

Tempat Duduk: _____

Angka Giliran: _____

UNIVERSITI SAINS MALAYSIA
Peperiksaan Semester Pertama
Sidang 1987/88

HET 203 - Pengantar Linguistik Am untuk Guru

Tarikh: 5 November 1987

Masa: 2.15 ptg. - 5.15 ptg.
(3 jam)

Answer ALL questions.

Section A to be answered on the separate answer scripts provided. All other sections to be answered on this question paper.

SECTION A

Answer ALL questions from this section. Each question should be answered in about 150 words.

1. Explain the physiological adaptation theory of language origin.
2. Explain the behaviorist theory of language acquisition.
3. Discuss Noam Chomsky's ideas about language, specifically the four(4) properties of language.

SECTION B

Write short notes on the following. Include examples where necessary.

4. diphthong: _____

Angka Giliran: _____

5. allomorph: _____

6. lingua franca: _____

7. derivational morpheme: _____

8. free variation: _____

9. creole: _____

10. generative grammar: _____

11. phoneme: _____

12. telegraphic speech: _____

Angka Giliran: _____

13. aphasia: _____

14. anomaly: _____

15. assimilation rule: _____

16. LAD: _____

17. competence: _____

SECTION C

State whether the following are TRUE or FALSE. If false, explain why.

18. All stops are also called plosives. _____

Explanation: _____

Angka Giliran: -----

19. The meaning of a compound word always depends on the sum meanings of its parts.

Explanation: -----

20. Word coinage is when you take the beginnings of one word and join it to the endings of other words.

Explanation: -----

21. An allophone is a non-predictable phonetic variant of a phoneme.

Explanation: -----

22. Functional morphemes are used to indicate aspects of grammatical function.

Explanation: -----

23. Phonology provides the means to describe the sounds, whereas phonetics tells us that they function as phonemes.

Explanation: -----

Angka Giliran: -----

24. Non-nasal stops and affricates are non-continuant abstruents. -----

Explanation: -----

25. Inflectional morphemes always surround derivational morphemes. -----

Explanation: -----

26. When there is both a change in form and a change in meaning, we know the sound segments represent different allophones. -----

Explanation: -----

27. When the meaning of one form is included in the meaning of another, the relationship is called polysemy. -----

Explanation: -----

28. Complementary pairs are non-gradable antonyms. -----

Explanation: -----

Angka Giliran: _____

29. Bear is a hyponym of bare. _____

Explanation: _____

30. In writing, the use of homophones can lead to ambiguity. _____

Explanation: _____

31. The rules that determine the basic constituent structure of sentences are called phrase-structure rules. _____

Explanation: _____

SECTION D

Rewrite the following rules according to formal means.

32. Liquids or nasals become voiceless when they occur after voiceless consonants.

Angka Giliran: -----

33. A lateral becomes syllabic when it occurs after a stop and at the end of a sentence.

34. A lateral becomes velarized when the preceding sound is a high back vowel or a high front vowel.

35. Vowels become long when it occurs at the end of a word or when followed by a voiced consonant.

Angka Giliran: -----

36. Voiceless stops are aspirated when they are in initial position in a word and when followed by a vowel.

SECTION E

Rewrite the following sentences by separating each morpheme in the sentence. Then indicate below the morpheme whether it is a"

- (a) derivational morpheme
- (b) inflectional morpheme
- (c) lexical morpheme
- (d) functional morpheme

Example: The boy's sister laughed

The boy -s sister laugh -ed

(a) (b) (c) (d) (a) (b)

37. The leader uses the deadliest weapon.

Angka Giliran: -----

38. I dislike driving the car when it rains.

39. The bigger ones are usually the ones that are given.

40. The painters will have to repaint the doorway.

41. The artists are meeting with the chairman's youngest son.

42. Her anger shocked everyone, including the visiting teachers.

Angka Giliran: _____

43. He fearlessly jumped off the building.

44. The manager predicted that the clearance sale will be successful.

SECTION F

Answer the following questions by giving the correct word, sentence, symbol or diagram.

45. _____ is a voiceless palatal affricate.

46. _____ is a labiovelar glide.

47. / ə / is a _____

48. / ʒ / is a _____

Angka Giliran: _____

49. The presuppositions in, "if you copy again, you'll be sorry," are

50. Surface structural ambiguity is when _____

51. Draw the tree diagrams for the following sentences:

- (a) The old man bought the little, red book.
(Draw the surface structure)

Angka Giliran: -----

(b) They are visiting relatives.
(Show the ambiguity in the sentence).

(c) The fruit was stolen by Ali.
(Draw the deep and surface structure).