
UNIVERSITI SAINS MALAYSIA

Second Semester Examination
2009/2010 Academic Session

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MST 565 – Linear Model
[Model Linear]

Duration : 3 hours
[Masa : 3 jam]

Please check that this examination paper consists of NINE pages of printed material before you begin the examination.

[Sila pastikan bahawa kertas peperiksaan ini mengandungi SEMBILAN muka surat yang bercetak sebelum anda memulakan peperiksaan ini.]

Instructions : Answer **all four** [4] questions.

Arahan : Jawab **semua empat** [4] soalan.]

In the event of any discrepancies, the English version shall be used.

[Sekiranya terdapat sebarang percanggahan pada soalan peperiksaan, versi Bahasa Inggeris hendaklah diguna pakai].

1. (a) Consider the symmetric nonsingular matrix $\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{A}_{11} & \mathbf{a}_{12} \\ \mathbf{a}_{12}' & a_{22} \end{pmatrix}$ in which \mathbf{A}_{11} is a square matrix, a_{22} is a 1×1 matrix, and \mathbf{a}_{12} is a vector. Then, if \mathbf{A}_{11}^{-1} exists, show that the inverse of \mathbf{A} is given as:

$$\mathbf{A}^{-1} = \frac{1}{b} \begin{pmatrix} b\mathbf{A}_{11}^{-1} + \mathbf{A}_{11}^{-1}\mathbf{a}_{12}\mathbf{a}_{12}'\mathbf{A}_{11}^{-1} & -\mathbf{A}_{11}^{-1}\mathbf{a}_{12} \\ -\mathbf{a}_{12}'\mathbf{A}_{11}^{-1} & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

where $b = a_{22} - \mathbf{a}_{12}'\mathbf{A}_{11}^{-1}\mathbf{a}_{12}$.

[5 marks]

- (b) Let $\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$. Find the two generalized inverses of \mathbf{A} , denoted as \mathbf{A}_1^- and \mathbf{A}_2^- and verify that $\mathbf{A}\mathbf{A}_1^-\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{A}$ and $\mathbf{A}\mathbf{A}_2^-\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{A}$.

[5 marks]

- (c) Using matrix \mathbf{A} in (b) and consider $\mathbf{A}_1^- = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$, state the relationships between $\text{tr } \mathbf{A}^-\mathbf{A}$, $\text{tr } \mathbf{A}\mathbf{A}^-$ and $\text{rank } \mathbf{A}$.

[5 marks]

- (d) If \mathbf{A} is any 3×3 matrix with eigenvalues $\lambda_1 = 1, \lambda_2 = 5$ and $\lambda_3 = -3$, determine $|\mathbf{A}|$ and $\text{tr } \mathbf{A}$.

[5 marks]

1. (a) Pertimbangkan satu matriks tak singular yang simetri $\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{A}_{11} & \mathbf{a}_{12} \\ \mathbf{a}_{12} & a_{22} \end{pmatrix}$, yang mana \mathbf{A}_{11} matriks segi-empat, a_{22} matriks 1×1 , dan \mathbf{a}_{12} suatu vektor. Seterusnya, jika wujud \mathbf{A}_{11}^{-1} , tunjukkan bahawa songsangan bagi \mathbf{A} diberikan sebagai

$$\mathbf{A}^{-1} = \frac{1}{b} \begin{pmatrix} b\mathbf{A}_{11}^{-1} + \mathbf{A}_{11}^{-1}\mathbf{a}_{12}\mathbf{A}_{11}^{-1} & -\mathbf{A}_{11}^{-1}\mathbf{a}_{12} \\ -\mathbf{a}_{12}\mathbf{A}_{11}^{-1} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

yang mana $b = a_{22} - \mathbf{a}_{12}\mathbf{A}_{11}^{-1}\mathbf{a}_{12}$.

[5 markah]

- (b) Biar $\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$. Cari dua songsangan teritlak bagi \mathbf{A} , yang diwakili

sebagai \mathbf{A}_1^{-} dan \mathbf{A}_2^{-} dan tentusahkan bahawa $\mathbf{A}\mathbf{A}_1^{-}\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{A}$ dan $\mathbf{A}\mathbf{A}_2^{-}\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{A}$.

[5 markah]

- (c) Menggunakan matriks \mathbf{A} dalam (b) dan pertimbangkan $\mathbf{A}_1^{-} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$,

nyatakan hubungan antara surihan $\mathbf{A}^{-}\mathbf{A}$, surihan $\mathbf{A}\mathbf{A}^{-}$ dan pangkat \mathbf{A} .

[5 markah]

- (d) Jika \mathbf{A} suatu matriks 3×3 dengan nilai eigen $\lambda_1 = 1, \lambda_2 = 5$ dan $\lambda_3 = -3$, tentukan $|\mathbf{A}|$ dan surihan \mathbf{A} .

[5 markah]

2. (a) Let $\mathbf{y} = y_1, y_2, y_3'$ be a random vector with mean vector and covariance matrix

$$\boldsymbol{\mu} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}, \boldsymbol{\Sigma} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 3 & 10 \end{pmatrix}$$

- (i) Let $z = 2y_1 - 3y_2 + y_3$. Find $E z$ and $Var z$
 (ii) Let $z_1 = y_1 + y_2 + y_3$ and $z_2 = 3y_1 + y_2 - 2y_3$. Find $E \mathbf{z}$ and $Var \mathbf{z}$
 where $\mathbf{z} = z_1, z_2'$.

[8 marks]

- (b) Let the random vector \mathbf{v} be $N_4 \boldsymbol{\mu}, \boldsymbol{\Sigma}$ with

$$\boldsymbol{\mu} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \boldsymbol{\Sigma} = \begin{pmatrix} 9 & 0 & 3 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 3 & -1 & 6 & -3 \\ 3 & 2 & -3 & 7 \end{pmatrix}.$$

If \mathbf{v} is partitioned as $\mathbf{v} = y_1, y_2, x_1, x_2'$

- (i) Determine $\boldsymbol{\mu}_y, \boldsymbol{\mu}_x, \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_{yy}, \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_{yx}$ and $\boldsymbol{\Sigma}_{xx}$.
 (ii) Find the conditional distribution of $\mathbf{y} | \mathbf{x}$.
 (iii) Find matrix of partial correlations, $\mathbf{P}_{12.34}$

[16 marks]

- (c) Let $\mathbf{v} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{y} \\ \mathbf{x} \end{pmatrix} = y_1, y_2, x_1, x_2'$ be a partitioned random vector with mean vector and covariance matrix given as in Question 2(b). Given $\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$, a matrix of constants, determine the expected value of $\mathbf{x}'\mathbf{A}\mathbf{y}$.

[6 marks]

2. (a) Biar $\mathbf{y} = y_1, y_2, y_3'$ sebagai satu vektor rawak dengan vektor min dan matriks kovarians

$$\boldsymbol{\mu} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}, \boldsymbol{\Sigma} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 3 & 10 \end{pmatrix}$$

- (i) Biar $z = 2y_1 - 3y_2 + y_3$. Cari $E z$ dan $\text{Var } z$
(ii) Biar $z_1 = y_1 + y_2 + y_3$ dan $z_2 = 3y_1 + y_2 - 2y_3$. Cari $E \mathbf{z}$ dan $\text{Var } \mathbf{z}$, yang mana $\mathbf{z} = z_1, z_2'$.

[8 markah]

- (b) Biar vektor rawak \mathbf{v} sebagai $N_4 \boldsymbol{\mu}, \boldsymbol{\Sigma}$ dengan

$$\boldsymbol{\mu} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \boldsymbol{\Sigma} = \begin{pmatrix} 9 & 0 & 3 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 3 & -1 & 6 & -3 \\ 3 & 2 & -3 & 7 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Jika \mathbf{v} terpetak sebagai $\mathbf{v} = y_1, y_2, x_1, x_2'$

- (i) Tentukan $\boldsymbol{\mu}_y, \boldsymbol{\mu}_x, \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_{yy}, \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_{yx}$ dan $\boldsymbol{\Sigma}_{xx}$.
(ii) Cari taburan bersyarat untuk $\mathbf{y} | \mathbf{x}$.
(iii) Cari matriks korelasi separa, $\mathbf{P}_{12.34}$.

[16 markah]

- (c) Biar $\mathbf{v} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{y} \\ \mathbf{x} \end{pmatrix} = y_1, y_2, x_1, x_2'$ satu vektor rawak terpetak dengan vektor min dan matriks kovarians seperti diberikan dalam Soalan 2(b). Diberikan satu matriks pemalar, $\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$, tentukan nilai jangkaan bagi $\mathbf{x}'\mathbf{A}\mathbf{y}$.

[6 markah]

3. (a) Suppose that \mathbf{y} is $N_3 \boldsymbol{\mu}, \sigma^2 \mathbf{I}$ and let

$$\boldsymbol{\mu} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{A} = \frac{1}{3} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- (i) Determine the distribution of $\mathbf{y}'\mathbf{A}\mathbf{y}/\sigma^2$.
 (ii) Verify either $\mathbf{y}'\mathbf{A}\mathbf{y}$ and $\mathbf{B}\mathbf{y}$ are independent or not?
 (iii) What about $\mathbf{y}'\mathbf{A}\mathbf{y}$ and $y_1 + y_2 + y_3$, are they independent or not?

[12 marks]

- (b) Assuming that \mathbf{y} is $N_4 \boldsymbol{\mu}, \boldsymbol{\Sigma}$, where

$$\boldsymbol{\mu} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \\ 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}, \boldsymbol{\Sigma} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & -4 & 6 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Find a matrix \mathbf{A} such that $\mathbf{y}'\mathbf{A}\mathbf{y}$ is $\chi^2\left(4, \frac{1}{2}\boldsymbol{\mu}'\mathbf{A}\boldsymbol{\mu}\right)$ then determine the value of λ .

[6 marks]

- (c) Suppose that for a particular linear model, we found that

$$\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } \mathbf{X}'\mathbf{y} = \begin{pmatrix} 14 \\ 6 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

and the normal equations are

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} b_0 \\ b_1 \\ b_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 14 \\ 6 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}.$$

- (i) Determine either the model is a full-rank or not.
 (ii) Using $M_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$, find the generalized inverse of $\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X}$.
 (iii) Check either β_0 is estimable or not

[7 marks]

...7/-

3. (a) Katakan bahwa \mathbf{y} adalah $N_3 \boldsymbol{\mu}, \sigma^2 \mathbf{I}$ dan biar

$$\boldsymbol{\mu} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{A} = \frac{1}{3} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- (i) Tentukan taburan bagi $\mathbf{y}'\mathbf{A}\mathbf{y}/\sigma^2$.
 (ii) Sahkan sama ada $\mathbf{y}'\mathbf{A}\mathbf{y}$ dan $\mathbf{B}\mathbf{y}$ adalah tak bersandar atau tidak?
 (iii) Bagaimana dengan $\mathbf{y}'\mathbf{A}\mathbf{y}$ dan $y_1 + y_2 + y_3$, adakah ia tak bersandar atau tidak?

[12 markah]

- (b) Andaikan bahawa \mathbf{y} sebagai $N_4 \boldsymbol{\mu}, \boldsymbol{\Sigma}$, yang mana

$$\boldsymbol{\mu} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \\ 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}, \boldsymbol{\Sigma} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & -4 & 6 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Cari satu matriks \mathbf{A} supaya $\mathbf{y}'\mathbf{A}\mathbf{y}$ merupakan $\chi^2\left(4, \frac{1}{2}\boldsymbol{\mu}'\mathbf{A}\boldsymbol{\mu}\right)$, kemudian tentukan nilai λ .

[6 markah]

- (c) Katakan bahawa untuk satu model linear, kita dapati bahawa

$$\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \text{ dan } \mathbf{X}'\mathbf{y} = \begin{pmatrix} 14 \\ 6 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

dan persamaan normal sebagai

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} b_0 \\ b_1 \\ b_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 14 \\ 6 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}.$$

- (i) Tentukan sama ada model tersebut berpangkat penuh atau tidak.
 (ii) Menggunakan $M_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$, dapatkan songsangan teritlak $\mathbf{X}\mathbf{X}'$.
 (iii) Semak sama ada β_0 teranggarkan atau tidak?

[7 markah]

...8/-

4. (a) Consider the one-way classification model

$$y_{ij} = \mu + \tau_i + \varepsilon_{ij}; i = 1, 2, j = 1, 2$$

- (i) Write the model in matrix form $\mathbf{y} = \mathbf{X}\boldsymbol{\beta} + \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}$ and determine the rank of \mathbf{X} .
 (ii) Identify the estimable functions, $\boldsymbol{\gamma} = \mathbf{U}\boldsymbol{\beta}$.
 (iii) Determine \mathbf{Z} by using a reparameterize technique to reduce the non-full rank model $\mathbf{y} = \mathbf{X}\boldsymbol{\beta} + \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}$ to a full-rank model $\mathbf{y} = \mathbf{Z}\boldsymbol{\beta} + \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}$.

[15 marks]

- (b) Weight gains in cows subjected to three different treatments are given in Table 1.

Table 1: Weight Gain of Cows Subjected to Three Treatments

Treatment		
1	2	3
34.6	38.8	26.7
35.1	39.0	26.7
35.3	40.1	27.0
35.8	40.9	27.1
36.1	41.0	27.5
36.5	43.2	28.1
36.8	44.9	28.1
37.2	46.9	28.7
37.4	51.6	30.7
37.7	53.6	31.2

Test the hypothesis of equal mean treatment effects.

[10 marks]

4. (a) *Pertimbangkan model sehal*

$$y_{ij} = \mu + \tau_i + \varepsilon_{ij}; i=1,2, j=1,2$$

- (i) *Tuliskan model tersebut dalam bentuk matriks $\mathbf{y} = \mathbf{X}\boldsymbol{\beta} + \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}$ dan tentukan pangkat \mathbf{X} .*
- (ii) *Kenalpasti fungsi terangkan $\boldsymbol{\gamma} = \mathbf{U}\boldsymbol{\beta}$.*
- (iii) *Tentukan \mathbf{Z} menggunakan teknik parameterkan untuk turunkan model tak berpangkat penuh $\mathbf{y} = \mathbf{X}\boldsymbol{\beta} + \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}$ kepada model berpangkat penuh $\mathbf{y} = \mathbf{Z}\boldsymbol{\beta} + \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}$.*

[15 markah]

(b) *Pertambahan berat pada lembu bergantung kepada tiga rawatan berlainan diberikan dalam Jadual 1.*

Jadual 1: *Pertambahan Berat Pada Lembu Bergantung Kepada Tiga Rawatan*

Rawatan		
1	2	3
34.6	38.8	26.7
35.1	39.0	26.7
35.3	40.1	27.0
35.8	40.9	27.1
36.1	41.0	27.5
36.5	43.2	28.1
36.8	44.9	28.1
37.2	46.9	28.7
37.4	51.6	30.7
37.7	53.6	31.2

Uji hipotesis kesamaan min kesan rawatan.

[10 markah]