

UNIVERSITI SAINS MALAYSIA

**Peperiksaan Semester Pertama
Sidang Akademik 1999/2000**

SEPTEMBER 1999

DTM 323/2 - Biostatistik

Masa : [2 jam]

BAHAGIAN A : (Wajib). (Tiap soalan bernilai 20 markah).

BAHAGIAN B : Jawab DUA (2) daripada TIGA (3) soalan.

(Tiap soalan bernilai 30 markah).

BAHAGIAN A: (Wajib)

1. Dalam satu kajian produktiviti alga di kawasan paya bakau Batu Maung, kandungan biojisim yang dinyatakan melalui kandungan klorofil telah direkodkan daripada beberapa kedalaman air yang berbeza seperti berikut:-

| | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|------|------|------|------|-----|-----|
| Kedalaman (cm) | 0 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 |
| Kandungan klorofil (ppm) | 25.1 | 21.4 | 17.2 | 10.9 | 9.1 | 5.2 |

- (a) Buat plot serakan untuk data di atas.
- (b) Di antara dua faktor ini yang manakah faktor yang bersandar?
- (c) Tunjukkan pertalian dua faktor ini dalam bentuk persamaan.
- (d) Berapa kuatkah pertalian di antara dua faktor tersebut?
- (e) Adakah nilai "r" bererti?

(20 markah)

2. Berikut ialah data kandungan fluorida daripada dua batang sungai yang tercemar.

| Sampel No: | Kandungan fluorida (mg/L) | |
|------------|---------------------------|--------------|
| | Sungai Pinang | Sungai Jeram |
| 1 | 11.9 | 12.7 |
| 2 | 12.2 | 13.6 |
| 3 | 13.2 | 12.6 |
| 4 | 17.0 | 13.7 |
| 5 | 10.7 | 10.7 |
| 6 | 12.9 | 10.8 |
| 7 | 9.8 | 11.3 |
| 8 | 13.2 | 12.6 |
| 9 | 11.8 | 12.8 |
| 10 | 9.9 | 9.8 |
| 11 | 11.8 | 10.9 |

- (a) Adakah nilai varians daripada kedua-dua sungai tersebut sama? Guna ujian statistik yang sesuai.
- (b) Bolehkah dikatakan bahawa Sungai Jeram lebih tercemar berbanding Sungai Pinang. Jelaskan jawapan anda.

(20 markah)

...3/-

BAHAGIAN B (Jawab DUA (2) daripada TIGA (3) soalan).

3. (a) Berikut ialah ukuran tekanan darah (mmHg) yang telah diambil untuk 9 orang lelaki dewasa sihat:

125, 126, 129, 130, 135, 138, 142, 145, 126

- (i) Hitung penganggar titik bagi min (populasi) tekanan darah lelaki dewasa sihat.
- (ii) Hitung penganggar titik bagi varians (populasi) tekanan darah lelaki sihat.
- (iii) Hitung panganggar selang bagi min (populasi) tekanan darah lelaki sihat pada had keyakinan 90%.
- (iv) Jika En. Ali mempunyai tekanan darah 187 mmHg adakah ia menghadapi tekanan darah tinggi? Ujikan hipotesis anda pada had keyakinan 90%.
- (v) Jika had keyakinan dinaikkan pada 95% apakah kesimpulan anda terhadap penganggar selang min dan tekanan darah En. Ali?

(10 markah)

- (b) Dengan makanan biasa berat purata ikan siakap adalah 3800g. Jika diberikan jenis ramuan makanan baru, berat purata 50 ekor ikan adalah 3900g dengan nilai sisihan piawai 352g. Benarkah berat ikan akan meningkat jika diberi makanan jenis ramuan baru tersebut?

(10 markah)

- (c) Kajian dijalankan untuk membandingkan kandungan natrium (Na) di dalam plasma darah dan susu kambing. Berikut adalah data yang diperolehi daripada 10 ekor sampel yang dipilih secara rawak:

| Kambing (sampel) | Kandungan Na (mMol/L) | |
|---------------------|-----------------------|--------|
| | Susu | Plasma |
| 1 | 93 | 147 |
| 2 | 104 | 157 |
| 3 | 95 | 142 |
| 4 | 81.5 | 141 |
| 5 | 95 | 142 |
| 6 | 95 | 147 |
| 7 | 76.5 | 148 |
| 8 | 80.5 | 144 |
| 9 | 79.5 | 144 |
| 10 | 87.0 | 146 |

Lakukan ujian statistik pada aras keertian 0.05. Adakah terdapat perbezaan tahap kandungan Na di dalam dua jenis cecair badan haiwan tersebut.

(10 markah)

4. Kadar pemakanan lembu dipercayai berbeza setiap musim. Untuk ujian ini 8 ekor lembu kacukan dan 8 lembu tempatan telah dipilih. Purata pengambilan makanan lembu setiap hari telah direkodkan selama sebulan. Kadar pemakanan lembu pada musim kering diambil pada bulan Januari dan Mac dan untuk musim basah diambil pada bulan September dan November.

(a) Pada aras keertian $\alpha = 0.05$, ujikan sama ada min kadar pemakanan lembu berbeza pada 4 bulan yang dikaji. Gunakan kaedah LSD untuk membezakan antara min perlakuan.

(15 markah)

...5/-

- (b) Pada aras keertian $\alpha = 0.05$ yakinkah anda bahawa kadar pemakanan lembu kacukan adalah lebih tinggi berbanding lembu tempatan?

| No. sampel | Kadar pemakanan lembu (kg/hari) | | | | | | | |
|---------------|---------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|----------|------|
| | Januari | | Mac | | Ogos | | November | |
| | K | T | K | T | K | T | K | T |
| 1 | 5.3 | 2.2 | 6.2 | 2.6 | 10.1 | 6.8 | 11.7 | 9.5 |
| 2 | 4.8 | 3.2 | 5.9 | 3.8 | 9.2 | 7.6 | 10.3 | 10.1 |
| 3 | 5.8 | 2.8 | 6.5 | 3.2 | 11.3 | 7.3 | 12.1 | 10.2 |
| 4 | 6.1 | 4.2 | 6.8 | 4.3 | 11.5 | 8.2 | 13.5 | 10.8 |
| 5 | 5.0 | 3.1 | 6.1 | 3.5 | 10.8 | 7.1 | 11.4 | 9.8 |

(15 markah)

5. (a) Dengan menggunakan contoh yang sesuai terangkan secara ringkas taburan statistik yang berikut:-

- (i) Poisson
- (ii) Binomial
- (iii) Normal

(15 markah)

- (b) Suatu kajian kesan intensiti cahaya terhadap peratus kemandirian anak benih *Hopea* (kayu balak) telah dijalankan di rumah tumbuhan. Empat jenis intensiti cahaya telah dipilih iaitu 25%, 50%, 75% dan 100% pencahayaan biasa. Sebanyak 100 anak benih telah ditanam untuk setiap perlakuan selama 6 bulan. Ujikan secara statistik sama ada min kemandirian biji benih *Hopea* bergantung kepada intensiti cahaya. Gunakan aras keertian, $\alpha = 0.05$.

| Intensiti cahaya | Kemandirian anak benih (min anak benih yang hidup) |
|------------------|---|
| 25% | 40 |
| 50% | 98 |
| 75% | 71 |
| 100% | 20 |

(15 markah)

RUMUSAN-RUMUSAN PANDUAN

1. **Taburan Kebarangkalian Binomial**

$$P_{k,p}(x) = \binom{k}{x} p^x q^{k-x}$$

2. **Taburan Kebarangkalian Poisson**

$$f(x) = \frac{\alpha^x e^{-\alpha}}{x!}$$

3. **Ujian-t bagi dua sampel berpasangan**

$$(i) \quad S_{\bar{d}} = \frac{S_d}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$(ii) \quad S_d = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (d_i - \bar{d})^2}{n-1}}$$

4. **Ujian-t bagi dua sampel tak bersandaran**

Anggaran bagi varians populasi

$$(i) \quad S_p^2 = \frac{S_1^2 + S_2^2}{2}, \quad \text{bagi } n_1 = n_2$$

$$(ii) \quad S_{\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2}^2 = \frac{2 S_p^2}{n}$$

5. Selang keyakinan untuk min = $\bar{x} \pm L$ di mana, $L = \frac{k \sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$

dan k = nilai t atau z yang berkenaan.

6. Anggaran kecerunan garis regresi linear

$$\hat{b} = \frac{\sum x_i y_i - \frac{\sum x_i \sum y_i}{n}}{\sum x_i^2 - \frac{(\sum x_i)^2}{n}}$$

7. Ujian Kebaikan cocokan

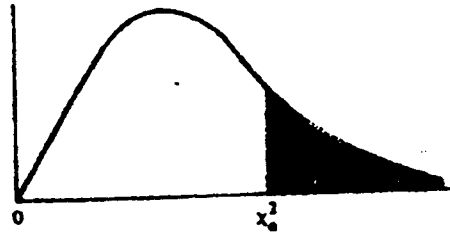
$$\chi^2 = \sum_{i=1}^k \frac{(O_i - E_i)^2}{E_i}$$

8. Anggaran pekali korelasi Pearson

$$r = \frac{n \sum x_i y_i - \sum x_i \sum y_i}{\sqrt{[n \sum x_i^2 - (\sum x_i)^2] [n \sum y_i^2 - (\sum y_i)^2]}}$$

9. L.S.D. = t x ralat piawai = t x $\sqrt{\frac{2s^2}{n}}$

Sifir Nilai-Nilai Genting Bagi Taburan χ^2



| df | α | | | | | | | |
|----|----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| | 0.995 | 0.99 | 0.975 | 0.95 | 0.05 | 0.025 | 0.01 | 0.005 |
| 1 | 0.00393 | 0.0157 | 0.0282 | 0.0393 | 3.841 | 5.024 | 6.635 | 7.879 |
| 2 | 0.0100 | 0.0201 | 0.0506 | 0.103 | 5.991 | 7.378 | 9.210 | 10.597 |
| 3 | 0.0717 | 0.115 | 0.216 | 0.352 | 7.815 | 9.348 | 11.345 | 12.838 |
| 4 | 0.207 | 0.297 | 0.484 | 0.711 | 9.488 | 11.143 | 13.277 | 14.860 |
| 5 | 0.412 | 0.534 | 0.831 | 1.145 | 11.070 | 12.832 | 15.086 | 16.750 |
| 6 | 0.676 | 0.872 | 1.237 | 1.635 | 12.592 | 14.449 | 16.812 | 18.548 |
| 7 | 0.989 | 1.239 | 1.690 | 2.167 | 14.067 | 16.013 | 18.475 | 20.278 |
| 8 | 1.344 | 1.646 | 2.180 | 2.733 | 15.507 | 17.535 | 20.090 | 21.955 |
| 9 | 1.735 | 2.088 | 2.700 | 3.325 | 16.919 | 19.023 | 21.666 | 23.589 |
| 10 | 2.156 | 2.558 | 3.247 | 3.940 | 18.307 | 20.483 | 23.209 | 25.188 |
| 11 | 2.603 | 3.053 | 3.816 | 4.575 | 19.675 | 21.920 | 24.725 | 26.757 |
| 12 | 3.074 | 3.571 | 4.404 | 5.226 | 21.026 | 23.337 | 26.217 | 28.300 |
| 13 | 3.565 | 4.107 | 5.009 | 5.892 | 22.362 | 24.736 | 27.688 | 29.819 |
| 14 | 4.075 | 4.660 | 5.629 | 6.571 | 23.685 | 26.119 | 29.141 | 31.319 |
| 15 | 4.601 | 5.229 | 6.262 | 7.261 | 24.996 | 27.488 | 30.578 | 32.801 |
| 16 | 5.142 | 5.812 | 6.908 | 7.962 | 26.296 | 28.845 | 32.000 | 34.267 |
| 17 | 5.697 | 6.408 | 7.564 | 8.672 | 27.587 | 30.191 | 33.409 | 35.718 |
| 18 | 6.263 | 7.015 | 8.231 | 9.390 | 28.869 | 31.526 | 34.805 | 37.156 |
| 19 | 6.844 | 7.633 | 8.907 | 10.117 | 30.144 | 32.852 | 36.191 | 38.582 |
| 20 | 7.434 | 8.260 | 9.591 | 10.851 | 31.410 | 34.170 | 37.566 | 39.997 |
| 21 | 8.034 | 8.897 | 10.283 | 11.591 | 32.671 | 35.479 | 38.932 | 41.401 |
| 22 | 8.643 | 9.542 | 10.982 | 12.338 | 33.924 | 36.781 | 40.289 | 42.796 |
| 23 | 9.260 | 10.196 | 11.689 | 13.091 | 35.172 | 38.076 | 41.638 | 44.181 |
| 24 | 9.886 | 10.856 | 12.401 | 13.848 | 36.415 | 39.364 | 42.980 | 45.558 |
| 25 | 10.520 | 11.524 | 13.120 | 14.611 | 37.652 | 40.646 | 44.314 | 46.928 |
| 26 | 11.160 | 12.198 | 13.844 | 15.379 | 38.885 | 41.923 | 45.642 | 48.290 |
| 27 | 11.808 | 12.879 | 14.573 | 16.151 | 40.113 | 43.194 | 46.963 | 49.645 |
| 28 | 12.461 | 13.565 | 15.308 | 16.928 | 41.337 | 44.461 | 48.278 | 50.993 |
| 29 | 13.121 | 14.256 | 16.047 | 17.708 | 42.557 | 45.722 | 49.588 | 52.336 |
| 30 | 13.787 | 14.953 | 16.791 | 18.493 | 43.773 | 46.979 | 50.892 | 53.672 |

* Abridged from Table 8 of *Biometrika Tables for Statisticians*, Vol. 1, by permission of E. S. Pearson and the Biometrika Trustees.

Sifir Kebarangkalian Yang Berkait Dengan Nilai X Yang Sekecil Nilai Cerapan Di Dalam Ujian Binomial.

Yang diberikan di dalam badan sifir ini ialah kebarangkalian satu hujung di bawah H : $p = q = 0.5$. Untuk menjimatkan ruang, titik desimal untuk p tidak dicatatkan.

| n \ z | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 5 | 031 | 188 | 500 | 812 | 969 | † | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | 016 | 109 | 344 | 656 | 891 | 984 | † | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | 008 | 062 | 227 | 500 | 773 | 938 | 992 | † | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | 004 | 035 | 145 | 363 | 637 | 855 | 965 | 996 | † | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | 002 | 020 | 090 | 254 | 500 | 746 | 910 | 980 | 998 | † | | | | | | | |
| 10 | 001 | 011 | 055 | 172 | 377 | 623 | 828 | 945 | 989 | 999 | † | | | | | | |
| 11 | | 006 | 033 | 113 | 274 | 500 | 726 | 887 | 967 | 994 | † | † | | | | | |
| 12 | | 003 | 019 | 073 | 194 | 387 | 613 | 806 | 927 | 981 | 997 | † | † | | | | |
| 13 | | 002 | 011 | 046 | 133 | 291 | 500 | 709 | 867 | 954 | 989 | 998 | † | † | | | |
| 14 | | 001 | 006 | 029 | 090 | 212 | 395 | 605 | 788 | 910 | 971 | 994 | 999 | † | † | | |
| 15 | | | 004 | 018 | 059 | 151 | 304 | 500 | 696 | 849 | 941 | 982 | 996 | † | † | † | |
| 16 | | | 002 | 011 | 038 | 105 | 227 | 402 | 598 | 773 | 895 | 962 | 989 | 998 | † | † | |
| 17 | | | 001 | 006 | 025 | 072 | 166 | 315 | 500 | 685 | 834 | 928 | 975 | 994 | 999 | † | |
| 18 | | | 001 | 004 | 015 | 048 | 119 | 240 | 407 | 593 | 760 | 881 | 952 | 985 | 996 | 999 | |
| 19 | | | | 002 | 010 | 032 | 084 | 180 | 324 | 500 | 676 | 820 | 916 | 968 | 990 | 998 | |
| 20 | | | | 001 | 006 | 021 | 058 | 132 | 252 | 412 | 588 | 748 | 868 | 942 | 979 | 994 | |
| 21 | | | | 001 | 004 | 013 | 039 | 095 | 192 | 332 | 500 | 668 | 808 | 905 | 961 | 987 | |
| 22 | | | | | 002 | 008 | 026 | 067 | 143 | 262 | 416 | 584 | 738 | 857 | 933 | 974 | |
| 23 | | | | | 001 | 005 | 017 | 047 | 105 | 202 | 339 | 500 | 661 | 798 | 895 | 953 | |
| 24 | | | | | | 001 | 003 | 011 | 032 | 076 | 154 | 271 | 419 | 581 | 729 | 846 | 924 |
| 25 | | | | | | | 002 | 007 | 022 | 054 | 115 | 212 | 345 | 500 | 655 | 788 | 885 |

* Adapted from Table IV, B, of Walker, Helen, and Lev, J. 1953. *Statistical inference*. New York: Holt, p. 458, with the kind permission of the authors and publisher.

† 1.0 or approximately 1.0.

18 BASIC DISTRIBUTIONS AND SIGNIFICANCE TABLES

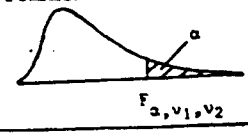
PERCENTAGE POINTS OF THE F DISTRIBUTION

The table gives the values of $F_{\alpha; \nu_1, \nu_2}$, the 100 α percentage point of the F distribution having ν_1 degrees of freedom in the numerator and ν_2 degrees of freedom in the denominator.

For each pair of values of ν_1 and ν_2 , $F_{\alpha; \nu_1, \nu_2}$ is tabulated for $\alpha = 0.05, 0.025, 0.01, 0.001$, the 0.025 values being bracketed.

The lower percentage points of the distribution may be obtained from the relation:-

$$F_{1-\alpha; \nu_1, \nu_2} = 1/F_{\alpha; \nu_2, \nu_1}$$



e.g. $F_{0.05; 12, 8} = 1/F_{0.05; 8, 12} = 1/2.85 = 0.351$

| $\nu_2 \backslash \nu_1$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 24 | ∞ | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| 1 | 161.4 (648) 4052 4053* | 159.5 (630) 5000 5000* | 215.7 (864) 5403 5404* | 224.6 (900) 5625 5625* | 230.2 (922) 5764 5764* | 234.0 (937) 5859 5859* | 236.8 (948) 5928 5929* | 238.9 (957) 5981 5981* | 241.9 (969) 6056 6056* | 243.9 (977) 6106 6107* | 249.0 (997) 6235 6235* | 254.3 (1018) 6366 6366* | |
| 2 | 18.5 (38.5) 98.5 998.5 | 19.0 (39.0) 99.0 999.0 | 19.2 (39.2) 99.2 999.2 | 19.2 (39.2) 99.2 999.2 | 19.3 (39.3) 99.3 999.3 | 19.3 (39.3) 99.3 999.3 | 19.4 (39.4) 99.4 999.4 | 19.4 (39.4) 99.4 999.4 | 19.4 (39.4) 99.4 999.4 | 19.4 (39.4) 99.4 999.4 | 19.5 (39.5) 99.5 999.5 | 19.5 (39.5) 99.5 999.5 | |
| 3 | 10.13 (17.4) 34.1 167.0 | 9.55 (16.0) 30.8 148.5 | 9.28 (15.4) 29.5 141.1 | 9.12 (15.1) 28.7 137.1 | 9.01 (14.9) 28.2 134.6 | 8.94 (14.7) 27.9 132.8 | 8.89 (14.6) 27.7 131.5 | 8.85 (14.5) 27.5 130.6 | 8.79 (14.4) 27.2 129.2 | 8.74 (14.3) 27.1 128.3 | 8.64 (14.1) 26.6 125.9 | 8.53 (13.9) 26.1 123.5 | |
| 4 | 7.71 (12.22) 21.2 74.14 | 6.94 (10.65) 18.0 61.25 | 6.59 (9.98) 16.7 56.18 | 6.39 (9.60) 16.0 53.44 | 6.26 (9.36) 15.5 51.71 | 6.16 (9.20) 15.2 50.53 | 6.09 (9.07) 15.0 49.66 | 6.04 (8.98) 14.8 49.00 | 5.96 (8.84) 14.5 48.05 | 5.91 (8.75) 14.4 47.41 | 5.77 (8.51) 13.9 45.77 | 5.63 (8.26) 13.5 44.05 | |
| 5 | 6.61 (10.01) 16.26 47.18 | 5.79 (8.43) 13.27 37.12 | 5.41 (7.76) 12.06 33.20 | 5.19 (7.39) 11.39 31.09 | 5.05 (7.15) 10.97 29.75 | 4.95 (6.98) 10.67 28.83 | 4.88 (6.85) 10.46 28.16 | 4.82 (6.76) 10.29 27.65 | 4.74 (6.62) 10.05 26.92 | 4.68 (6.52) 9.89 26.42 | 4.53 (6.28) 9.47 25.14 | 4.36 (6.02) 9.02 23.79 | |
| 6 | 5.99 (8.81) 13.74 35.51 | 5.14 (7.26) 10.92 27.00 | 4.76 (6.60) 9.78 23.70 | 4.53 (6.23) 9.15 21.92 | 4.39 (5.99) 8.75 20.80 | 4.28 (5.82) 8.47 20.03 | 4.21 (5.70) 8.26 19.46 | 4.15 (5.60) 8.10 19.03 | 4.06 (5.46) 7.87 18.41 | 4.00 (5.37) 7.72 17.99 | 3.84 (5.12) 7.31 16.90 | 3.67 (4.85) 6.88 15.75 | |
| 7 | 5.59 (8.07) 12.25 29.25 | 4.74 (6.54) 9.55 21.69 | 4.35 (5.89) 8.45 18.77 | 4.12 (5.52) 7.85 17.20 | 3.97 (5.29) 7.46 16.21 | 3.87 (5.12) 7.19 15.52 | 3.79 (4.99) 6.99 15.02 | 3.73 (4.90) 6.84 14.63 | 3.64 (4.76) 6.62 14.08 | 3.57 (4.67) 6.47 13.71 | 3.41 (4.42) 6.07 12.73 | 3.23 (4.14) 5.65 11.70 | |
| 8 | 5.32 (7.57) 11.26 25.42 | 4.46 (6.06) 8.65 18.49 | 4.07 (5.42) 7.59 15.83 | 3.84 (5.05) 7.01 14.39 | 3.69 (4.82) 6.63 13.48 | 3.58 (4.65) 6.37 12.86 | 3.50 (4.53) 6.18 12.40 | 3.44 (4.43) 6.03 12.05 | 3.35 (4.30) 5.81 11.54 | 3.28 (4.20) 5.67 11.19 | 3.12 (3.95) 5.28 10.30 | 2.93 (3.67) 4.86 9.34 | |
| 9 | 5.12 (7.21) 10.56 22.86 | 4.26 (5.71) 8.02 16.39 | 3.86 (5.08) 6.99 13.90 | 3.63 (4.72) 6.42 12.56 | 3.48 (4.48) 6.06 11.71 | 3.37 (4.32) 5.80 11.13 | 3.29 (4.20) 5.61 10.69 | 3.23 (4.10) 5.47 10.37 | 3.14 (3.96) 5.26 9.87 | 3.07 (3.87) 5.11 9.57 | 2.90 (3.61) 4.73 8.72 | 2.71 (3.33) 4.31 7.81 | |
| 10 | 4.96 (6.94) 10.04 21.04 | 4.10 (5.46) 7.56 14.91 | 3.71 (4.83) 6.55 12.55 | 3.48 (4.47) 5.99 11.28 | 3.33 (4.24) 5.64 10.48 | 3.22 (4.07) 5.39 9.93 | 3.14 (3.95) 5.20 9.52 | 3.07 (3.85) 5.06 9.20 | 2.98 (3.72) 4.85 8.74 | 2.91 (3.62) 4.71 8.44 | 2.74 (3.37) 4.33 7.64 | 2.54 (3.08) 3.91 6.76 | |
| 11 | 4.84 (6.72) 9.65 19.69 | 3.98 (5.26) 7.21 13.81 | 3.59 (4.63) 6.22 11.56 | 3.36 (4.28) 5.67 10.35 | 3.20 (4.04) 5.32 9.58 | 3.09 (3.88) 5.07 9.05 | 3.01 (3.76) 4.89 8.66 | 2.95 (3.66) 4.74 8.35 | 2.85 (3.53) 4.54 7.92 | 2.79 (3.43) 4.40 7.63 | 2.61 (3.17) 4.02 6.85 | 2.40 (2.88) 3.60 6.00 | |
| 12 | 4.75 (6.55) 9.33 18.64 | 3.89 (5.10) 6.93 12.97 | 3.49 (4.47) 5.95 10.80 | 3.26 (4.12) 5.41 9.63 | 3.11 (3.89) 5.06 8.89 | 3.00 (3.73) 4.82 8.38 | 2.91 (3.61) 4.64 8.00 | 2.85 (3.51) 4.50 7.71 | 2.75 (3.37) 4.30 7.29 | 2.69 (3.28) 4.16 7.00 | 2.51 (3.02) 3.78 6.25 | 2.30 (2.72) 3.36 5.42 | |
| 13 | 4.67 (6.41) 9.07 17.82 | 3.81 (4.97) 6.70 12.31 | 3.41 (4.35) 5.74 10.21 | 3.18 (4.00) 5.21 9.07 | 3.03 (3.77) 4.86 8.35 | 2.92 (3.60) 4.62 7.86 | 2.83 (3.48) 4.44 7.49 | 2.77 (3.39) 4.30 7.21 | 2.67 (3.25) 4.10 6.80 | 2.60 (3.15) 3.96 6.52 | 2.42 (2.89) 3.59 5.78 | 2.21 (2.60) 3.17 4.97 | |

* Entries marked thus must be multiplied by 100

BASIC DISTRIBUTIONS AND SIGNIFICANCE TABLES

19

| $\nu_2 \backslash \nu_1$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 24 | α |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 14 | 4.60 (6.30) 8.86 17.14 | 3.74 (4.66) 6.51 11.78 | 3.34 (4.24) 5.56 9.73 | 3.11 (3.89) 5.04 8.62 | 2.95 (3.66) 4.70 7.92 | 2.85 (3.50) 4.46 7.44 | 2.76 (3.38) 4.28 7.08 | 2.70 (3.29) 4.14 6.80 | 2.60 (3.15) 3.94 6.40 | 2.53 (3.05) 3.80 6.13 | 2.35 (2.79) 3.43 5.41 | 2.13 (2.49) 3.00 4.60 |
| 16 | 4.49 (6.12) 8.53 16.12 | 3.63 (4.69) 6.23 11.27 | 3.24 (4.08) 5.29 9.01 | 3.01 (3.73) 4.77 7.94 | 2.85 (3.50) 4.44 7.27 | 2.74 (3.34) 4.20 6.80 | 2.66 (3.22) 4.03 6.46 | 2.59 (3.12) 3.89 6.19 | 2.49 (2.99) 3.69 5.81 | 2.42 (2.89) 3.55 5.55 | 2.24 (2.63) 3.18 4.85 | 2.01 (2.32) 2.75 4.06 |
| 18 | 4.41 (5.98) 8.29 15.38 | 3.55 (4.56) 6.01 10.39 | 3.16 (3.95) 5.09 8.49 | 2.93 (3.61) 4.58 7.46 | 2.77 (3.32) 4.25 6.81 | 2.66 (3.22) 4.01 6.35 | 2.58 (3.10) 3.84 6.02 | 2.51 (3.01) 3.71 5.76 | 2.41 (2.87) 3.51 5.39 | 2.34 (2.77) 3.37 5.13 | 2.15 (2.50) 3.00 4.45 | 1.92 (2.19) 2.57 3.67 |
| 20 | 4.35 (5.87) 8.10 14.82 | 3.49 (4.46) 5.85 9.95 | 3.10 (3.86) 4.94 8.10 | 2.87 (3.51) 4.43 7.10 | 2.71 (3.29) 4.10 6.46 | 2.60 (3.13) 3.87 6.02 | 2.51 (3.01) 3.70 5.69 | 2.45 (2.91) 3.56 5.44 | 2.35 (2.77) 3.37 5.08 | 2.28 (2.68) 3.23 4.82 | 2.08 (2.41) 2.86 4.15 | 1.84 (2.09) 2.42 3.38 |
| 22 | 4.30 (5.79) 7.95 14.38 | 3.44 (4.36) 5.72 9.61 | 3.05 (3.78) 4.82 7.80 | 2.82 (3.44) 4.31 6.81 | 2.66 (3.22) 3.99 6.19 | 2.55 (3.05) 3.76 5.76 | 2.46 (2.93) 3.59 5.44 | 2.40 (2.84) 3.45 5.19 | 2.30 (2.70) 3.26 4.83 | 2.23 (2.60) 3.12 4.58 | 2.03 (2.33) 2.75 3.92 | 1.78 (2.00) 2.31 3.15 |
| 24 | 4.26 (5.72) 7.82 14.03 | 3.40 (4.32) 5.61 9.34 | 3.01 (3.72) 4.72 7.55 | 2.78 (3.38) 4.22 6.59 | 2.62 (3.15) 3.90 5.98 | 2.51 (2.99) 3.67 5.55 | 2.42 (2.87) 3.50 5.23 | 2.36 (2.78) 3.36 4.99 | 2.25 (2.64) 3.17 4.64 | 2.18 (2.54) 3.03 4.39 | 1.98 (2.27) 2.66 3.74 | 1.73 (1.94) 2.21 2.97 |
| 26 | 4.23 (5.66) 7.72 13.74 | 3.37 (4.27) 5.53 9.12 | 2.98 (3.67) 4.64 7.36 | 2.74 (3.33) 4.14 6.41 | 2.59 (3.10) 3.82 5.80 | 2.47 (2.94) 3.59 5.38 | 2.39 (2.82) 3.42 5.07 | 2.32 (2.73) 3.29 4.83 | 2.22 (2.59) 3.09 4.48 | 2.15 (2.49) 2.96 4.24 | 1.95 (2.22) 2.58 3.59 | 1.69 (1.88) 2.13 2.82 |
| 28 | 4.20 (5.61) 7.64 13.50 | 3.34 (4.22) 5.45 8.93 | 2.95 (3.63) 4.57 7.19 | 2.71 (3.29) 4.07 6.25 | 2.56 (3.06) 3.75 5.66 | 2.45 (2.90) 3.53 5.24 | 2.36 (2.78) 3.36 4.93 | 2.29 (2.69) 3.23 4.69 | 2.19 (2.55) 3.03 4.35 | 2.12 (2.45) 2.90 4.11 | 1.91 (2.17) 2.52 3.46 | 1.65 (1.83) 2.06 2.69 |
| 30 | 4.17 (5.57) 7.56 13.29 | 3.32 (4.16) 5.39 8.77 | 2.92 (3.59) 4.51 7.05 | 2.69 (3.25) 4.02 6.12 | 2.53 (3.03) 3.70 5.53 | 2.42 (2.87) 3.47 5.12 | 2.33 (2.75) 3.30 4.82 | 2.27 (2.65) 3.17 4.58 | 2.16 (2.51) 2.98 4.24 | 2.09 (2.41) 2.84 4.00 | 1.89 (2.14) 2.47 3.36 | 1.62 (1.79) 2.01 2.59 |
| 40 | 4.08 (5.42) 7.31 12.61 | 3.23 (4.05) 5.18 8.25 | 2.84 (3.46) 4.31 6.59 | 2.61 (3.13) 3.83 5.70 | 2.45 (2.90) 3.51 5.13 | 2.34 (2.74) 3.29 4.73 | 2.25 (2.62) 3.12 4.44 | 2.18 (2.53) 2.99 4.21 | 2.08 (2.39) 2.80 3.87 | 2.00 (2.29) 2.66 3.64 | 1.79 (2.01) 2.29 3.01 | 1.51 (1.64) 1.80 2.23 |
| 60 | 4.00 (5.29) 7.08 11.97 | 3.15 (3.93) 4.93 7.77 | 2.76 (3.34) 4.13 6.17 | 2.53 (3.01) 3.65 5.31 | 2.37 (2.79) 3.34 4.76 | 2.25 (2.63) 3.12 4.37 | 2.17 (2.51) 2.95 4.09 | 2.10 (2.41) 2.82 3.86 | 1.99 (2.27) 2.63 3.54 | 1.92 (2.17) 2.50 3.32 | 1.70 (1.88) 2.12 2.69 | 1.39 (1.48) 1.60 1.89 |
| 120 | 3.92 (5.15) 6.85 11.38 | 3.07 (3.80) 4.79 7.32 | 2.68 (3.23) 3.95 5.78 | 2.45 (2.89) 3.48 4.95 | 2.29 (2.67) 3.17 4.42 | 2.18 (2.52) 2.96 4.04 | 2.09 (2.39) 2.79 3.77 | 2.02 (2.30) 2.66 3.55 | 1.91 (2.16) 2.47 3.24 | 1.83 (2.05) 2.34 3.02 | 1.61 (1.76) 1.95 2.40 | 1.25 (1.31) 1.38 1.54 |
| α | 3.84 (5.02) 6.63 10.83 | 3.00 (3.69) 4.61 6.91 | 2.60 (3.12) 3.78 5.42 | 2.37 (2.79) 3.32 4.62 | 2.21 (2.57) 3.02 4.10 | 2.10 (2.41) 2.80 3.74 | 2.01 (2.29) 2.64 3.47 | 1.94 (2.19) 2.51 3.27 | 1.83 (2.05) 2.32 2.96 | 1.75 (1.94) 2.18 2.74 | 1.52 (1.64) 1.79 2.13 | 1.00 (1.00) 1.00 1.00 |

This table is taken from Table V of Fisher & Yates: Statistical Tables for Biological, Agricultural and Medical Research, published by Oliver & Boyd Ltd., Edinburgh, and by permission of the authors and publishers and also from Table 18 of Biometrika Tables for Statisticians, Volume 1, by permission of the Biometrika Trustees.

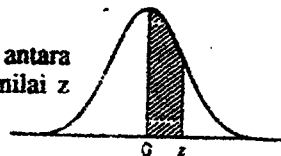
Sifat Nilai-Nilai Gantung Untuk t

| df | Aras keertian untuk ujian satu hujung | | | | | |
|-----|---------------------------------------|-------|--------|--------|--------|---------|
| | .10 | .05 | .025 | .01 | .005 | .0005 |
| | Aras keertian untuk ujian dua hujung | | | | | |
| | .20 | .10 | .05 | .02 | .01 | .001 |
| 1 | 3.078 | 6.314 | 12.708 | 31.821 | 63.657 | 636.619 |
| 2 | 1.886 | 2.920 | 4.303 | 6.965 | 9.925 | 31.598 |
| 3 | 1.638 | 2.353 | 3.182 | 4.541 | 5.841 | 12.941 |
| 4 | 1.533 | 2.132 | 2.776 | 3.747 | 4.604 | 8.610 |
| 5 | 1.476 | 2.015 | 2.571 | 3.386 | 4.032 | 6.859 |
| 6 | 1.440 | 1.943 | 2.447 | 3.143 | 3.707 | 5.959 |
| 7 | 1.415 | 1.895 | 2.365 | 2.998 | 3.499 | 5.405 |
| 8 | 1.397 | 1.860 | 2.306 | 2.896 | 3.355 | 5.041 |
| 9 | 1.383 | 1.833 | 2.262 | 2.821 | 3.250 | 4.781 |
| 10 | 1.372 | 1.812 | 2.228 | 2.764 | 3.169 | 4.587 |
| 11 | 1.363 | 1.796 | 2.201 | 2.718 | 3.106 | 4.437 |
| 12 | 1.356 | 1.782 | 2.179 | 2.681 | 3.055 | 4.318 |
| 13 | 1.350 | 1.771 | 2.160 | 2.650 | 3.012 | 4.221 |
| 14 | 1.345 | 1.761 | 2.145 | 2.624 | 2.977 | 4.140 |
| 15 | 1.341 | 1.753 | 2.131 | 2.602 | 2.947 | 4.073 |
| 16 | 1.337 | 1.746 | 2.120 | 2.583 | 2.921 | 4.015 |
| 17 | 1.333 | 1.740 | 2.110 | 2.567 | 2.898 | 3.965 |
| 18 | 1.330 | 1.734 | 2.101 | 2.552 | 2.878 | 3.922 |
| 19 | 1.328 | 1.729 | 2.093 | 2.539 | 2.861 | 3.883 |
| 20 | 1.325 | 1.725 | 2.086 | 2.528 | 2.845 | 3.850 |
| 21 | 1.323 | 1.721 | 2.080 | 2.518 | 2.831 | 3.819 |
| 22 | 1.321 | 1.717 | 2.074 | 2.508 | 2.819 | 3.792 |
| 23 | 1.319 | 1.714 | 2.069 | 2.500 | 2.807 | 3.767 |
| 24 | 1.318 | 1.711 | 2.064 | 2.492 | 2.797 | 3.745 |
| 25 | 1.316 | 1.708 | 2.060 | 2.485 | 2.787 | 3.725 |
| 26 | 1.315 | 1.706 | 2.056 | 2.479 | 2.779 | 3.707 |
| 27 | 1.314 | 1.703 | 2.052 | 2.473 | 2.771 | 3.690 |
| 28 | 1.313 | 1.701 | 2.048 | 2.467 | 2.763 | 3.674 |
| 29 | 1.311 | 1.699 | 2.045 | 2.462 | 2.756 | 3.659 |
| 30 | 1.310 | 1.697 | 2.042 | 2.457 | 2.750 | 3.646 |
| 40 | 1.303 | 1.684 | 2.021 | 2.423 | 2.704 | 3.551 |
| 60 | 1.296 | 1.671 | 2.000 | 2.390 | 2.660 | 3.460 |
| 120 | 1.289 | 1.658 | 1.980 | 2.358 | 2.617 | 3.373 |
| ∞ | 1.282 | 1.645 | 1.960 | 2.326 | 2.576 | 3.291 |

* Table B is abridged from Table III of Fisher and Yates: *Statistical tables for biological, agricultural, and medical research*, published by Oliver and Boyd Ltd., Edinburgh, by permission of the authors and publishers.

Jadual 2.4: Sifir Keluasan Di Bawah Lengkung Normal Piawai

Nilai di dalam sifir ialah kadaran di bawah lengkung di antara $z = 0$ dan sesuatu nilai z positif. Keluasan bagi nilai-nilai z negatif boleh didapatkan dengan simetri.



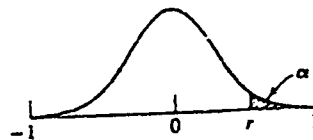
Tempat perpuluhan kedua untuk z

| z | .00 | .01 | .02 | .03 | .04 | .05 | .06 | .07 | .08 | .09 |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 0.0 | .0000 | .0040 | .0080 | .0120 | .0160 | .0199 | .0239 | .0279 | .0319 | .0359 |
| 0.1 | .0398 | .0438 | .0478 | .0517 | .0557 | .0596 | .0636 | .0675 | .0714 | .0753 |
| 0.2 | .0793 | .0832 | .0871 | .0910 | .0948 | .0987 | .1026 | .1064 | .1103 | .1141 |
| 0.3 | .1179 | .1217 | .1255 | .1293 | .1331 | .1368 | .1406 | .1443 | .1480 | .1517 |
| 0.4 | .1554 | .1591 | .1628 | .1664 | .1700 | .1736 | .1772 | .1808 | .1844 | .1879 |
| 0.5 | .1915 | .1950 | .1985 | .2019 | .2054 | .2088 | .2123 | .2157 | .2190 | .2224 |
| 0.6 | .2257 | .2291 | .2324 | .2357 | .2389 | .2422 | .2454 | .2486 | .2517 | .2549 |
| 0.7 | .2580 | .2611 | .2642 | .2673 | .2703 | .2734 | .2764 | .2794 | .2823 | .2852 |
| 0.8 | .2881 | .2910 | .2939 | .2967 | .2995 | .3023 | .3051 | .3078 | .3106 | .3133 |
| 0.9 | .3159 | .3186 | .3212 | .3238 | .3264 | .3289 | .3315 | .3340 | .3365 | .3389 |
| 1.0 | .3413 | .3438 | .3461 | .3485 | .3508 | .3531 | .3554 | .3577 | .3599 | .3621 |
| 1.1 | .3643 | .3665 | .3686 | .3708 | .3729 | .3749 | .3770 | .3790 | .3810 | .3830 |
| 1.2 | .3849 | .3869 | .3888 | .3907 | .3925 | .3944 | .3962 | .3980 | .3997 | .4015 |
| 1.3 | .4032 | .4049 | .4066 | .4082 | .4099 | .4115 | .4131 | .4147 | .4162 | .4177 |
| 1.4 | .4192 | .4207 | .4222 | .4236 | .4251 | .4265 | .4279 | .4292 | .4306 | .4319 |
| 1.5 | .4332 | .4345 | .4357 | .4370 | .4382 | .4394 | .4406 | .4418 | .4429 | .4441 |
| 1.6 | .4452 | .4463 | .4474 | .4484 | .4495 | .4505 | .4515 | .4525 | .4535 | .4545 |
| 1.7 | .4554 | .4564 | .4573 | .4582 | .4591 | .4599 | .4608 | .4616 | .4625 | .4633 |
| 1.8 | .4641 | .4649 | .4656 | .4664 | .4671 | .4678 | .4686 | .4693 | .4699 | .4706 |
| 1.9 | .4713 | .4719 | .4726 | .4732 | .4738 | .4744 | .4750 | .4756 | .4761 | .4767 |
| 2.0 | .4772 | .4778 | .4783 | .4788 | .4793 | .4798 | .4803 | .4808 | .4812 | .4817 |
| 2.1 | .4821 | .4826 | .4830 | .4834 | .4838 | .4842 | .4846 | .4850 | .4854 | .4857 |
| 2.2 | .4861 | .4864 | .4868 | .4871 | .4875 | .4878 | .4881 | .4884 | .4887 | .4890 |
| 2.3 | .4893 | .4896 | .4898 | .4901 | .4904 | .4906 | .4909 | .4911 | .4913 | .4916 |
| 2.4 | .4918 | .4920 | .4922 | .4925 | .4927 | .4929 | .4931 | .4932 | .4934 | .4936 |
| 2.5 | .4938 | .4940 | .4941 | .4943 | .4945 | .4946 | .4948 | .4949 | .4951 | .4952 |
| 2.6 | .4953 | .4955 | .4956 | .4957 | .4959 | .4960 | .4961 | .4962 | .4963 | .4964 |
| 2.7 | .4965 | .4966 | .4967 | .4968 | .4969 | .4970 | .4971 | .4972 | .4973 | .4974 |
| 2.8 | .4974 | .4975 | .4976 | .4977 | .4977 | .4978 | .4979 | .4979 | .4980 | .4981 |
| 2.9 | .4981 | .4982 | .4982 | .4983 | .4984 | .4984 | .4985 | .4985 | .4986 | .4986 |
| 3.0 | .4987 | .4987 | .4987 | .4988 | .4988 | .4989 | .4989 | .4989 | .4990 | .4990 |

From Paul G. Hoel, *Elementary Statistics*, 3rd ed., © 1971, John Wiley and Sons, Inc., New York, p. 287.

Nilai-Nilai Genting Untuk Pekali Korelasi Pearson, r

Untuk ujian dua hujung, α ialah dua kali nilai aras keertian yang tercatat di pangkal sifir setiap lajur untuk nilai-nilai genting bagi r. Misalnya bagi $\alpha = 0.05$, pilih lajur untuk 0.025.



| $n \backslash \alpha$ | 0.05 | 0.025 | 0.010 | 0.005 |
|-----------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 5 | 0.805 | 0.878 | 0.934 | 0.959 |
| 6 | 0.729 | 0.811 | 0.882 | 0.917 |
| 7 | 0.669 | 0.754 | 0.833 | 0.875 |
| 8 | 0.621 | 0.707 | 0.789 | 0.834 |
| 9 | 0.582 | 0.666 | 0.750 | 0.798 |
| 10 | 0.549 | 0.632 | 0.716 | 0.765 |
| 11 | 0.521 | 0.602 | 0.685 | 0.735 |
| 12 | 0.497 | 0.576 | 0.658 | 0.708 |
| 13 | 0.476 | 0.553 | 0.634 | 0.684 |
| 14 | 0.457 | 0.532 | 0.612 | 0.661 |
| 15 | 0.441 | 0.514 | 0.592 | 0.641 |
| 16 | 0.426 | 0.497 | 0.574 | 0.623 |

| $n \backslash \alpha$ | 0.05 | 0.025 | 0.010 | 0.005 |
|-----------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 17 | 0.412 | 0.482 | 0.558 | 0.606 |
| 18 | 0.400 | 0.468 | 0.542 | 0.590 |
| 19 | 0.389 | 0.456 | 0.528 | 0.575 |
| 20 | 0.378 | 0.444 | 0.516 | 0.561 |
| 25 | 0.337 | 0.396 | 0.462 | 0.505 |
| 30 | 0.306 | 0.361 | 0.423 | 0.463 |
| 40 | 0.264 | 0.312 | 0.366 | 0.402 |
| 50 | 0.235 | 0.279 | 0.328 | 0.361 |
| 60 | 0.214 | 0.254 | 0.300 | 0.330 |
| 80 | 0.185 | 0.220 | 0.260 | 0.286 |
| 100 | 0.165 | 0.196 | 0.232 | 0.256 |

Tables VI dan VII are from Paul G. Hoel, *Elementary Statistics*, 3rd ed., © 1971, John Wiley and Sons, Inc., New York, pp. 289, 292 - 294.