
UNIVERSITI SAINS MALAYSIA

First Semester Examination
Academic Session 2008/2009

November 2008

ZAE 385/4 - Applied Spectroscopy
[Spektroskopi Gunaan]

Duration : 3 hours
[Masa : 3 jam]

Please ensure that this examination paper contains **ELEVEN** printed pages before you begin the examination.

*[Sila pastikan bahawa kertas peperiksaan ini mengandungi **SEBELAS** muka surat yang bercetak sebelum anda memulakan peperiksaan ini.]*

Instruction: Answer **FOUR (4)** questions. Answer **QUESTION 1** which is **compulsory** and **THREE (3)** other questions. Student are allowed to answer all questions in Bahasa Malaysia or in English.

Arahan: Jawab **EMPAT (4)** soalan. Jawab **SOALAN 1** yang **diwajibkan** dan **TIGA (3)** soalan lain. Pelajar dibenarkan menjawab semua soalan sama ada dalam Bahasa Malaysia atau Bahasa Inggeris.]

.../2-

1. (a) Define the following terms while giving an example for each:
 [Takrifkan terma-terma berikut dengan memberi contoh bagi setiapnya :]

Raman spectroscopy (with equation), Infra Red Spectroscopy (with equation), stokes scattering (with energy diagram), anti stokes scattering (with energy diagram), Rayleigh Scattering (with energy diagram):

[Spektroskopi Raman (bersama persamaan), Spektroskopi Infra Merah (bersama persamaan), Serakan Stokes (bersama rajah tenaga), Serakan anti-Stokes (bersama rajah tenaga), Serakan Rayleigh (bersama rajah tenaga), momen dwikutub (bersama persamaan), keterkutuban (bersama persamaan), petua pemilihan.]

(35/200)

- (b) Based upon the chloroform CHCl_3 Infra red transmission properties given on table (i) below, fill and complete the table (ii) below:

[Berdasarkan sifat-sifat transmisi infra-merah klorofom CHCl_3 yang diberi pada jadual (i) di bawah, isikan dan lengkapkan jadual (ii) di bawahnya :]

(35/200)

Table i
 [Jadual i]

Fundamental Infra Red Frequencies of CHCl_3
 [Frekuensi asas infra-merah bagi CHCl_3]

Frequency designation [Gelaran frekuensi]	Frequency [Frekuensi] (cm^{-1})	Representation [Perwakilan]
ν_1	3025	A1
ν_2	668	A1
ν_3	373	A1
ν_4	1203	E
ν_5	773	E
ν_6	261	E

...3/-

Table ii
[Jadual ii]

Overtone and combinations for CHCl_3
[Overtone dan kombinasi bagi CHCl_3]

Frequency [Frekuensi] (cm^{-1})	Frequency Designation [Gelaran Frekuensi]	Representation [Representasi]
2400	$?+v_4$	A_1+A_2+E
1521	$?+v_5$	$A_1+ A_2+E$
1423	$?+v_2$	E
497	$v_5 - ?$	A_1+A_2+E
230	$v_5 - ?$	A_1+A_2+3E

- (c) Based upon the table iii below , show and explain the interaction of :
[Berdasarkan kepada jadual iii berikut, tunjukkan dan jelaskan interaksi bagi :]
- i) a degenerate mode E with itself.
[satu mod E degenerat dengannya sendiri]
 - ii) a breathing mode A_1 with itself:
[satu mod bernafas A_1 dengannya sendiri]
 - iii) a breathing mode with a degenerate mode
[satu mod bernafas dengan satu mod degenerat]

(30/200)

...4/-

Table iii
[Jadual iii]

	E	$2C_3$	$3\sigma_v$
A1	1	1	1
E	2	-1	0

- (d) (i) Derive the equation of selection rule for transitions between vibration levels.
[Terbitkan persamaan petua pemilihan bagi transisi-transisi antara paras-paras getaran.]

(50/200)

- (e) Explain the following CHCl_3 Infrared activity of the table below:
[Terangkan aktiviti infra-merah CHCl_3 di dalam jadual berikut :]

Representation [Representasi]	Infra Red Activity [Aktiviti infra-merah]
A1	Allowed
A2	Forbidden
E	Allowed
A1xA1	Allowed
A1xA2	Forbidden
A1xE	Allowed
A2xA2	Allowed
A2xE	Allowed
ExE	Allowed
$A1^n$	Allowed
(n even) $A2^n$	Allowed
(n odd) $A2^n$	Forbidden
E^n	Allowed

(50/200)

...5/-

2. (a) Diagonalize the following matrix M:
[Pepenjurukan matriks M berikut :]

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

(32/100)

- (b) Prove that the two vectors orthogonal.
[Buktikan bahawa kedua-dua vektor adalah ortogon]

(8/100)

- (c) Fill the remaining terms on the cayley table below :
[Penuhkan baki terma-terma di dalam jadual Cayley berikut :]

(40/100)

	E	C_3	C_3^2	σ_v^a	σ_v^b	σ_v^c
E		C_3				
C_3			C_3			
C_3^2						
σ_v^a			σ_v^c			
σ_v^b		σ_v^c			E	C_3
σ_v^c	σ_v^c			C_3		

- (d) Express the following terms while giving an example:
[Nyatakan maksud terma-terma berikut sambil memberi satu contoh pada setiapnya :]

reducible representation, irreducible representation.
[representasi terturunkan, representasi tak-terturunkan]

(20/100)

...6/-

3. (a) Derive Lagrange's equation (1 dimensional system) of a particle of mass m moving in Earth's gravitational field.
 [Terbitkan persamaan Lagrange (sistem 1 dimensi) bagi satu zarah berjisim m yang bergerak di dalam medan graviti Bumi.]

(10/100)

- (b) Figure 1 shows **three** equal masses connected by two identical springs and constrained to vibrate along the x-axis derive :
 [Rajah 1 menunjukkan **tiga** jisim sama yang bersambung dengan dua spring serba-sama dan terbandung untuk bergetar pada paksi-x. Terbitkan :]

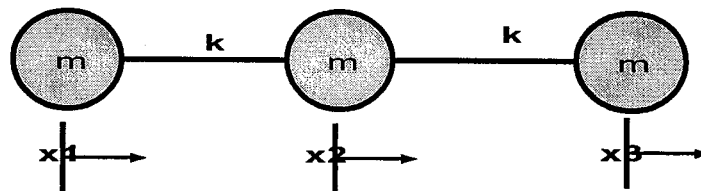


Figure 1

- i) The potential energy
 [Tenaga keupayaan]
- ii) The kinetic energy
 [Tenaga kinetik]

...7/-

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- iii) Solve the Lagrange equation of this system
[Selesaikan persamaan Lagrange bagi sistem ini]
- iv) Calculate the oscillating modes of vibrations
[Hitungkan mod-mod osilasi getaran]
- v) One of these modes will have a frequency equal to zero: what does this mode represent (explain in few words)?
[Salah satu dari mod-mod ini mempunyai frekuensi sama dengan sifar : Apakah yang diwakili oleh mod ini (terangkan dengan ringkas)?]

(65/100)

- (c) $V = aV_1 + bV_2 + cV_3$, where V_1, V_2 and V_3 are the eigenvectors of the **Symmetric** matrix **M** having an associated **non-degenerate** eigenvalues of λ_1, λ_2 and λ_3 .
[$V = aV_1 + bV_2 + cV_3$, di mana V_1, V_2 and V_3 adalah vektor-vektor eigen bagi satu matriks **bersimetri** **M** yang memiliki nilai eigen tak-degenerat yang berkaitan, iaitu λ_1, λ_2 and λ_3]

If a projection operator is defined such as:

[Jika satu operator pengunjur ditakrifkan sebagai :]

$$P_1V = aV_1, \quad P_2V = bV_2, \quad P_3V = cV_3$$

Prove that:

[Buktikan bahawa :]

$$P_1 = [(M - \lambda_2 I)(M - \lambda_3 I)] / [(\lambda_1 - \lambda_2)(\lambda_1 - \lambda_3)]$$

(25/100)

...8/-

4. (a) Figure 2 shows a tri-atomic planar equilateral molecule having an equal stiffness constants between every 2 atoms. The normalized amplitude of the oscillating modes are listed on the table below :
 [Rajah 2 menunjukkan satu molekul sama-sisi tri-atom menyatah yang memiliki nilai kakuan malar di antara setiap dua atom. Amplitud ternormal bagi mod-mod osilasi disenaraikan di dalam jadual berikut :]

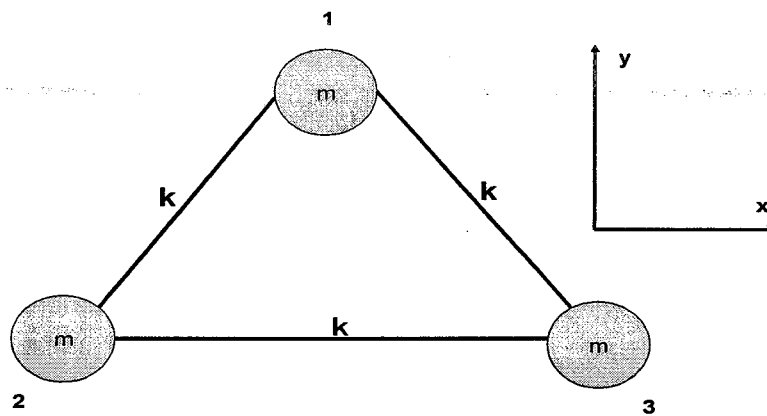


Figure number 2

λ	a1	a2	a3	a4	a5	a6
3	0	$1/\sqrt{3}$	-1/2	$-1/(2\sqrt{3})$	1/2	$-1/(2\sqrt{3})$
3/2	$1/\sqrt{3}$	0	$-1/(2\sqrt{3})$	-1/2	$-1/(2\sqrt{3})$	1/2
	0	$1/\sqrt{3}$	1/2	$-1/(2\sqrt{3})$	-1/2	$-1/(2\sqrt{3})$
0	$1/\sqrt{3}$	0	$1/\sqrt{3}$	0	$1/\sqrt{3}$	0
	0	$1/\sqrt{3}$	0	$1/\sqrt{3}$	0	$1/\sqrt{3}$
	$1/\sqrt{3}$	0	$-1/(2\sqrt{3})$	1/2	$-1/(2\sqrt{3})$	-1/2

...9/-

- i) specify the degeneracy degree of every eigenvalue.
[tentukan derajat kedegeneratan bagi setiap nilai eigen.]

(15/100)

- ii) Draw the oscillating modes based upon their normalized amplitudes.
[Lukiskan mod-mod osilasi berdasarkan amplitud-amplitud ternormal mereka.]

(60/100)

- b) A degenerate matrix having three eigenvalues $\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3$ with $\lambda_2 = \lambda_3$. Prove that the projection matrix associated with the degenerate eigenvalues has the following form:

[Satu matriks degenerat mempunyai tiga nilai eigen $\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3$ dengan $\lambda_2 = \lambda_3$. Buktikan bahawa matriks unjuran berkaitan dengan nilai eigen degenerat tersebut memiliki bentuk :]

$$P_{22} = (M - \lambda_1 I) / (\lambda_2 - \lambda_1).$$

(25/100)

5. Figure 3 shows a H_2O molecule that has many oscillation modes; these modes include rotational, vibration and translational. The vibration mode is divided into stretching and deflection.

[Rajah 3 menunjukkan satu molekul H_2O yang memiliki banyak mod osilasi; Mod-mod ini termasuk putaran, getaran dan translasi. Mod getaran terbahagi kepada regangan dan pesongan.]

...10/-

Hint : you may use the following formula to complete filling the table:

Petua : anda mungkin boleh menggunakan rumus berikut untuk melengkapkan jadual tersebut.]

$$n_i = (1/h) \sum g_c \chi_i \chi_r$$

where:

[dimana]

n_i : the number of times the irreducible representation i occurs in the reducible representation.

[bilangan kali representasi i tak-terturunkan berlaku di dalam representasi terturunkan]

h : order of the group or total number of symmetry operations.

[tertib kumpulan atau jumlah bilangan operasi simetri]

g_c : number of symmetry operation in symmetry class.

[bilangan operasi simetri di dalam kelas simetri]

χ_i : character of the irreducible representation.

[ciri representasi tak-terturunkan.]

χ_r : character of the reducible representation.

[ciri representasi terturunkan.]

iii) Explain in few words the B_2 mode (row number 4) in the following table as well as the last 2 columns which column is raman active and which is infra red active.

[Terangkan dengan ringkas mod B_2 (baris nombor 4) di dalam jadual berikut bersama dengan 2 lajur terakhir, yang mana satu aktif raman dan yang mana aktif infra-merah.]

(30/100)

...12/-

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C_{2v}	E	C_2	$\sigma_v(xz)$	$\sigma_v'(yz)$		
A1	1	1	1	1	z	$x^2 y^2 z^2$
A2	1	1	-1	-1	R_z	xy
B1	1	-1	1	-1	x, R_y	xz
B2	1	-1	-1	1	y, R_x	yz

iv) Deduce the Γ translation, Γ rotation and Γ deflection.

[Deduksikan Γ translasi, Γ putaran and Γ pesongan]

Hint : $\Gamma_{total}(3N) = \Gamma_{translation} + \Gamma_{rotation} + \Gamma_{vibration}$.

[Petua : $\Gamma_{jumlah}(3N) = \Gamma_{translasi} + \Gamma_{putaran} + \Gamma_{getaran}$]

(40/100)

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