
UNIVERSITI SAINS MALAYSIA

Second Semester Examination
Academic Session 2008/2009

April/May 2009

MSG 367 – Time Series Analysis
[Analisis Siri Masa]

Duration : 3 hours
[Masa : 3 jam]

Please check that this examination paper consists of TEN pages of printed material before you begin the examination.

[Sila pastikan bahawa kertas peperiksaan ini mengandungi SEPULUH muka surat yang bercetak sebelum anda memulakan peperiksaan ini.]

Instructions: Answer all ten [10] questions.

Arahan: Jawab semua sepuluh [10] soalan.]

1. Find the mean and covariance function for each of the following processes. In each case, determine whether or not the process is stationary.

- (a) $Y_t = \theta_0 + tZ_t$
- (b) $W_t = \nabla Y_t$, where Y_t is as given in part (a)
- (c) $Y_t = Z_t Z_{t-1}$ (assume that $\{Z_t\}$ is normal white noise)

[8 marks]

2. Show that the variance function of ARMA(1,1) model

$$Y_t = \phi Y_{t-1} + Z_t + \theta Z_{t-1}$$

where $Z_t \sim N(0,1)$ is given by $Var(Y_t) = \frac{1+2\phi\theta+\theta^2}{1-\phi^2}$.

[10 marks]

3. Describe the important characteristics of the autocorrelation and partial autocorrelation functions for the following models:

- (a) ARIMA(0,0,1)
- (b) ARIMA(0,0,2)
- (c) ARIMA(1,0,0)
- (d) ARIMA(2,0,0)
- (e) ARIMA(1,0,1)

[15 marks]

4. Consider a process that satisfies the zero-mean, “stationary” AR(1) equation

$Y_t = \phi Y_{t-1} + Z_t$ with $-1 < \phi < 1$. Let c be any nonzero constant, and define

$$W_t = Y_t + c\phi^t.$$

- (a) Show that $E[W_t] = c\phi^t$.
- (b) Show that $\{W_t\}$ satisfies the “stationary” AR(1) equation
 $W_t = \phi W_{t-1} + Z_t$.
- (c) Is $\{W_t\}$ stationary?

[8 marks]

1. Dapatkan fungsi min dan kovarians bagi setiap proses berikut. Bagi setiap proses tentukan sama ada setiap proses adalah pegun.

- (a) $Y_t = \theta_0 + tZ_t$
- (b) $W_t = \nabla Y_t$, yang mana Y_t adalah dari bahagian (a)
- (c) $Y_t = Z_t Z_{t-1}$ (Anggapkan $\{Z_t\}$ adalah proses hingar putih yang normal)

[8 markah]

2. Tunjukkan fungsi varians bagi model ARMA(1,1)

$$Y_t = \phi Y_{t-1} + Z_t + \theta Z_{t-1}$$

yang mana $Z_t \sim N(0,1)$ dinyatakan sebagai $Var(Y_t) = \frac{1+2\phi\theta+\theta^2}{1-\phi^2}$.

[10 markah]

3. Berikan ciri-ciri penting fungsi autokolerasi dan fungsi autokolerasi separa bagi model-model berikut:

- (a) ARIMA(0,0,1)
- (b) ARIMA(0,0,2)
- (c) ARIMA(1,0,0)
- (d) ARIMA(2,0,0)
- (e) ARIMA(1,0,1)

[15 markah]

4. Pertimbangkan proses AR(1) pegun dengan min sifar yang memenuhi persamaan $Y_t = \phi Y_{t-1} + Z_t$ dengan $-1 < \phi < 1$. Biarkan c nilai malar tak sifar dan takrifkan sebagai $W_t = Y_t + c\phi^t$.

- (a) Tunjukkan $E[W_t] = c\phi^t$.
- (b) Tunjukkan bahawa $\{W_t\}$ memenuhi persamaan proses AR(1) pegun $W_t = \phi W_{t-1} + Z_t$.
- (c) Adakah $\{W_t\}$ pegun?

[8 markah]

5. Consider the ARIMA (0,1,1) model

$$(1-B)Y_t = (1-\theta B)Z_t$$

- (a) Write down the forecast equation that generates the forecasts, $\hat{Y}_n(l)$.
- (b) Find the 95% forecast limits for $\hat{Y}_n(l)$.
- (c) Express the forecasts as a weighted average of previous observations.
- (d) Discuss the connection of this forecast $\hat{Y}_n(l)$ with the one generated by the simple exponential smoothing method.

[12 marks]

6. Identify the values of p,d,q, P,D,Q, s for the following multiplicative seasonal ARIMA models:

- (a) $Y_t = 0.5Y_{t-1} + Y_{t-4} - 0.5Y_{t-5} + Z_t - 0.3Z_{t-1}$
- (b) $Y_t = Y_{t-1} + Y_{t-12} + Y_{t-13} + Z_t - 0.5Z_{t-1} - Z_{t-12} + 0.25Z_{t-13}$
- (c) $Y_t = Y_{t-12} + 0.7(Y_{t-1} - Y_{t-13}) + Z_t - 0.3Z_{t-12}$
- (d) $(1 - 0.27B - 0.21B^2)(1 - B^{12})Y_t = (1 - 0.49B^{12})Z_t$

[8 marks]

7. (a) For a series of length 64, the sample partial autocorrelations are given as:

Lag	1	2	3	4	5
PACF	0.47	-0.34	0.20	0.02	-0.06

Find a suitable model for the series above.

- (b) The sample ACF for a series and its first difference are given in the following table. Here $n = 100$.

Lag	1	2	3	4	5	6
ACF for Y_t	0.97	0.97	0.93	0.85	0.80	0.71
ACF for ∇Y_t	-0.42	0.18	-0.02	0.07	-0.10	-0.09

Based on this information alone, find a suitable model for the series above.

[7 marks]

5. Pertimbangkan model ARIMA (0,1,1)

$$(1 - B)Y_t = (1 - \theta B)Z_t$$

- (a) Tuliskan persamaan telahan yang menjana telahan, $\hat{Y}_n(l)$.
- (b) Dapatkan had telahan 95% untuk $\hat{Y}_n(l)$.
- (c) Nyatakan telahan sebagai purata pemberat cerapan terdahulu.
- (d) Bincangkan hubungan antara telahan $\hat{Y}_n(l)$ dengan telahan yang dijana oleh kaedah pelicinan exponen ringkas.

[12 markah]

6. Kenalpasti nilai-nilai p,d,q, P,D,Q, s bagi setiap model berdaraban ARIMA bermusim berikut:

- (a) $Y_t = 0.5Y_{t-1} + Y_{t-4} - 0.5Y_{t-5} + Z_t - 0.3Z_{t-1}$
- (b) $Y_t = Y_{t-1} + Y_{t-12} + Y_{t-13} + Z_t - 0.5Z_{t-1} - Z_{t-12} + 0.25Z_{t-13}$
- (c) $Y_t = Y_{t-12} + 0.7(Y_{t-1} - Y_{t-13}) + Z_t - 0.3Z_{t-12}$
- (d) $(1 - 0.27B - 0.21B^2)(1 - B^{12})Y_t = (1 - 0.49B^{12})Z_t$

[8 markah]

7. (a) Nilai-nilai autokolerasi separa sampel bagi suatu siri dengan 64 nilai diberikan seperti berikut:

Susulan	1	2	3	4	5
PACF	0.47	-0.34	0.20	0.02	-0.06

Dapatkan model yang sesuai bagi siri di atas.

- (b) Jadual menunjukkan nilai-nilai autokolerasi sampel untuk suatu siri dan perbezaan pertama siri tersebut dengan $n = 100$.

Susulan	1	2	3	4	5	6
ACF untuk Y_t	0.97	0.97	0.93	0.85	0.80	0.71
ACF untuk ∇Y_t	-0.42	0.18	-0.02	0.07	-0.10	-0.09

Berdasarkan maklumat ini, dapatkan model yang sesuai bagi siri di atas.

[7 markah]

8. An AR model has AR characteristic polynomial $(1 - 1.6Y + 0.7Y^2)(1 - 0.8Y^{12})$
- Is the model stationary?
 - Identify the model as a certain seasonal ARIMA model.
- [6 marks]

9. Consider the ARCH(1) model $r_t = \sigma_{t|t-1} \varepsilon_t$ where the ε_t are independently identically distributed (i.i.d) random variable with mean 0 and variance 1, and $\sigma_{t|t-1}^2 = \omega + \alpha r_{t-1}^2$ where α and ω are unknown parameters. Show that the unconditional variance of r_t is $Var(r_t) = \omega / (1 - \alpha)$

[6 marks]

10. (a) Summarize the Box-Jenkins three-stage modeling procedure.
 (b) The series analyzed here is the monthly price of Tahir Limited common shares from January 2003 to October 2008 with a total of 70 observations. Based on the output given in Appendix discuss the best fitted model for the series using the Box-Jenkins procedures.

[20 marks]

8. Suatu model AR mempunyai polinomial cirian $(1 - 1.6Y + 0.7Y^2)(1 - 0.8Y^{12})$
- Adakah model ini pegun?
 - Kenalpasti model ini sebagai suatu model ARIMA bermusim.
- [6 markah]

9. Pertimbangkan model $ARCH(l)$ $r_t = \sigma_{t|t-1} \varepsilon_t$, di mana ε_t adalah pemboleh ubah rawak tertabur secara secaman dan tak bersandar (i.i.d) dengan min 0 and variance 1, dan $\sigma_{t|t-1}^2 = \varpi + \alpha r_{t-1}^2$ yang mana α dan ϖ adalah parameter yang tidak diketahui. Tunjukkan bahawa varians bersyarat r_t adalah $Var(r_t) = \varpi / (1 - \alpha)$

[6 markah]

10. (a) Terangkan secara ringkas kaedah pemodelan tiga peringkat Box-Jenkins.
- (b) Siri yang dianalisis adalah harga bulanan saham umum bagi Tahir Limited dari Januari 2003 hingga Oktober 2008 dengan jumlah cerapan sebanyak 70. Berdasarkan output yang diberikan dalam Lampiran bincangkan penyuaian model yang terbaik dengan menggunakan kaedah pemodelan Box-Jenkins..

[20 markah]

APPENDIX

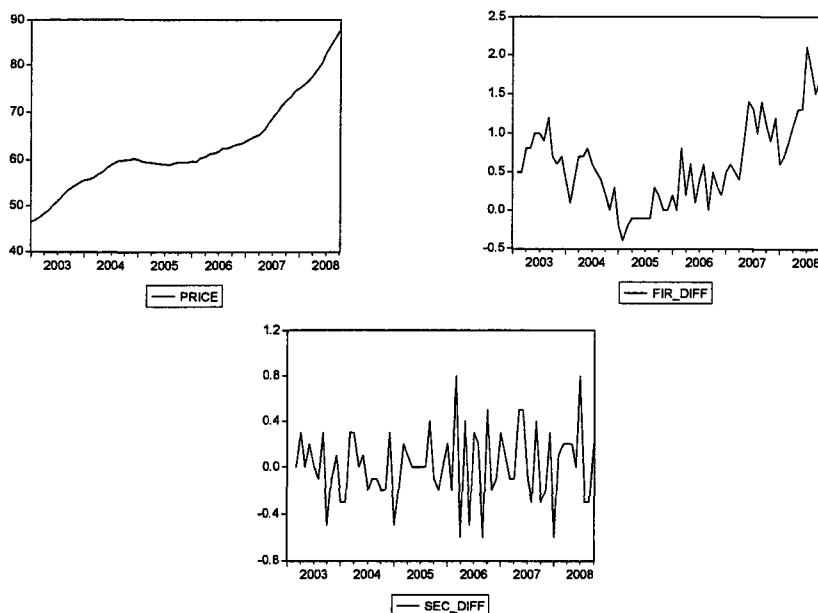


Figure 1 Time Series Plots for Price, First Differences and Second Differences of Price

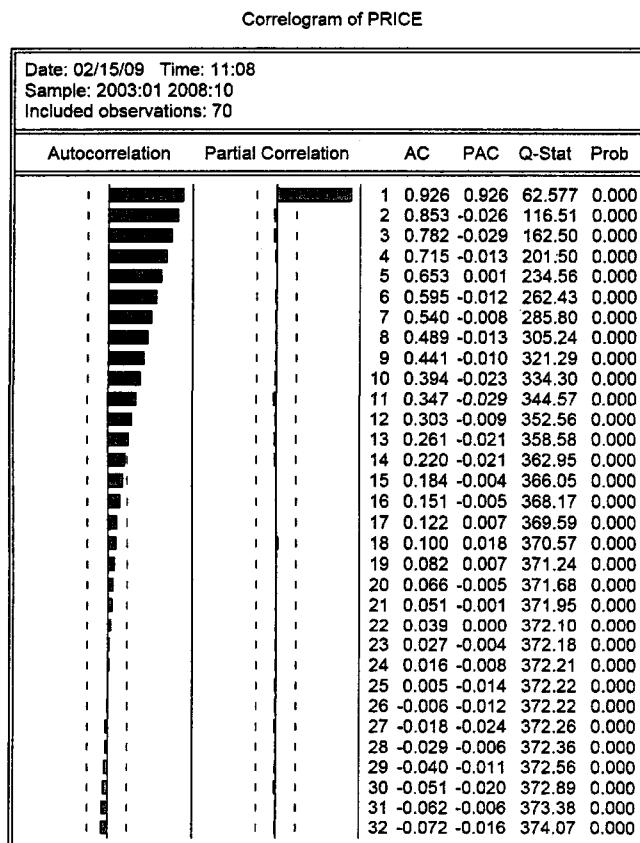


Figure 2 Estimated ACF and PACF for Price

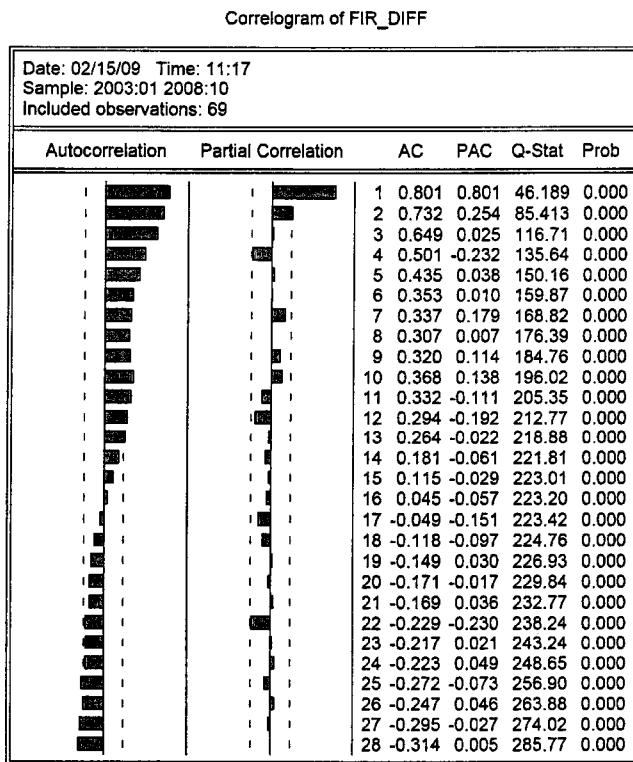


Figure 3 Estimated ACF and PACF for First Differences of Price

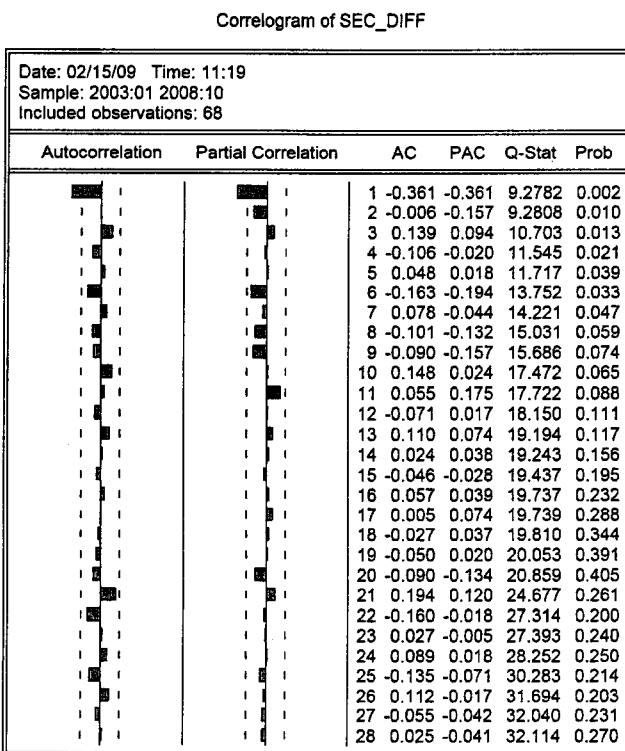


Figure 4 Estimated ACF and PACF for Second Differences Price

Dependent Variable: PRICE Method: Least Squares Date: 02/15/09 Time: 11:22 Sample(adjusted): 2003:02 2008:10 Included observations: 69 after adjusting endpoints Convergence achieved after 3 iterations				
Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	t-Statistic	Prob.
AR(1)	1.009988	0.000935	1080.486	0.0000
R-squared	0.997269	Mean dependent var	62.93478	
Adjusted R-squared	0.997269	S.D. dependent var	9.358699	
S.E. of regression	0.489063	Akaike info criterion	1.421736	
Sum squared resid	16.26442	Schwarz criterion	1.454114	
Log likelihood	-48.04988	Durbin-Watson stat	0.394814	
Inverted AR Roots	1.01			
Estimated AR process is nonstationary				

Dependent Variable: FIR_DIFF Method: Least Squares Date: 02/15/09 Time: 11:27 Sample(adjusted): 2003:04 2008:10 Included observations: 67 after adjusting endpoints Convergence achieved after 3 iterations				
Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	t-Statistic	Prob.
AR(1)	0.637015	0.117256	5.432695	0.0000
AR(2)	0.353158	0.120268	2.936416	0.0046
R-squared	0.708628	Mean dependent var	0.598507	
Adjusted R-squared	0.704145	S.D. dependent var	0.537529	
S.E. of regression	0.292375	Akaike info criterion	0.407841	
Sum squared resid	5.556423	Schwarz criterion	0.473652	
Log likelihood	-11.66266	Durbin-Watson stat	2.080882	
Inverted AR Roots	.99	-.36		

Dependent Variable: SEC_DIFF Method: Least Squares Date: 02/15/09 Time: 11:30 Sample(adjusted): 2003:03 2008:10 Included observations: 68 after adjusting endpoints Convergence achieved after 6 iterations Backcast: 2003:02				
Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	t-Statistic	Prob.
MA(1)	-0.378958	0.112843	-3.358293	0.0013
R-squared	0.134790	Mean dependent var	0.017647	
Adjusted R-squared	0.134790	S.D. dependent var	0.308071	
S.E. of regression	0.286558	Akaike info criterion	0.352842	
Sum squared resid	5.501719	Schwarz criterion	0.385482	
Log likelihood	-10.99662	Durbin-Watson stat	2.041494	
Inverted MA Roots	.38			

Figure 5 Three estimated Model for Price Series