

UNIVERSITI SAINS MALAYSIA

Peperiksaan Semester Pertama
Sidang Akademik 1996/97

Oktober/November 1996

MSG365 - Kawalan Mutu

Masa : [3 jam]

ARAHAN KEPADA CALON:

Sila pastikan bahawa kertas peperiksaan ini mengandungi LIMA soalan di dalam ENAM halaman yang bercetak sebelum anda memulakan peperiksaan ini.

Jawab **SEMUA** soalan. Soalan-soalan mesti dijawab di dalam Bahasa Malaysia. Sifir New Cambridge Elementary Statistical Tables disediakan. Satu set lampiran dikepilkan. Alat penghitung "non-programmaable" boleh digunakan. Ia disediakan oleh pelajar sendiri.

1. (a) Senaraikan tujuh alat utama kawalan kualiti dan huraikan penggunaannya untuk setiap alat utama itu.

(60/100)

- (b) Terangkan dengan jelas setiap yang berikut:

- (i) Risiko pengguna, risiko pengeluaran;
- (ii) AQL, paras kualiti yang boleh diterima;
- (iii) LQL, paras kualiti penghad;
- (iv) AOQ, kualiti keluar secara purata;
- (v) AOQL, had kualiti keluar secara purata.

(20/100)

...2/-

- (c) Satu sampel di bawah diambil dari satu proses penghasilan mengikut turutan masa:

66.5	68.3	70.6	69.2	71.4	70.2	67.4	63.6
64.7	69.2	68.2	66.3	64.5	66.6	68.4	66.8
68.7	66.2	70.4	68.8	70.2	70.4		

Ujikan kerawakan data ini dengan menggunakan ujian larian ke atas dan ke bawah. $\alpha = 0.05$.

(20/100)

2. Data yang berikut dikutip di dalam tempoh masa lapan hari untuk tujuan memulakan penggunaan carta $\bar{X} - R$. Setiap ukuran dicatatkan oleh operator yang sama dan dari mesin yang sama. 3 subkumpulan diambil setiap hari dan saiz setiap subkumpulan ialah 5.

<u>subkumpulan</u>	<u>$\bar{X}$</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>subkumpulan</u>	<u>$\bar{X}$</u>	<u>R</u>
1	177.6	23	13	178.9	9
2	176.6	8	14	176.4	8
3	178.3	22	15	178.3	7
4	176.7	12	16	178.2	4
5	177.0	7	17	180.7	6
6	179.5	8	18	179.6	6
7	178.5	15	19	177.8	10
8	179.6	6	20	178.5	9
9	178.7	7	21	181.6	7
10	178.3	12	22	177.5	10
11	178.2	10	23	178.4	10
12	178.8	11	24	178.6	8

- (i) Tentukan carta $\bar{X} - R$ percubaan.
- (ii) Periksa semula carta $\bar{X} - R$. Anggapkan data awal di luar had-had kawalan percubaan adalah kerana sebab terumpukkan dan dibuang.
- (iii) Apakah kebarangkalian bahawa perubahan proses min ke 180.0 dapat dikesan pada sampel pertama selepas perubahan berlaku?

...3/-

- (iv) Katakan had spesifikasi ialah 171 ± 11 . Jika sebuah butir berada di bawah had spesifikasi bawah, ia perlu dibuang; jika di atas had spesifikasi atas, boleh dikerjakan lagi. Purata proses boleh diubah dengan senang dari "setting". Jika kita ingin kurangkan separuh daripada jumlah butir yang dibuang, apakah setting itu?
- (v) Dapatkan carta $\bar{X} - R$ dengan saiz subkumpulan sedemikian supaya ia dapat mengesan perubahan min ke 180.0 dengan keyakinan 90% pada subsampel yang pertama selepas perubahan berlaku.

(100/100)

3. (a) Kilang A ingin menggunakan carta-p. Carta kadaran kecacatan ini digunakan untuk menjaga prosesnya yang menghasilkan part elektronik. Maklumat dari data awal 25 subkumpulan (setiap saiz 500) adalah seperti yang berikut:

subsampel	Bilangan yang cacat	subsampel	Bilangan yang cacat
1	11	14	13
2	10	15	6
3	8	16	7
4	2	17	21
5	7	18	12
6	9	19	10
7	13	20	8
8	17	21	7
9	10	22	9
10	12	23	8
11	11	24	3
12	11	25	22
13	10		

- (i) Binakan carta-p untuk kegunaan kelak. Anggapkan data awal yang berada di atas had kawalan atas carta-percubaan, adalah kerana terumpukkan dan tidak diambil kira.
- (ii) Jika proses telah berubah ke atas 20% dari nilai piawainya, apakah kebarangkalian carta-p di atas dapat mengesan perubahan pada subsampel yang pertama selepas perubahannya telah berlaku?

(50/100)

...4/-

- (b) Sampel sebanyak 300 cerapan diambil dari satu populasi dan didapati fungsi taburan longgokan sampel $F(x)$ adalah seperti yang berikut:

$\tilde{F}(x) =$	0 ;	$x < 1 ;$
	0.01 ;	$1 \leq x < 2 ;$
	0.03 ;	$2 \leq x < 3 ;$
	0.07 ;	$3 \leq x < 4 ;$
	0.17 ;	$4 \leq x < 5 ;$
	0.38 ;	$5 \leq x < 6 ;$
	0.62 ;	$6 \leq x < 7 ;$
	0.82 ;	$7 \leq x < 8 ;$
	0.98 ;	$8 \leq x < 9 ;$
	1.00 ;	$9 \leq x$

Gunakan ujian Kolmogoror-Simirnov untuk mengujikan hipotesis bahawa populasi ialah normal dengan $\mu = 6$ dan $\sigma = 1.25$. $\alpha = 0.05$.

(30/100)

- (c) Jika suatu proses penghasilan di luar kawalan, terangkan pola utama yang mungkin, dan berikan sebab-sebabnya.

(20/100)

4. (a) Carta kawalan telah digunakan di dalam suatu proses penghasilan dan diketahui proses itu sudah stabil dan berjalan dengan licin. Kini pihak pengurusan ingin menggunakan carta-D (carta Demerit per unit) untuk memonitor proses penghasilannya. Daripada 25 subsampel setiap satu saiznya 150, diperolehi:

Jenis kecacatan :	Genting	Major	Minor
Bilangan kecacatan:	10	45	280

- (i) Dapatkan carta-D jika pemberat yang digunakan bagi 3 jenis kecacatan ialah 25 : 5 : 1.

...5/-

(ii) Pada suatu sampel saiz 150, didapat:

Jenis kecacatan :	Genting	Major	Minor
Bilangan kecacatan:	2	10	47

Dapatkan demerit per unit bagi sampel ini, dan adakah proses penghasilannya di dalam kawalan?

(30/100)

(b) Tentukan satu rancangan pensampelan tunggal yang memenuhi ketiga-tiga syarat berikut:

(i) risiko pengeluar 0.05 untuk menolak barangan yang peratus kecacatan ialah 0.5%.

(ii) risiko pengguna 0.10 untuk menerima barangan yang peratus kecacatan ialah 2.5%.

(iii) saiz sampelnya kecil.

(30/100)

(c) Terangkan cara yang digunakan di dalam pembinaan carta-carta kawalan Shewhart. Gunakan pembinaan carta-u untuk penghuraiannya. Bilangan kecacatan di dalam sebuah butir dianggap bertaburan Poisson.

(20/100)

(d) C_p ialah indeks keupayaan suatu proses penghasilan merujuk kepada suatu permintaan dengan spesifikasi atas U dan spesifikasi bawah L , terangkan kedudukannya bagi

(i) $C_p = 1$;

(ii) $C_p > 1$;

(iii) $C_p < 1$.

(20/100)

...6/-

5. (a) Lakarkan lengkung kualiti keluar secara purata untuk rancangan pensampelan penerimaan tunggal yang berikut:

$$N = 16000, \quad n = 300, \quad c = 4.$$

Dapatkan had kualiti keluar secara purata ini.

(40/100)

- (b) Yang berikut ialah rancangan pensampelan penerimaan berjujukan butir demi butir:

$$\begin{array}{ll} \alpha = 0.05 & P_0 = 0.06 ; \\ \beta = 0.10 & P_1 = 0.15 ; \end{array}$$

- (i) Dapatkan graf kawasan penolakan, kawasan penerimaan, dan kawasan berterusan.
- (ii) Jika jujukan sampel ialah

B B B B B C B B B C C C B C

sudahkah keputusan dicapai untuk menolak atau menerima H_0 ?

(30/100)

- (c) Katakan saiz lot $N = 26,000$, $AQL = 1.0\%$, gunakan MIL-STD-105E pada paras inspeksi II, tentukan rancangan pensampelan penerimaan berganda dua untuk inspeksi normal, inspeksi ketat dan inspeksi longgar. Terangkan nombor-nombor yang anda berikan itu.

(30/100)

Table 6-4 np' Values for Corresponding c Values and Typical Producer's and Consumer's Risks

c	$P_a = 0.95$ ($\alpha = 0.05$)	$P_a = 0.10$ ($\beta = 0.10$)	Ratio of $p'_{0.10}/p'_{0.95}$
0	0.051	2.303	44.890
1	0.355	3.890	10.946
2	0.818	5.322	6.509
3	1.366	6.681	4.890
4	1.970	7.994	4.057
5	2.613	9.275	3.549
6	3.286	10.532	3.206
7	3.981	11.771	2.957
8	4.695	12.995	2.768
9	5.426	14.206	2.618
10	6.169	15.407	2.497
11	6.924	16.598	2.397
12	7.690	17.782	2.312
13	8.464	18.958	2.240
14	9.246	20.128	2.177
15	10.035	21.292	2.122

Source: Extracted by permission from J. M. Cameron, "Tables for Constructing and for Computing the Operating Characteristics of Single-Sampling Plans," *Industrial Quality Control*, 9, No. 1 (July 1952), p. 39.

Table 6-5 Sample-Size Code Letters (Table I of MIL-STD 105D)

Lot or batch size		Special inspection levels				General inspection levels		
		S-1	S-2	S-3	S-4	I	II	III
2	to	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
9	to	A	A	A	A	A	B	C
16	to	A	A	B	B	B	C	D
26	to	A	B	B	C	C	D	E
51	to	B	B	C	C	C	E	F
91	to	B	B	C	D	D	F	G
151	to	B	C	D	E	E	G	H
281	to	B	C	D	E	F	H	J
501	to	C	C	E	F	G	J	K
1201	to	C	D	E	G	H	K	L
3201	to	C	D	F	G	J	L	M
10001	to	C	D	F	H	K	M	N
35001	to	D	E	G	J	L	N	P
150000	to	D	E	G	J	M	P	Q
500001	and over	D	E	H	K	N	Q	R

Note.

Small sample inspection levels of MIL-STD-105C

L-1 and L-2
 L-3 and L-4
 L-5 and L-6
 L-7 and L-8

Convert to their
respective
inspection levels

8-1
 8-2
 8-3
 8-4

Table 6-6 Single Sampling Plans for Normal Inspection (Table II-A of MIL-STD 105D)*

Sample size code letter		Sample size	Acceptable Quality Levels (normal inspection)																			1000
			0.010	0.015	0.025	0.040	0.065	1.0	1.5	2.5	4.0	6.5	10	15	25	40	65	100	150	250	400	
A	2	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re
B	3	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re
C	5	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re
D	8	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re
E	13	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re
F	20	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re
G	32	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re
H	50	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re
J	80	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re
K	125	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re
L	200	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re
M	315	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re
N	500	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re
P	800	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re
Q	1250	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re
R	2000	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re

Ac = Acceptance number.

Re = Rejection number.

Use first sampling plan below arrow. If sample size equals, or exceeds, lot or batch size, do 100 percent inspection.

Use first sampling plan above arrow.

	=	Use first sampling plan below arrow. If sample size equals or exceeds lot or batch size, do 100 percent inspection.
	=	Use first sampling plan above arrow.
Ac	=	Acceptance number.
Re	=	Rejection number.

Table 6-8 Single Sampling Plans for Reduced Inspection (Table II-C of MIL-STD 105D)^a

Acceptable Quality Levels (Reduced inspection)†																							
Sample size code letter	Sample size	Acceptable Quality Levels (Reduced inspection)†												1000									
		0.010	0.015	0.025	0.040	0.065	1.0	1.5	2.5	4.0	6.5	10	15		25	40	65	100	150	250	400	650	
A	2	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	
B	2	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	
C	2	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	
D	3	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	
E	5	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	
F	8	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	
G	13	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	
H	20	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	
J	32	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	
K	50	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	
L	80	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	
M	125	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	
N	200	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	
P	315	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	
Q	500	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	
ii	800	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	Ac Re	

Use first sampling plan below arrow. If sample size equals or exceeds lot or batch size, do 100 percent inspection.

Use first sampling plan above arrow.

Ac Acceptance number.

Re Rejection number.

† If the acceptance number has been exceeded, but the rejection number has not been reached, accept the lot, but reinstate normal inspection (see 10.1.4).

Table 6-9 Double Sampling Plans for Normal Inspection (Table III-A of MIL-STD 105D)*

Acceptable Quality Levels (normal inspection)																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																												
Sample Size Type Inspection	Simple	Sampling Plan	Cumulative Sample Size	0.010		0.015		0.025		0.040		0.065		0.10		0.15		0.25		0.40		0.65		1.0		1.5		2.5		4.0		6.5		10		15		25		40		65		100		150		250		400		650		1000																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																						
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* Use first sampling plan below arrow. If sample size equals or exceeds lot or batch size, do 100 percent inspection.
 * Use first sampling plan above arrow.
 Ac = Acceptance number.
 Re = Rejection number.
 * Use corresponding single sample plan for alternativity, use double sampling plan below, where available.

As : Accepted number.

File - Projection must be.

TABLE B Factors for Computing Central Lines and 3σ Control Limits for $\bar{X}$, s , and R , Charts

Observations in Sample, n	Chart for Averages					Chart for Standard Deviations										Chart for Ranges				
	Factors for Control Limits					Factors for Central Line					Factors for Control Limits					Factors for Central Line				
	A	A_1	A_2	A_3	A_4	c_4	$1/c_4$	B_1	B_2	B_3	B_4	B_5	B_6	d_2	$1/d_2$	d_1	D_1	D_2	D_3	D_4
2	1.121	1.880	2.659	0.7979	1.2533	0	2.606	1.128	0.8865	0.853	0	3.686	0	3.686	0	3.686	0	3.686	0	3.686
3	1.732	1.023	1.954	0.8862	1.1284	0	2.276	1.693	0.5907	0.888	0	4.358	0	4.358	0	4.358	0	4.358	0	4.358
4	1.500	0.729	1.628	0.9213	1.0854	0	2.088	2.059	0.4857	0.880	0	4.698	0	4.698	0	4.698	0	4.698	0	4.698
5	1.342	0.577	1.427	0.9400	1.0638	0	1.964	2.326	0.4799	0.864	0	4.918	0	4.918	0	4.918	0	4.918	0	4.918
6	1.225	0.483	1.287	0.9515	1.0510	0.030	1.874	2.534	0.3946	0.848	0	5.078	0	5.078	0	5.078	0	5.078	0	5.078
7	1.134	0.419	1.182	0.9594	1.0423	0.118	1.806	2.704	0.3698	0.833	0.204	5.204	0.076	5.204	0.076	5.204	0.136	5.204	0.136	5.204
8	1.061	0.373	1.099	0.9650	1.0363	0.185	1.751	2.847	0.3512	0.820	0.388	5.306	0.136	5.306	0.136	5.306	0.184	5.306	0.184	5.306
9	1.000	0.337	1.032	0.9693	1.0317	0.239	1.707	2.970	0.3367	0.808	0.547	5.393	0.184	5.393	0.184	5.393	0.223	5.393	0.223	5.393
10	0.949	0.308	0.975	0.9727	1.0281	0.284	1.669	3.078	0.3249	0.797	0.687	5.469	0.223	5.469	0.223	5.469	0.256	5.469	0.256	5.469
11	0.905	0.285	0.927	0.9754	1.0252	0.321	1.637	3.173	0.3152	0.787	0.811	5.535	0.256	5.535	0.256	5.535	0.283	5.535	0.283	5.535
12	0.866	0.266	0.886	0.9776	1.0229	0.354	1.610	3.258	0.3059	0.778	0.922	5.594	0.283	5.594	0.283	5.594	0.307	5.594	0.307	5.594
13	0.832	0.249	0.850	0.9794	1.0210	0.382	1.585	3.336	0.2998	0.770	1.025	5.647	0.307	5.647	0.307	5.647	0.328	5.647	0.328	5.647
14	0.802	0.235	0.817	0.9810	1.0194	0.406	1.563	3.407	0.2935	0.763	1.118	5.696	0.328	5.696	0.328	5.696	0.347	5.696	0.347	5.696
15	0.775	0.223	0.789	0.9823	1.0180	0.428	1.544	3.472	0.2880	0.756	1.203	5.741	0.347	5.741	0.347	5.741	0.363	5.741	0.363	5.741
16	0.750	0.212	0.763	0.9835	1.0168	0.448	1.526	3.532	0.2831	0.750	1.282	5.782	0.363	5.782	0.363	5.782	0.378	5.782	0.378	5.782
17	0.728	0.203	0.739	0.9845	1.0157	0.466	1.511	3.588	0.2787	0.744	1.356	5.820	0.378	5.820	0.378	5.820	0.391	5.820	0.391	5.820
18	0.707	0.194	0.718	0.9854	1.0148	0.482	1.496	3.640	0.2747	0.739	1.424	5.856	0.391	5.856	0.391	5.856	0.403	5.856	0.403	5.856
19	0.688	0.187	0.698	0.9862	1.0140	0.497	1.483	3.689	0.2711	0.734	1.487	5.891	0.403	5.891	0.403	5.891	0.415	5.891	0.415	5.891
20	0.671	0.180	0.680	0.9869	1.0133	0.510	1.470	3.735	0.2677	0.729	1.549	5.921	0.415	5.921	0.415	5.921	0.425	5.921	0.425	5.921
21	0.655	0.173	0.663	0.9876	1.0126	0.523	1.459	3.778	0.2647	0.724	1.605	5.951	0.425	5.951	0.425	5.951	0.434	5.951	0.434	5.951
22	0.640	0.167	0.647	0.9882	1.0119	0.534	1.448	3.819	0.2618	0.720	1.659	5.979	0.434	5.979	0.434	5.979	0.443	5.979	0.443	5.979
23	0.626	0.162	0.633	0.9887	1.0114	0.545	1.438	3.858	0.2592	0.716	1.710	6.006	0.443	6.006	0.443	6.006	0.451	6.006	0.451	6.006
24	0.612	0.157	0.619	0.9892	1.0109	0.555	1.429	3.895	0.2567	0.712	1.759	6.031	0.451	6.031	0.451	6.031	0.459	6.031	0.459	6.031
25	0.600	0.155	0.606	0.9896	1.0105	0.565	1.420	3.931	0.2544	0.708	1.806	6.056	0.459	6.056	0.459	6.056	0.467	6.056	0.467	6.056

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TABLE 3-6 Factors for Computing 3σ Control Limits for Median and Range Charts from the Median Range

Subgroup Size	A_5	D_5	D_6	d_3
2	2.224	0	3.865	0.954
3	1.265	0	2.745	1.588
4	0.829	0	2.375	1.978
5	0.712	0	2.179	2.257
6	0.562	0	2.055	2.472
7	0.520	0.078	1.967	2.645
8	0.441	0.139	1.901	2.791
9	0.419	0.187	1.850	2.916
10	0.369	0.227	1.809	3.024

Source: Extracted by permission from P. C. Clifford, "Control Charts Without Calculations," *Industrial Quality Control*, 15, No. 6 (May 1959), 44.

Kolmogorov-Smirnov Test

Table 7. Solutions c of Equation (1) in Sec. 15.3 n = Size of sample

n	$\alpha = 20\%$	$\alpha = 10\%$	$\alpha = 5\%$	$\alpha = 2\%$	$\alpha = 1\%$
1	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
2	900	950	975	990	995
3	684	776	842	900	929
4	565	636	708	785	829
5	493	565	624	689	734
6	447	509	563	627	669
7	410	468	519	577	617
8	381	436	483	538	576
9	359	410	454	507	542
10	339	387	430	480	513
11	323	369	409	457	486
12	308	352	391	437	468
13	296	338	375	419	449
14	285	325	361	404	432
15	275	314	349	390	418
16	266	304	338	377	404
17	258	295	327	366	392
18	250	286	318	355	381
19	244	279	309	346	371
20	237	271	301	337	361
21	232	265	294	329	352
22	226	259	287	321	344
23	221	253	281	314	337
24	216	247	275	307	330
25	212	242	269	301	323
26	208	238	264	295	317
27	204	233	259	290	311
28	200	229	254	284	305
29	197	225	250	279	300
30	193	221	246	275	295
35	190	218	242	270	290
40	177	202	224	251	269
45	165	189	210	235	252
50	156	179	198	222	238
55	148	170	188	211	226
60	142	162	180	201	216
65	136	155	172	193	207
70	131	149	166	185	199
75	126	144	160	179	192
80	122	139	154	173	185
85	118	135	150	167	179
90	114	131	145	162	174
95	111	127	141	158	169
99	108	124	137	154	165
100	106	121	134	150	161
Approximation for large n	$1.07/\sqrt{n}$	$1.22/\sqrt{n}$	$1.36/\sqrt{n}$	$1.52/\sqrt{n}$	$1.63/\sqrt{n}$