianggap parah. Lakukan ujian statistik untuk membuktikan sama ada aras CO di Jalan Penang sudah mencapai tahap yang parah?

(10 markah)

2. The level of CO in Penang Road detected by the Type 1 instrument during a week day and a week end are as follows:

Week day : 68 96 270 149 88 92 112 154 175 78 91 253 180 118  
134

Week end : 62 82 95 56 85 85 101 167 107 70 89 118 184 130  
145

- [a] Conduct a suitable statistical analysis to prove that the air pollution on week day is higher than that on week end.

(14 marks)

- [b] Give your reasons for choosing the statistical analysis.

(6 marks)

- 4 -

2. *Aras CO di Jalan Penang yang dikesan dengan menggunakan alat Jenis 1 semasa hari kerja dan hujung minggu adalah seperti berikut:*

*Hari kerja : 68 96 270 149 88 92 112 154 175 78 91 253 180 118 134*

*Hujung minggu : 62 82 95 56 85 85 101 167 107 70 89 118 184 130 145*

- [a] *Lakukan ujian statistik yang sesuai untuk membuktikan bahawa pencemaran udara pada hari kerja adalah lebih tinggi daripada hari di hujung minggu.*

(14 markah)

- [b] *Kemukakan sebab-sebab mengapa anda memilih analisis statistik tersebut.*

(6 markah)

3. [a] *By using appropriate examples, why Biostatistics is so important to all students and researchers in life sciences?*

(12 marks)

- [b] *Based on information from the importer, percentage of germination of corn seeds is 90%. If you try to germinate 11 seeds only, what is the probability of getting five corn seedlings?*

(8 marks)

3. [a] *Dengan menggunakan contoh-contoh yang sesuai, mengapakah Biostatistik begitu penting bagi semua mahasiswa dan penyelidik dalam bidang sains hayat?*

(12 markah)

- [b] *Berdasarkan keterangan dari pengimport, peratusan percambahan biji jagung adalah 90%. Jika anda cuba mengecambahkan 11 biji sahaja, barapakah kebarangkalian untuk mendapatkan 5 anak benih jagung?*

(8 markah)

- 5 -

4. An agricultural researcher is developing methods to reduce the use of chemical pesticides on the commercial strawberry crop. He applied ecological approach to agriculture known as the integrated pest management (IPM). He wished to compare a modified IPM program to traditional IPM and chemical control. In order to control for variables such as microclimates and soil conditions, he planted 3 plots of strawberries on each of 6 farms. The plots within each farm were matched as closely as possible in terms of soil type, etc. and the agricultural method is randomly assigned to the plots within each farm. Yields are in kg of strawberries per plot and the data collected are as follow:

Farm	Agricultural Method		
	Chemical Control	IPM	Modified IPM
I	71	73	77
II	90	90	92
III	59	70	80
IV	75	80	82
V	65	60	67
VI	82	86	85

From your data analysis, is IPM or modified IPM as good as the traditional chemical control in terms of marketable strawberry yield? Was blocking important to this analysis? Explain.

(20 marks)

4. Seorang penyelidik dalam bidang pertanian sedang mereka kaedah untuk mengurangkan kegunaan pestisid kimia dalam pengeluaran buah strawberi secara komersial. Beliau telah menggunakan kaedah ekologi dalam pertanian yang dinamakan pengurusan perosak bersepadu (IPM) dalam kajiannya. Beliau ingin membandingkan program IPM yang telah diubahsuai dengan kaedah IPM tradisional dan kawalan kimia. Untuk mengawal variabel seperti mikrocuaca dan keadaan tanah, beliau menanam 3 plot strawberi pada setiap 6 ladang yang dikaji. Plot-plot kajian di setiap ladang dibandingkan supaya mereka adalah sama dari segi jenis tanah, dan lain-lain dan kaedah yang dikaji diagihkan secara rawak kepada plot-plot kajian dalam setiap ladang. Hasil ditentukan dalam bentuk kg strawberi setiap plot dan data kajian yang dikumpulkan adalah seperti berikut:

<i>Ladang</i>	<i>Kaedah Pertanian</i>		
	<i>Kawalan Kimia</i>	<i>IPM</i>	<i>IPM yang diubahsuai</i>
I	71	73	77
II	90	90	92
III	59	70	80
IV	75	80	82
V	65	60	67
VI	82	86	85

Daripada analisis data anda, adakah IPM atau IPM yang telah diubahsuai sama baiknya dengan kaedah kawalan kimia dari segi keluaran hasil strawberi? Adakah pemblokaran penting dalam analisis kajian? Jelaskan.

(20 markah)

5. A dog breeder has kept records on the litter size for several years. He suspects that the litter size at delivery is depended on the age of the breeding bitch at conception. From the following data :-

Age of bitch (year)	Litter size (cm)
2.0	11
2.5	10
4.0	9
3.3	12
6.0	5
5.0	9
4.5	9
4.1	8
8.2	7
2.4	10
2.9	12
3.7	10
4.0	9

- [a] From the above data, construct a scatterplot of these data. Based on the constructed diagram, is there a linear relationship between the litter size and the age of the breeding bitch?
- (5 marks)
- [b] Compute the linear regression equation from these data.
- (8 marks)
- [c] What is the size of the litter when the age of the breeding bitch at conception is 7 years old?
- (3 marks)
- [d] Explain the trends of the relationship between these two variables.
- (4 marks)

5. Seorang penternak anjing telah menyimpan rekod saiz anak anjing selama beberapa tahun. Beliau mensyaki bahawa saiz anak anjing semasa dilahirkan adalah bergantung kepada umur ibu anjing semasa hamil. Daripada data berikut:

<i>Umur ibu anjing (tahun)</i>	<i>Saiz anak anjing (cm)</i>
2.0	11
2.5	10
4.0	9
3.3	12
6.0	5
5.0	9
4.5	9
4.1	8
8.2	7
2.4	10
2.9	12
3.7	10
4.0	9

[a] Lakarkan satu plot serakan bagi data tersebut. Sebutkan sama ada terdapat pertalian linear antara saiz anak anjing dengan umur ibunya.

(5 markah)

[b] Dapatkan persamaan regresi linear daripada data tersebut.

(8 markah)

[c] Apakah saiz anak anjing apabila umur ibu semasa hamil ialah 7 tahun?

(3 markah)

[d] Jelaskan tren pertalian antara dua variabel yang dikaji.

(4 markah)

- 9 -

6. [a] The Poisson distribution is useful for describing rare, random events such as severe storm. Based on data collected from studies carried out in the United States from 1900 to 1997, a total of 159 hurricanes were recorded. Does the number of hurricanes/year as shown in the table below follow a Poisson distribution?

Hurricanes/year ( $x_i$ )	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Frequency ( $f_i$ )	18	34	24	16	3	1	2

(10 marks)

- [b] During a bird singing competition, results obtained from the judges showed that 7 out of the 15 birds had undergone special training (Group A), while the remaining birds were not given any training (Group B). Data obtained are shown below:

Rank*	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Bird Group	A	B	A	B	B	A	A	B	A	B	A	A	B	B	B

\*Rank 1 = best singing ability

Determine whether the training of birds has improved the singing ability?

(10 marks)

6. [a] Taburan Poisson adalah berguna untuk menguraikan kejadian luarbiasa dan rawak seperti taufan yang kuat. Berdasarkan kepada data yang telah dikumpulkan daripada kajian yang telah dijalankan dalam tempoh 1900 ke 1997, terdapat 159 angin ribut di America Syarikat dalam tempoh masa itu. Adakah bilangan angin ribut/tahun seperti yang ditunjukkan dalam jadual berikut mengikuti suatu Taburan Poisson?

<b>Hurricanes/year (<math>x_i</math>)</b>	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
<b>Frequency (<math>f_i</math>)</b>	18	34	24	16	3	1	2

(10 markah)

- [b] Di suatu pertandingan nyanyian burung, keputusan daripada pengadil menunjukkan 7 daripada 15 ekor burung yang bertanding telah diberikan latihan istimewa (Kumpulan A) manakala yang baki tidak diberi latihan (Kumpulan B). Data yang diperolehi adalah seperti berikut:

<b>Rank*</b>	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
<b>Bird Group</b>	A	B	A	B	B	A	A	B	A	B	A	A	B	B	B

\*Pangkat 1 = nyanyian yang paling merdu

Ujikan sama ada latihan istimewa itu mangakibatkan keupayaan menyanyi.

(10 markah)

Student's *t* distribution

df: 1	0.25 0.50	0.10 0.20	0.05 0.10	0.025 0.05	0.01 0.02	0.005 0.010	0.00025 0.005	0.001 0.002	0.0005 0.001	df: 1 2-tail
2	0.816	1.886	2.920	4.303	6.965	9.925	14.09	31.60	44.70	2
3	0.765	1.638	2.353	3.182	4.541	5.841	7.453	12.92	16.33	3
4	0.741	1.533	2.132	2.776	3.747	4.604	5.598	8.610	10.31	4
5	0.727	1.476	2.015	2.571	3.365	4.032	4.773	6.869	7.976	5
6	0.718	1.440	1.943	2.447	3.143	3.707	4.317	5.959	6.788	6
7	0.711	1.415	1.895	2.365	2.998	3.499	4.029	5.408	6.082	7
8	0.706	1.397	1.860	2.306	2.896	3.355	3.833	5.041	5.617	8
9	0.703	1.383	1.833	2.262	2.821	3.250	3.690	4.781	5.291	9
10	0.700	1.372	1.812	2.228	2.764	3.169	3.581	4.587	5.049	10
11	0.697	1.363	1.796	2.201	2.718	3.106	3.497	4.437	4.863	11
12	0.695	1.356	1.782	2.179	2.681	3.055	3.428	4.318	4.717	12
13	0.694	1.350	1.771	2.160	2.650	3.012	3.372	4.221	4.597	13
14	0.692	1.345	1.761	2.145	2.624	2.977	3.326	4.140	4.499	14
15	0.691	1.341	1.753	2.131	2.602	2.947	3.286	4.073	4.417	15
16	0.690	1.337	1.746	2.120	2.583	2.921	3.252	4.015	4.346	16
17	0.689	1.333	1.740	2.110	2.567	2.898	3.222	3.965	4.286	17
18	0.688	1.330	1.734	2.101	2.552	2.878	3.197	3.922	4.233	18
19	0.688	1.328	1.729	2.093	2.539	2.861	3.174	3.883	4.187	19
20	0.687	1.325	1.725	2.086	2.528	2.845	3.153	3.850	4.146	20
21	0.686	1.323	1.721	2.080	2.518	2.831	3.135	3.819	4.109	21
22	0.686	1.321	1.717	2.074	2.508	2.819	3.119	3.792	4.077	22
23	0.685	1.319	1.714	2.069	2.500	2.807	3.104	3.768	4.047	23
24	0.685	1.318	1.711	2.064	2.492	2.797	3.091	3.745	4.021	24
25	0.684	1.316	1.708	2.060	2.485	2.787	3.078	3.725	3.997	25
26	0.684	1.315	1.706	2.056	2.479	2.779	3.067	3.707	3.974	26
27	0.684	1.314	1.703	2.052	2.473	2.771	3.057	3.689	3.954	27
28	0.683	1.313	1.701	2.048	2.467	2.763	3.047	3.674	3.935	28
29	0.683	1.311	1.699	2.045	2.462	2.756	3.038	3.660	3.918	29
30	0.683	1.310	1.697	2.042	2.457	2.750	3.030	3.646	3.902	30
31	0.682	1.309	1.696	2.040	2.453	2.744	3.022	3.633	3.887	31
32	0.682	1.309	1.694	2.037	2.449	2.738	3.015	3.622	3.873	32
33	0.682	1.308	1.692	2.035	2.445	2.733	3.008	3.611	3.860	33
34	0.682	1.307	1.691	2.032	2.441	2.728	3.002	3.601	3.848	34
35	0.682	1.306	1.690	2.030	2.438	2.724	2.996	3.591	3.836	35
36	0.681	1.306	1.688	2.028	2.434	2.719	2.990	3.582	3.825	36
37	0.681	1.305	1.687	2.026	2.431	2.715	2.985	3.574	3.816	37
38	0.681	1.304	1.686	2.024	2.429	2.712	2.980	3.566	3.806	38
39	0.681	1.304	1.685	2.023	2.426	2.708	2.976	3.558	3.797	39
40	0.681	1.303	1.684	2.021	2.423	2.704	2.971	3.551	3.788	40
41	0.681	1.303	1.683	2.020	2.421	2.701	2.967	3.544	3.780	41
42	0.680	1.302	1.682	2.018	2.418	2.698	2.963	3.538	3.773	42
43	0.680	1.302	1.681	2.017	2.416	2.695	2.959	3.532	3.765	43
44	0.680	1.301	1.680	2.015	2.414	2.692	2.956	3.526	3.758	44
45	0.680	1.301	1.679	2.014	2.412	2.690	2.952	3.520	3.752	45

Tables of Distributions and Critical Values

1-tail 2-tail	0.25	0.10	0.05	0.025	0.01	0.005	0.0025	0.001	0.0005	1-tail 2-tail
	0.50	0.20	0.10	0.05	0.02	0.010	0.005	0.002	0.001	
df: 46	0.680	1.300	1.679	2.013	2.410	2.687	2.949	3.515	3.746	df: 46
47	0.680	1.300	1.678	2.012	2.408	2.685	2.946	3.510	3.740	47
48	0.680	1.299	1.677	2.011	2.407	2.682	2.943	3.505	3.734	48
49	0.680	1.299	1.677	2.010	2.405	2.680	2.940	3.500	3.728	49
50	0.679	1.299	1.676	2.009	2.403	2.678	2.937	3.496	3.723	50
51	0.679	1.298	1.675	2.008	2.402	2.676	2.934	3.492	3.718	51
52	0.679	1.298	1.675	2.007	2.400	2.674	2.932	3.488	3.713	52
53	0.679	1.298	1.674	2.006	2.399	2.672	2.929	3.484	3.709	53
54	0.679	1.297	1.674	2.005	2.397	2.670	2.927	3.480	3.704	54
55	0.679	1.297	1.673	2.004	2.396	2.668	2.925	3.476	3.700	55
56	0.679	1.297	1.673	2.003	2.395	2.667	2.923	3.473	3.696	56
57	0.679	1.297	1.672	2.002	2.394	2.665	2.920	3.469	3.692	57
58	0.679	1.296	1.672	2.002	2.392	2.663	2.918	3.466	3.688	58
59	0.679	1.296	1.671	2.001	2.391	2.662	2.916	3.463	3.684	59
60	0.679	1.296	1.671	2.000	2.390	2.660	2.915	3.460	3.681	60
61	0.679	1.296	1.670	2.000	2.389	2.659	2.913	3.457	3.677	61
62	0.678	1.295	1.670	1.999	2.388	2.657	2.911	3.454	3.674	62
63	0.678	1.295	1.669	1.998	2.387	2.656	2.909	3.452	3.671	63
64	0.678	1.295	1.669	1.998	2.386	2.655	2.908	3.449	3.668	64
65	0.678	1.295	1.669	1.997	2.385	2.654	2.906	3.447	3.665	65
66	0.678	1.295	1.668	1.997	2.384	2.652	2.904	3.444	3.662	66
67	0.678	1.294	1.668	1.996	2.383	2.651	2.903	3.442	3.659	67
68	0.678	1.294	1.668	1.995	2.382	2.650	2.902	3.439	3.656	68
69	0.678	1.294	1.667	1.995	2.382	2.649	2.900	3.437	3.653	69
70	0.678	1.294	1.667	1.994	2.381	2.648	2.899	3.435	3.651	70
71	0.678	1.294	1.667	1.994	2.380	2.647	2.897	3.433	3.648	71
72	0.678	1.293	1.666	1.993	2.379	2.646	2.896	3.431	3.646	72
73	0.678	1.293	1.666	1.993	2.379	2.645	2.895	3.429	3.644	73
74	0.678	1.293	1.666	1.993	2.378	2.644	2.894	3.427	3.641	74
75	0.678	1.293	1.665	1.992	2.377	2.643	2.892	3.425	3.639	75
76	0.678	1.293	1.665	1.992	2.376	2.642	2.891	3.423	3.637	76
77	0.678	1.293	1.665	1.991	2.376	2.641	2.890	3.421	3.635	77
78	0.678	1.292	1.665	1.991	2.375	2.640	2.889	3.420	3.633	78
79	0.678	1.292	1.664	1.990	2.374	2.639	2.888	3.418	3.631	79
80	0.678	1.292	1.664	1.990	2.374	2.639	2.887	3.416	3.629	80
81	0.678	1.292	1.664	1.990	2.373	2.638	2.886	3.415	3.627	81
82	0.677	1.292	1.664	1.989	2.373	2.637	2.885	3.413	3.625	82
83	0.677	1.292	1.663	1.989	2.372	2.636	2.884	3.412	3.623	83
84	0.677	1.292	1.663	1.989	2.372	2.636	2.883	3.410	3.622	84
85	0.677	1.292	1.663	1.988	2.371	2.635	2.882	3.409	3.620	85
86	0.677	1.291	1.663	1.988	2.370	2.634	2.881	3.407	3.618	86
90	0.677	1.291	1.662	1.987	2.368	2.632	2.878	3.402	3.612	90
95	0.677	1.291	1.661	1.985	2.366	2.629	2.874	3.396	3.605	95
100	0.677	1.290	1.660	1.984	2.364	2.626	2.871	3.390	3.598	100
$\infty$	0.674	1.282	1.645	1.960	2.326	2.576	2.807	3.090	3.290	$\infty$

Tables of Distributions and Critical Values

$v_1 \setminus v_2$	$P(F_{v_1, v_2}) \leq 0.95$											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	12	15	
1	161.4	199.5	215.7	224.6	230.2	234.0	236.8	238.9	240.5	241.9	243.9	245.9
2	18.51	19.00	19.16	19.25	19.30	19.33	19.35	19.37	19.38	19.40	19.41	19.43
3	10.13	9.55	9.28	9.12	9.01	8.94	8.89	8.85	8.81	8.79	8.74	8.70
4	7.71	6.94	6.59	6.39	6.26	6.16	6.09	6.04	6.00	5.96	5.91	5.86
5	6.61	5.79	5.41	5.19	5.05	4.95	4.88	4.82	4.77	4.74	4.68	4.62
6	5.99	5.14	4.76	4.53	4.39	4.28	4.21	4.15	4.10	4.06	4.00	3.94
7	5.59	4.74	4.35	4.12	3.97	3.87	3.79	3.73	3.68	3.64	3.57	3.51
8	5.32	4.46	4.07	3.84	3.69	3.58	3.50	3.44	3.39	3.35	3.28	3.22
9	5.12	4.26	3.86	3.63	3.48	3.37	3.29	3.23	3.18	3.14	3.07	3.01
10	4.96	4.10	3.71	3.48	3.33	3.22	3.14	3.07	3.02	2.98	2.91	2.85
11	4.84	3.98	3.59	3.36	3.20	3.09	3.01	2.95	2.90	2.85	2.79	2.72
12	4.75	3.89	3.49	3.26	3.11	3.00	2.91	2.85	2.80	2.75	2.69	2.62
13	4.67	3.81	3.41	3.18	3.03	2.92	2.83	2.77	2.71	2.67	2.60	2.53
14	4.60	3.74	3.34	3.11	2.96	2.85	2.76	2.70	2.65	2.60	2.53	2.46
15	4.54	3.68	3.29	3.06	2.90	2.79	2.71	2.64	2.59	2.54	2.48	2.40
16	4.49	3.63	3.24	3.01	2.85	2.74	2.66	2.59	2.54	2.49	2.42	2.35
17	4.45	3.59	3.20	2.96	2.81	2.70	2.61	2.55	2.49	2.45	2.38	2.31
18	4.41	3.55	3.16	2.93	2.77	2.66	2.58	2.51	2.46	2.41	2.34	2.27
19	4.38	3.52	3.13	2.90	2.74	2.63	2.54	2.48	2.42	2.38	2.31	2.23
20	4.35	3.49	3.10	2.87	2.71	2.60	2.51	2.45	2.39	2.35	2.28	2.20
21	4.32	3.47	3.07	2.84	2.68	2.57	2.49	2.42	2.37	2.32	2.25	2.18
22	4.30	3.44	3.05	2.82	2.66	2.55	2.46	2.40	2.34	2.30	2.23	2.15
23	4.28	3.42	3.03	2.80	2.64	2.53	2.44	2.37	2.32	2.27	2.20	2.13
24	4.26	3.40	3.01	2.78	2.62	2.51	2.42	2.36	2.30	2.25	2.18	2.11
25	4.24	3.39	2.99	2.76	2.60	2.49	2.40	2.34	2.28	2.24	2.16	2.09
26	4.23	3.37	2.98	2.74	2.59	2.47	2.39	2.32	2.27	2.22	2.15	2.07
27	4.21	3.35	2.96	2.73	2.57	2.46	2.37	2.31	2.25	2.20	2.13	2.06
28	4.20	3.34	2.95	2.71	2.56	2.45	2.36	2.29	2.24	2.19	2.12	2.04
29	4.18	3.33	2.93	2.70	2.55	2.43	2.35	2.28	2.22	2.18	2.10	2.03
30	4.17	3.32	2.92	2.69	2.53	2.42	2.33	2.27	2.21	2.16	2.09	2.01
40	4.08	3.23	2.84	2.61	2.45	2.34	2.25	2.18	2.12	2.08	2.00	1.92
50	4.03	3.18	2.79	2.56	2.40	2.29	2.20	2.13	2.07	2.03	1.95	1.87
60	4.00	3.15	2.76	2.53	2.37	2.25	2.17	2.10	2.04	1.99	1.92	1.84
70	3.98	3.13	2.74	2.50	2.35	2.23	2.14	2.07	2.02	1.97	1.89	1.81
80	3.96	3.11	2.72	2.49	2.33	2.21	2.13	2.06	2.00	1.95	1.88	1.79
90	3.95	3.10	2.71	2.47	2.32	2.20	2.11	2.04	1.99	1.94	1.86	1.78
100	3.94	3.09	2.70	2.46	2.31	2.19	2.10	2.03	1.97	1.93	1.85	1.77
120	3.92	3.07	2.68	2.45	2.29	2.18	2.09	2.02	1.96	1.91	1.83	1.75
150	3.90	3.06	2.66	2.43	2.27	2.16	2.07	2.00	1.94	1.89	1.82	1.73
$\infty$	3.84	3.00	2.60	2.37	2.21	2.10	2.01	1.94	1.88	1.83	1.75	1.67

Tables of Distributions and Critical Values

		$P(F_{v_1, v_2}) \leq 0.95$										
$v_1$	$v_2$	18	20	24	25	30	40	50	60	90	120	$\infty$
	1	247.3	248.0	249.1	249.3	250.1	251.1	251.8	252.2	252.9	253.3	254.3
	2	19.44	19.45	19.45	19.46	19.46	19.47	19.48	19.48	19.48	19.49	19.50
	3	8.67	8.66	8.64	8.63	8.62	8.59	8.58	8.57	8.56	8.55	8.53
	4	5.82	5.80	5.77	5.77	5.75	5.72	5.70	5.69	5.67	5.66	5.63
	5	4.58	4.56	4.53	4.52	4.50	4.46	4.44	4.43	4.41	4.40	4.37
	6	3.90	3.87	3.84	3.83	3.81	3.77	3.75	3.74	3.72	3.70	3.67
	7	3.47	3.44	3.41	3.40	3.38	3.34	3.32	3.30	3.28	3.27	3.23
	8	3.17	3.15	3.12	3.11	3.08	3.04	3.02	3.01	2.98	2.97	2.93
	9	2.96	2.94	2.90	2.89	2.86	2.83	2.80	2.79	2.76	2.75	2.71
	10	2.80	2.77	2.74	2.73	2.70	2.66	2.64	2.62	2.59	2.58	2.54
	11	2.67	2.65	2.61	2.60	2.57	2.53	2.51	2.49	2.46	2.45	2.40
	12	2.57	2.54	2.51	2.50	2.47	2.43	2.40	2.38	2.36	2.34	2.30
	13	2.48	2.46	2.42	2.41	2.38	2.34	2.31	2.30	2.27	2.25	2.21
	14	2.41	2.39	2.35	2.34	2.31	2.27	2.24	2.22	2.19	2.18	2.13
	15	2.35	2.33	2.29	2.28	2.25	2.20	2.18	2.16	2.13	2.11	2.07
	16	2.30	2.28	2.24	2.23	2.19	2.15	2.12	2.11	2.07	2.06	2.01
	17	2.26	2.23	2.19	2.18	2.15	2.10	2.08	2.06	2.03	2.01	1.96
	18	2.22	2.19	2.15	2.14	2.11	2.06	2.04	2.02	1.98	1.97	1.92
	19	2.18	2.16	2.11	2.11	2.07	2.03	2.00	1.98	1.95	1.93	1.88
	20	2.15	2.12	2.08	2.07	2.04	1.99	1.97	1.95	1.91	1.90	1.84
	21	2.12	2.10	2.05	2.05	2.01	1.96	1.94	1.92	1.88	1.87	1.81
	22	2.10	2.07	2.03	2.02	1.98	1.94	1.91	1.89	1.86	1.84	1.78
	23	2.08	2.05	2.01	2.00	1.96	1.91	1.88	1.86	1.83	1.81	1.76
	24	2.05	2.03	1.98	1.97	1.94	1.89	1.86	1.84	1.81	1.79	1.73
	25	2.04	2.01	1.96	1.96	1.92	1.87	1.84	1.82	1.79	1.77	1.71
	26	2.02	1.99	1.95	1.94	1.90	1.85	1.82	1.80	1.77	1.75	1.69
	27	2.00	1.97	1.93	1.92	1.88	1.84	1.81	1.79	1.75	1.73	1.67
	28	1.99	1.96	1.91	1.91	1.87	1.82	1.79	1.77	1.73	1.71	1.65
	29	1.97	1.94	1.90	1.89	1.85	1.81	1.77	1.75	1.72	1.70	1.64
	30	1.96	1.93	1.89	1.88	1.84	1.79	1.76	1.74	1.70	1.68	1.62
	40	1.87	1.84	1.79	1.78	1.74	1.69	1.66	1.64	1.60	1.58	1.51
	50	1.81	1.78	1.74	1.73	1.69	1.63	1.60	1.58	1.53	1.51	1.44
	60	1.78	1.75	1.70	1.69	1.65	1.59	1.56	1.53	1.49	1.47	1.39
	70	1.75	1.72	1.67	1.66	1.62	1.57	1.53	1.50	1.46	1.44	1.35
	80	1.73	1.70	1.65	1.64	1.60	1.54	1.51	1.48	1.44	1.41	1.32
	90	1.72	1.69	1.64	1.63	1.59	1.53	1.49	1.46	1.42	1.39	1.30
	100	1.71	1.68	1.63	1.62	1.57	1.52	1.48	1.45	1.40	1.38	1.28
	120	1.69	1.66	1.61	1.60	1.55	1.50	1.46	1.43	1.38	1.35	1.25
	150	1.67	1.64	1.59	1.58	1.54	1.48	1.44	1.41	1.36	1.33	1.22
	$\infty$	1.60	1.57	1.52	1.51	1.46	1.39	1.35	1.32	1.26	1.22	1.00

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## Tables of Distributions and Critical Values

$\frac{\nu_1}{\nu_2}$	$P(F_{\nu_1, \nu_2}) \leq 0.99$											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	12	15	
1	4052	4999	5404	5624	5764	5859	5928	5981	6022	6056	6107	6157
2	98.50	99.00	99.16	99.25	99.30	99.33	99.36	99.38	99.39	99.40	99.42	99.43
3	34.12	30.82	29.46	28.71	28.24	27.91	27.67	27.49	27.34	27.23	27.05	26.87
4	21.20	18.00	16.69	15.98	15.52	15.21	14.98	14.80	14.66	14.55	14.37	14.20
5	16.26	13.27	12.06	11.39	10.97	10.67	10.46	10.29	10.16	10.05	9.89	9.72
6	13.75	10.92	9.78	9.15	8.75	8.47	8.26	8.10	7.98	7.87	7.72	7.56
7	12.25	9.55	8.45	7.85	7.46	7.19	6.99	6.84	6.72	6.62	6.47	6.31
8	11.26	8.65	7.59	7.01	6.63	6.37	6.18	6.03	5.91	5.81	5.67	5.52
9	10.56	8.02	6.99	6.42	6.06	5.80	5.61	5.47	5.35	5.26	5.11	4.96
10	10.04	7.56	6.55	5.99	5.64	5.39	5.20	5.06	4.94	4.85	4.71	4.56
11	9.65	7.21	6.22	5.67	5.32	5.07	4.89	4.74	4.63	4.54	4.40	4.25
12	9.33	6.93	5.95	5.41	5.06	4.82	4.64	4.50	4.39	4.30	4.16	4.01
13	9.07	6.70	5.74	5.21	4.86	4.62	4.44	4.30	4.19	4.10	3.96	3.82
14	8.86	6.51	5.56	5.04	4.69	4.46	4.28	4.14	4.03	3.94	3.80	3.66
15	8.68	6.36	5.42	4.89	4.56	4.32	4.14	4.00	3.89	3.80	3.67	3.52
16	8.53	6.23	5.29	4.77	4.44	4.20	4.03	3.89	3.78	3.69	3.55	3.41
17	8.40	6.11	5.19	4.67	4.34	4.10	3.93	3.79	3.68	3.59	3.46	3.31
18	8.29	6.01	5.09	4.58	4.25	4.01	3.84	3.71	3.60	3.51	3.37	3.23
19	8.18	5.93	5.01	4.50	4.17	3.94	3.77	3.63	3.52	3.43	3.30	3.15
20	8.10	5.85	4.94	4.43	4.10	3.87	3.70	3.56	3.46	3.37	3.23	3.09
21	8.02	5.78	4.87	4.37	4.04	3.81	3.64	3.51	3.40	3.31	3.17	3.03
22	7.95	5.72	4.82	4.31	3.99	3.76	3.59	3.45	3.35	3.26	3.12	2.98
23	7.88	5.66	4.76	4.26	3.94	3.71	3.54	3.41	3.30	3.21	3.07	2.93
24	7.82	5.61	4.72	4.22	3.90	3.67	3.50	3.36	3.26	3.17	3.03	2.89
25	7.77	5.57	4.68	4.18	3.85	3.63	3.46	3.32	3.22	3.13	2.99	2.85
26	7.72	5.53	4.64	4.14	3.82	3.59	3.42	3.29	3.18	3.09	2.96	2.81
27	7.68	5.49	4.60	4.11	3.78	3.56	3.39	3.26	3.15	3.06	2.93	2.78
28	7.64	5.45	4.57	4.07	3.75	3.53	3.36	3.23	3.12	3.03	2.90	2.75
29	7.60	5.42	4.54	4.04	3.73	3.50	3.33	3.20	3.09	3.00	2.87	2.73
30	7.56	5.39	4.51	4.02	3.70	3.47	3.30	3.17	3.07	2.98	2.84	2.70
40	7.31	5.18	4.31	3.83	3.51	3.29	3.12	2.99	2.89	2.80	2.66	2.52
50	7.17	5.06	4.20	3.72	3.41	3.19	3.02	2.89	2.78	2.70	2.56	2.42
60	7.08	4.98	4.13	3.65	3.34	3.12	2.95	2.82	2.72	2.63	2.50	2.35
70	7.01	4.92	4.07	3.60	3.29	3.07	2.91	2.78	2.67	2.59	2.45	2.31
80	6.96	4.88	4.04	3.56	3.26	3.04	2.87	2.74	2.64	2.55	2.42	2.27
90	6.93	4.85	4.01	3.53	3.23	3.01	2.84	2.72	2.61	2.52	2.39	2.24
100	6.90	4.82	3.98	3.51	3.21	2.99	2.82	2.69	2.59	2.50	2.37	2.22
120	6.85	4.79	3.95	3.48	3.17	2.96	2.79	2.66	2.56	2.47	2.34	2.19
150	6.81	4.75	3.91	3.45	3.14	2.92	2.76	2.63	2.53	2.44	2.31	2.16
$\infty$	6.64	4.61	3.78	3.32	3.02	2.80	2.64	2.51	2.41	2.32	2.18	2.04

Tables of Distributions and Critical Values

		$P(F_{v_1, v_2}) \leq 0.99$										
$v_1$	$v_2$	18	20	24	25	30	40	50	60	90	120	$\infty$
1	6191	6209	6234	6240	6260	6286	6302	6313	6331	6340	6366	
2	99.44	99.45	99.46	99.46	99.47	99.48	99.48	99.48	99.49	99.49	99.50	
3	26.75	26.69	26.60	26.58	26.50	26.41	26.35	26.32	26.25	26.22	26.13	
4	14.08	14.02	13.93	13.91	13.84	13.75	13.69	13.65	13.59	13.56	13.46	
5	9.61	9.55	9.47	9.45	9.38	9.29	9.24	9.20	9.14	9.11	9.02	
6	7.45	7.40	7.31	7.30	7.23	7.14	7.09	7.06	7.00	6.97	6.88	
7	6.21	6.16	6.07	6.06	5.99	5.91	5.86	5.82	5.77	5.74	5.65	
8	5.41	5.36	5.28	5.26	5.20	5.12	5.07	5.03	4.97	4.95	4.86	
9	4.86	4.81	4.73	4.71	4.65	4.57	4.52	4.48	4.43	4.40	4.31	
10	4.46	4.41	4.33	4.31	4.25	4.17	4.12	4.08	4.03	4.00	3.91	
11	4.15	4.10	4.02	4.01	3.94	3.86	3.81	3.78	3.72	3.69	3.60	
12	3.91	3.86	3.78	3.76	3.70	3.62	3.57	3.54	3.48	3.45	3.36	
13	3.72	3.66	3.59	3.57	3.51	3.43	3.38	3.34	3.28	3.25	3.17	
14	3.56	3.51	3.43	3.41	3.35	3.27	3.22	3.18	3.12	3.09	3.00	
15	3.42	3.37	3.29	3.28	3.21	3.13	3.08	3.05	2.99	2.96	2.87	
16	3.31	3.26	3.18	3.16	3.10	3.02	2.97	2.93	2.87	2.84	2.75	
17	3.21	3.16	3.08	3.07	3.00	2.92	2.87	2.83	2.78	2.75	2.65	
18	3.13	3.08	3.00	2.98	2.92	2.84	2.78	2.75	2.69	2.66	2.57	
19	3.05	3.00	2.92	2.91	2.84	2.76	2.71	2.67	2.61	2.58	2.49	
20	2.99	2.94	2.86	2.84	2.78	2.69	2.64	2.61	2.55	2.52	2.42	
21	2.93	2.88	2.80	2.79	2.72	2.64	2.58	2.55	2.49	2.46	2.36	
22	2.88	2.83	2.75	2.73	2.67	2.58	2.53	2.50	2.43	2.40	2.31	
23	2.83	2.78	2.70	2.69	2.62	2.54	2.48	2.45	2.39	2.35	2.26	
24	2.79	2.74	2.66	2.64	2.58	2.49	2.44	2.40	2.34	2.31	2.21	
25	2.75	2.70	2.62	2.60	2.54	2.45	2.40	2.36	2.30	2.27	2.17	
26	2.72	2.66	2.58	2.57	2.50	2.42	2.36	2.33	2.26	2.23	2.13	
27	2.68	2.63	2.55	2.54	2.47	2.38	2.33	2.29	2.23	2.20	2.10	
28	2.65	2.60	2.52	2.51	2.44	2.35	2.30	2.26	2.20	2.17	2.06	
29	2.63	2.57	2.49	2.48	2.41	2.33	2.27	2.23	2.17	2.14	2.03	
30	2.60	2.55	2.47	2.45	2.39	2.30	2.25	2.21	2.14	2.11	2.01	
40	2.42	2.37	2.29	2.27	2.20	2.11	2.06	2.02	1.95	1.92	1.80	
50	2.32	2.27	2.18	2.17	2.10	2.01	1.95	1.91	1.84	1.80	1.68	
60	2.25	2.20	2.12	2.10	2.03	1.94	1.88	1.84	1.76	1.73	1.60	
70	2.20	2.15	2.07	2.05	1.98	1.89	1.83	1.78	1.71	1.67	1.54	
80	2.17	2.12	2.03	2.01	1.94	1.85	1.79	1.75	1.67	1.63	1.49	
90	2.14	2.09	2.00	1.99	1.92	1.82	1.76	1.72	1.64	1.60	1.46	
100	2.12	2.07	1.98	1.97	1.89	1.80	1.74	1.69	1.61	1.57	1.43	
120	2.09	2.03	1.95	1.93	1.86	1.76	1.70	1.66	1.58	1.53	1.38	
150	2.06	2.00	1.92	1.90	1.83	1.73	1.66	1.62	1.54	1.49	1.33	
$\infty$	1.93	1.88	1.79	1.77	1.70	1.59	1.52	1.47	1.38	1.32	1.00	

## Tables of Distributions and Critical Values

## Critical values for Duncan's multiple range test\*

Least significant studentized ranges for testing  $p$  successive values out of a linearly ordered arrangement of  $k$  sample means from a normal population with  $v$  degrees of freedom.

$\checkmark p$	$\alpha = 0.05$					$\checkmark p$	$\alpha = 0.01$				
	2	3	4	5	6		2	3	4	5	6
1	17.97	17.97	17.97	17.97	17.97	1	90.03	90.03	90.03	90.03	90.03
2	6.085	6.085	6.085	6.085	6.085	2	14.04	14.04	14.04	14.04	14.04
3	4.501	4.516	4.516	4.516	4.516	3	8.261	8.321	8.321	8.321	8.321
4	3.927	4.013	4.033	4.033	4.033	4	6.512	6.677	6.740	6.756	6.756
5	3.635	3.749	3.797	3.814	3.814	5	5.702	5.893	5.989	6.040	6.065
6	3.461	3.587	3.649	3.680	3.694	6	5.243	5.439	5.549	5.614	5.655
7	3.344	3.477	3.548	3.588	3.611	7	4.949	5.145	5.260	5.334	5.383
8	3.261	3.399	3.475	3.521	3.549	8	4.746	4.939	5.057	5.135	5.189
9	3.199	3.339	3.420	3.470	3.502	9	4.596	4.787	4.906	4.986	5.043
10	3.151	3.293	3.376	3.430	3.465	10	4.482	4.671	4.790	4.871	4.931
11	3.113	3.256	3.342	3.397	3.435	11	4.392	4.579	4.697	4.780	4.841
12	3.082	3.225	3.313	3.370	3.410	12	4.320	4.504	4.622	4.706	4.767
13	3.055	3.200	3.289	3.348	3.389	13	4.260	4.442	4.560	4.644	4.706
14	3.033	3.178	3.268	3.329	3.372	14	4.210	4.391	4.508	4.591	4.654
15	3.014	3.160	3.250	3.312	3.356	15	4.168	4.347	4.463	4.547	4.610
16	2.998	3.144	3.235	3.298	3.343	16	4.131	4.309	4.425	4.509	4.572
17	2.984	3.130	3.222	3.285	3.331	17	4.099	4.275	4.391	4.475	4.539
18	2.971	3.118	3.210	3.274	3.321	18	4.071	4.246	4.362	4.445	4.509
19	2.960	3.107	3.199	3.264	3.311	19	4.046	4.220	4.335	4.419	4.483
20	2.950	3.097	3.190	3.255	3.303	20	4.024	4.197	4.312	4.395	4.459
24	2.919	3.066	3.160	3.226	3.276	24	3.956	4.126	4.239	4.322	4.386
30	2.888	3.035	3.131	3.199	3.250	30	3.889	4.056	4.168	4.250	4.314
40	2.858	3.006	3.102	3.171	3.224	40	3.825	3.988	4.098	4.180	4.244
60	2.829	2.976	3.073	3.143	3.198	60	3.762	3.922	4.031	4.111	4.174
120	2.800	2.947	3.045	3.116	3.172	120	3.702	3.858	3.965	4.044	4.107
$\infty$	2.772	2.918	3.017	3.089	3.146	$\infty$	3.643	3.796	3.900	3.978	4.040

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## Tables of Distributions and Critical Values

Critical values for the Spearman rank correlation coefficient  $r_s^*$ 

2-tail	0.10	0.05	0.02	0.01
1-tail	0.05	0.025	0.01	0.005
<i>n: 4</i>				
5	0.900	1.000	1.000	
6	0.829	0.886	0.943	1.000
7	0.714	0.786	0.893	0.929
8	0.643	0.738	0.833	0.881
9	0.600	0.700	0.783	0.833
10	0.564	0.648	0.745	0.794
11	0.536	0.618	0.709	0.755
12	0.503	0.587	0.678	0.727
13	0.484	0.560	0.648	0.703
14	0.464	0.538	0.626	0.679
15	0.446	0.521	0.604	0.654
16	0.429	0.503	0.582	0.635
17	0.414	0.485	0.566	0.615
18	0.401	0.472	0.550	0.600
19	0.391	0.460	0.535	0.584
20	0.380	0.447	0.520	0.570
21	0.370	0.435	0.508	0.556
22	0.361	0.425	0.496	0.544
23	0.353	0.415	0.486	0.532
24	0.344	0.406	0.476	0.521
25	0.337	0.398	0.466	0.511
26	0.331	0.390	0.457	0.501
27	0.324	0.382	0.448	0.491
28	0.317	0.375	0.440	0.483
29	0.312	0.368	0.433	0.475
30	0.306	0.362	0.425	0.467

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 S. Kokoska and D. Zwillinger, 1999.  
*Probability and Statistics Tables and  
 Formulae*, Chapman & Hall/CRC, Boca  
 Raton, Florida, 188.

## Tables of Distributions and Critical Values

## Cumulative chi-square distribution

$$F(\chi^2) = P(\chi^2 \leq X^2)$$



df	0.005	0.01	0.025	0.05	0.10	0.90	0.95	0.975	0.99	0.995
1	0.0000393	0.000157	0.000982	0.00393	0.0158	2.71	3.84	5.02	6.63	7.88
2	0.0100	0.0201	0.0506	0.103	0.211	4.61	5.99	7.38	9.21	10.6
3	0.0717	0.115	0.216	0.352	0.584	6.25	7.81	9.35	11.3	12.8
4	0.207	0.297	0.484	0.711	1.06	7.78	9.49	11.1	13.3	14.9
5	0.412	0.554	0.831	1.15	1.61	9.24	11.1	12.8	15.1	16.7
6	0.676	0.872	1.24	1.64	2.20	10.6	12.6	14.4	16.8	18.5
7	0.989	1.24	1.69	2.17	2.83	12.0	14.1	16.0	18.5	20.3
8	1.34	1.65	2.18	2.73	3.49	13.4	15.5	17.5	20.1	22.0
9	1.73	2.09	2.70	3.33	4.17	14.7	16.9	19.0	21.7	23.6
10	2.16	2.56	3.25	3.94	4.87	16.0	18.3	20.5	23.2	25.2
11	2.60	3.05	3.82	4.57	5.58	17.3	19.7	21.9	24.7	26.8
12	3.07	3.57	4.40	5.23	6.30	18.5	21.0	23.3	26.2	28.3
13	3.57	4.11	5.01	5.89	7.04	19.8	22.4	24.7	27.7	29.8
14	4.07	4.66	5.63	6.57	7.79	21.1	23.7	26.1	29.1	31.3
15	4.60	5.23	6.26	7.26	8.55	22.3	25.0	27.5	30.6	32.8
16	5.14	5.81	6.91	7.96	9.31	23.5	26.3	28.8	32.0	34.3
17	5.70	6.41	7.56	8.67	10.1	24.8	27.6	30.2	33.4	35.7
18	6.26	7.01	8.23	9.39	10.9	26.0	28.9	31.5	34.8	37.2
19	6.84	7.63	8.91	10.1	11.7	27.2	30.1	32.9	36.2	38.6
20	7.43	8.26	9.59	10.9	12.4	28.4	31.4	34.2	37.6	40.0
21	8.03	8.90	10.3	11.6	13.2	29.6	32.7	35.5	38.9	41.4
22	8.64	9.54	11.0	12.3	14.0	30.8	33.9	36.8	40.3	42.8
23	9.26	10.2	11.7	13.1	14.8	32.0	35.2	38.1	41.6	44.2
24	9.89	10.9	12.4	13.8	15.7	33.2	36.4	39.4	43.0	45.6
25	10.5	11.5	13.1	14.6	16.5	34.4	37.7	40.6	44.3	46.9
26	11.2	12.2	13.8	15.4	17.3	35.6	38.9	41.9	45.6	48.3
27	11.8	12.9	14.6	16.2	18.1	36.7	40.1	43.2	47.0	49.6
28	12.5	13.6	15.3	16.9	18.9	37.9	41.3	44.5	48.3	51.0
29	13.1	14.3	16.0	17.7	19.8	39.1	42.6	45.7	49.6	52.3
30	13.8	15.0	16.8	18.5	20.6	40.3	43.8	47.0	50.9	53.7
31	14.5	15.7	17.5	19.3	21.4	41.4	45.0	48.2	52.2	55.0
32	15.1	16.4	18.3	20.1	22.3	42.6	46.2	49.5	53.5	56.3
33	15.8	17.1	19.0	20.9	23.1	43.7	47.4	50.7	54.8	57.6
34	16.5	17.8	19.8	21.7	24.0	44.9	48.6	52.0	56.1	59.0
35	17.2	18.5	20.6	22.5	24.8	46.1	49.8	53.2	57.3	60.3
36	17.9	19.2	21.3	23.3	25.6	47.2	51.0	54.4	58.6	61.6
37	18.6	20.0	22.1	24.1	26.5	48.4	52.2	55.7	59.9	62.9
38	19.3	20.7	22.9	24.9	27.3	49.5	53.4	56.9	61.2	64.2
39	20.0	21.4	23.7	25.7	28.2	50.7	54.6	58.1	62.4	65.5
40	20.7	22.2	24.4	26.5	29.1	51.8	55.8	59.3	63.7	66.8

## Statistical Tables and Graphs

Critical Values of the Mann-Whitney *U*  
Distribution

<i>n</i> <sub>1</sub>	<i>n</i> <sub>2</sub>	α(2): 0.20 0.10 0.05 0.02 0.01 0.005 0.002 0.001	α(1): 0.10 0.05 0.025 0.01 0.005 0.0025 0.001 0.0005
6	26	106 110 114 118 122 125 129 133 137 141 145 149 153 157 161	113 117 124 132 137 134 146 150 154 159 163 172 177 182 186 191
6	40	126 128 132 140 145 149 154 163 169 173 178 182 188 192 197	126 135 140 145 149 154 159 163 169 174 179 183 188 193 198 203
7	7	36 40 45 49 54 58 63 67 72 76 82 86 91 96 101 106 111 116 121 126 125 129 134 139 146 144 149 153 161 166 171 181 191 196	38 43 51 53 61 65 71 75 81 83 91 94 96 100 105 111 112 117 122 127 132 133 139 144 149 153 157 161 170 176 181 187 191 193 197 199 204 203
7	40	117 120 125 131 136 141 146 151 156 161 166 172 177 182 187 191 196 206	120 125 131 137 144 154 160 165 165 170 176 181 186 191 196 191 196 217
8	8	45 50 56	49 54 60
8	9	51 57 63	55 61 67
8	10	57 63 67	58 63 69
		60 65 71	62 67 74
		66 71	68 75